The New-York Times.

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IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Europa off Cape Race.

CULMINATION OF THE NEAPOLITAN WAR.

FLIGHT OF THE KING TO GAETA.

Garibaldi Within Twenty Miles of the Capital.

OUTBREAK IN THE PAPAL STATES.

A Piedmontese Army in Occupation of the Marches.

DISCOVERY OF A CONSPIRACY IN VENETIA.

Interesting Details by the Jura and Kangaroo.

The R. M. Steamship *Europa* from Liverpool on Saturday the 8th inst., *via* Queenstown 9th, passed Cape Race at half-past seven o'clock on Monday evening. She was boarded by the yacht of the Associated Press and the following summary of her news was obtained:

The screw steamship *Kangaroo* from Liverpool at noon on the 5th, and Queenstown on the 6th, arrived at this port last evening; and the mails by the *Jura*, whose arrival at Quebec has been announced, also reached this city yesterday.

The details by these arrivals are of an interesting character; and the telegraphic summary of the *Europa's* news, which is two days later, is quite important.

The Galway line is advertised to run monthly, the *Connaught* sailing on the 25th of September, being the first vessel under the new arrangement.

Mr. Lindsay, who has instructions relative to shipping negotiations with the United States, is a passenger in the *Europa*.

Garibaldi landed at Salerno on the 5th, and was expected at Naples at any moment. *The General was at La Cava on the 6th—only 25 miles from the capital.* The advance guard of his army arrived at Salerno on the 6th.

A battle was considered likely on the 7th, between Ocora and Salerno. The Royal troops occupied a strong position, and it was said in case of defeat would retire upon Gaeta.

The Queen of Spain has offered the King of Naples a refuge in Spain, which the latter accepted.

The Brigade Caldarell is reported to have passed over to Garibaldi.

Turin journals denounce the position of the troops of Lamoricière, and call on the Pope to disband his foreign mercenaries.

It was rumored that Count Cavour had sent a note to Rome announcing that any movements of the Pontifical troops beyond the Roman frontiers would be considered an act of intervention, and that Piedmont would, in such case, consider herself justified in occupying the Marches.

The following latest dispatch is received *via* Queenstown: London, Sunday, Sept. 9.

"*Insurrectionary movements have broken out at Pesaro* and the Insurgents have attacked and defeated the Papal troops.

The *Opinione Nationale*, of Turin, of the 8th, says *the first column of the volunteers enter the Marches to-day*."

Dispatches from Naples to the evening of the 6th inst. announce *that the King left there for Gaeta that day* on board a Spanish vessel. Before leaving he reduced the penalties of the prisoners.

The London *Times*, editorially, says that the King has gone to Gaeta *only to consider whether he will fly to Madrid or Vienna*; that Naples is as good as lost, and that the turn of Rome must come next.

It was reported that Prince Metternich would be Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs, but the rumor was contradicted.

It was reported that 35,000 Austrians had received orders to leave Vienna for Trieste.

Recent disturbances at Udine, in Venetia, had led to the discovery of *a great conspiracy favorable to Garibaldi, and numerous arrests were made.*

A general meeting of the National Union at Coburg unanimously adopted as a programme the transfer of the central power to Prussia and the Convention of a German Parliament.

The Grand Duke of Mecklenberg-Strelitz is dead.

The weather in England continued fine and the harvest in the Southern counties was nearly completed, and the result exceeds expectation. Operations have commenced in the more Northern counties with encouraging prospects.

Earl Granville was *en route* for Madrid, and it was reported that he has a mission relative to the Slave-trade.

The number of English volunteers offering for Garibaldi was so great that funds could not be raised fast enough to send them to Naples.

It was reported that the French Government had sent a diplomatic note to Switzerland, relative to the outrages at Geneva on the French flag. The outrage in question was perpetrated by a Swiss mob during a violation of Swiss territory by Savoyards going in procession to congratulate the Emperor.

The weather was fine in Paris, but floods and hurricanes are reported in the provinces.

The Bourse was quiet, but rather firmer, on the 7th inst., closing at f.67 95c.

DETAILS BY THE JURA AND KANGAROO.

THE SIGNAL SUCCESSES OF GARIBALDI.

From the London Times.

Only a few days ago the position of Garibaldi in Calabria seemed an anxious one. Even his friends were beginning to look gloomy, and to prophecy ill. "You expect too much from Garibaldi," they told us; "he is a hero, and he has a great deal of luck, too, but he cannot do everything." It was a question whether he had not undertaken an impracticable scheme. Let him get his 20,000 men over the Straits, what was he to do with them there? The Neapolitan war steamers would infallibly sink his flotilla of fishing-boats at sea; by land he had at least a twenty days' march over sandy, dusty tracks, miscalled roads, not smooth enough even for carriages, and making the conveyance of artillery an Herculean feat; he had before him this march under a broiling Calabrian sun, when the brooks were dried up, and under circumstances which threatened fever or cholera. People therefore appeared to have gathered too much from the remarkable facilities of starting which Garibaldi's Sicilian position gave him for his Neapolitan invasion. Any fisherman's boat, aided by a fresh wind, can throw herself upon the Calabrian coast almost in sight of the cruisers. It is only two miles across. So, party after party, of 250 or more—Major Corte's, Major Missori's, and others—had crossed the Straits before Garibaldi. On landing they had at once gone up the Apennine ridge, which ascends almost immediately from the coast, out of all reach of the Royal troops, lived as they could with the aid of the bounty of the peasantry, and descended when an occasion offered upon a coast fort. Garibaldi himself, after these experiments of landing had been tried and succeeded, followed with 1,500 men—the nucleus of an army; and the junction of those first landed, together with Bertani's corps from Genoa, which would join him from Melazzo, would enable him to commence his invasion with an army of between 4,000 and 5,000, all the rest of the Volunteers that could be spared subsequently crossing the Straits as occasion presented itself. But when his army was collected his difficulties seemed to begin, and, with an extraordinary facility for dodging the Neapolitan cruisers and getting a footing on the mainland, he appeared to be met by the anxious alternative which has been mentioned—an ominous prospect, which was added to by the double failure of Missori's detachment at the Forts of Altafiumara and Bagnara.

Four days, however, have been enough to dismiss all these gloomy prognostications, and to present Garibaldi as the possessor of the whole Calabrian side of the Straits. The capture of Reggio was achieved in masterly style, the Garibaldian army attacking the town on different sides at once, so that the Neapolitan troops had their retreat cut off in all directions, and the division which fled from Bixio found itself rushing into the arms of Garibaldi, who was entering at the opposite end of the town. Meantime the first cannon-shots had been the signal for a general crossing from the Faro Point. Cosenz had got everything ready, and ninety boats full of men made a rush for the opposite coast, escaping the notice of the only Neapolitan steamer at the entrance of the Straits, the attack on Reggio having called off the rest. "Both the steamers from Reggio, and the one from above, made a race to overtake the boats; but all they could do was to send shots on to the beach, and shatter the empty boats, while the troops they contained took a position on the heights." It was indeed quick work, such as the Royal war steamers of Naples are not accustomed to see. Whole bodies of volunteers who were on Sicilian ground when the attack on Reggio commenced were in "before the death," and greatly assisted the triumphant work by calling off the war steamers from the attacked town, which might otherwise have considerably assisted the defence. "The town was clear in less than two hours from the time the first fire began." The fort alone remained. It answered with grape and round shot till the rifles of Missori's corps from the opposite height drove the Neapolitans from their guns, and the death of their commander caused the appearance of the white flag.

This signal piece of success at once gave 8 field pieces, 6 32-pounders, 18 position guns, and 500 stand of arms, besides a quantity of coal, ammunition and provisions, to the invading force; but it did more—it incapacitated the whole of the Neapolitan line of defence in the rear. A succession of forts from Reggio to Scylla, mounting on the average from 15 to 20 guns, are only strong towards the sea, and almost wholly overlook the attack from land. The first of these forts, then, taken, the rest fell one after another with hardly an effort, and the result is that the whole Calabrese side of the Straits is now in Garibaldi's hands. He therefore commands each side of the Straits, and has an unassailable communication with Sicily as a basis of his Neapolitan invasion. The capture of Gen. Briganti's Division, from the skill with which it was achieved, and the use to which it was immediately turned, will, besides adding immensely to his military reputation, attach extraordinary popularity to the name of Garibaldi wherever the members of the captured and dispersed corps may be scattered. Surrounded before he perceived it, Gen. Briganti "opened out with his four guns, as well as with musketry. No answer from our side; Garibaldi had expressly forbidden it. Defeat was not enough; the object was surrender. The Neapolitans could indulge in no illusions; they were surrounded on all sides, and had the sea behind them." A *parlementaire*, after some delay, came to accept the condition of surrender, and the opportunity was presented, which Garibaldi immediately turned to account. "Garibaldi himself went down among the Neapolitans, and was almost torn in pieces by hugging and embracing; soldier and officer, together with Gen. Briganti himself, fraternized. But it was when the Neapolitan soldiers were told that those who wished could go home that the burst of joy was greatest. They left their arms, and went off in troops." This act will doubtless tell as much for Garibaldi as any piece of military success he has achieved, and the Neapolitan soldiers on their return to their homes and families will circulate the praises of their generous deliverer over the whole kingdom of Naples.

Garibaldi has now a first-rate position as an invader. He has achieved great feats at starting, and has more than confirmed his enormous prestige; he has had and has used opportunities of extending his popularity. The accounts represent the feeling of the Calabrians as being most favorable to him—much more so even than that of the Sicilians. Above all, Garibaldi's own mastery over the heart and will of his own troops is complete. No interval of suspense or anxiety, no dimness or haze that has ever gathered over the prospects of the expedition, has been able to extract a doubt or fear from them. The sky may be darkened for a time, and a mist may gather over the road, but they all feel to a man quite certain that their General sees his way. They trust him implicitly for bringing them safe out of any difficulty, and look upon all intermediate obstructions that block up the path of the expedition at any particular turn only as parts of a general field which he has estimated, and as so much retarding matter which he has taken into account. Such an estimate of a General is invaluable to him. It is one of the best ingredients in the success of any expedition, and Garibaldi, with a name which fascinates both friends and foes, the invaders and the invaded, has as clear a ground before him as any invader ever had.

SARDINIAN INTERVENTION IN NAPLES.

Correspondence of the London Times.

Paris, Tuesday, Sept. 4.

Sardinia is about to concentrate a considerable force on the frontiers of the Pope's territory, with the double object of checking any Mazzinian or Garibaldian movement towards Venetia, and of being in readiness to act against Lamoricière, should his proceedings seem to justify or require their assuming the aggressive. Signor Farini has gone to Florence, and his mission is understood to be directed against the apprehended movements and possible preponderance of the Mazzinians in Southern Italy. The command of the force to be stationed on the southern frontier of the Sardinian States will be confided, it is believed, to Cialdini; but it is thought probable that, if the probability of serious work in that quarter increased, and danger appeared imminent, the Minister of War himself, Gen. Fanti, would place himself at the head of the army. The forces in Lombardy are under the command of Gen. La Marmora. You will observe how complicated is the situation, and how difficult the position of the Sardinian Government, which has to repress the restless efforts of the Democrats, to be in readiness to measure swords with Lamoricière, and at the same time to keep an eye on Austria, and be on its guard against any sudden freak of Francis Joseph. For, although we are assured from Vienna that no aggressive step will be taken by that Power, and although every Austrian statesman worthy of the name may be expected to shun a repetition of last year's fatal error, it is believed that the military party in that country is capable of any act of madness; and it is not forgotten that the Emperor himself, passionate, impulsive, and a Slave to exaggerated *amour-propre*, is but too prone to listen to its dangerous suggestions. And in the presence of the immense force now congregated in Venetia, the Turin Cabinet would not be justified in leaving that frontier otherwise than strongly guarded. Considering, then, the large number of troops Sardinia requires within her own territory, it appears very doubtful whether there was much foundation for recent reports of her intention to send a strong force to Naples. The first shipment of bersaglieri was, I believe, but of one battalion, although it was generally stated at the time to be two. It is known that two other battalions left a very few days ago, and a letter in the *Débats* of the 31st of August talks of five or six steamers having been chartered by the Sardinian Government, with a view, it was believed, to the transport of troops. A letter I have received from Turin, proceeding from a supporter of the Government—but, at the same time, from a sincere and honorable source—expresses the conviction that no large force will be sent to Naples. If the party of order—and, I presume is meant, of annexation to Sardinia—proved dominant there, it is probable a few battalions would be landed to garrison the forts. If, on the other hand, the democrats got the upper hand, and Garibaldi were compelled to go with them, then it is urged Sardinia could not spare a sufficiently large army to resist the movement, even if it were considered advisable and proper to set Italians against Italians. She would then probably content herself with watching her own frontier, and with standing ready to bar the passage through her territories of a revolutionary army bent upon attacking Venetia. In Turin, judging from what is communicated to me thence, it is believed that Garibaldi desires to uphold the party of order, and to work with and by it. But in such an enterprise as his it is difficult to pick and choose one's instruments and allies, and far easier to set the stone rolling than to check it at will.

FRANCE AND THE POPEDOM.

Count de Persigny, on the occasion of laying the foundation stone of the new church at Roanne, made another speech, of which the following is the text:

Monsieur le Cure and Gentlemen—I thank you for the flattering words which you have addressed to me, and above all for the honor of being invited to lay the first stone of the church which the piety of the faithful of this town has been so eagerly looking for. In conferring this honor upon a political man who is only received in his natal department with so much consideration because his fellow-citizens are pleased to regard him at this moment as the representative of the Emperor, you are persuaded that the Government is the natural protector of religion and its ministers, and you are right. [Applause.] The devotedness of the Emperor for the church is so great that it can afford to despise that immense injustice which lately alarmed Catholicism and astonished the world. [Loud applause.] Allow me to say a word to you on this subject. I need not remind you that it was the Emperor who restored the Pope to Rome, and who to this hour keeps him there by the sword of France. [Explosion of bravos.] I now come at once to the Italian war. At that period the States of the Church were partly occupied by France and partly by Austria, with a view to maintain the sovereignty of the Holy Father. The mission of the two armies, in presence of the events which occurred in the North of Italy, was to maintain a neutral attitude, and to await the issue of events. Now how was this duty fulfilled on the one side and on the other? It was this: while France was faithful to her mission and protected that part of the territory of the Church which was committed to her charge, Austria, hoping to use against us the forces which she had in the Legations, deserted that part of the Pontifical States which she had undertaken to protect, and the consequence was that the Pope lost the Romagnas. [Reiterated applause.] But this abandonment of the Pontifical territory was not prosperous for Austria—[profound sensation]—for soon after she was beaten at Solferino and forced to make peace. [Applause.] Now, the basis of that peace—a basis imposed by the nature of things, by the state of the public mind, and by the attitude of all Europe—was, that all and any intervention in Italy was thenceforth prohibited, whether by France or Austria, so that the Romagnas having been abandoned by Austria, and the Pope not being able to reconquer that country, either with the aid of Austria, France, or any other power, that province was evidently lost to the Holy See. It was then, and under these trying circumstances, that the Emperor, in his exalted wisdom and out of his devotedness, and enlightened as it is sincere, for the Holy Father—[applause]—made that famous proposal against which so much unjust clamour has been raised. Now, what was that proposal? It was simply the salvation of the temporal power of the Pope—it was the simplest combination possible, and at the same time the one most comformable to the end in view—namely, the independence and dignity of the HolySee. [You shall judge for yourselves. The Emperor saw that by the irremediable mistake of Austria the Romagnas were irrevocably lost—for the Pope wished at least that if this province was to be united to Piedmont it should be governed in the Pope's name, in order that within the limits of possibility the rights of the Holy See might be observed and respected. But this is not all. At the same time that the Emperor yielded to an imperious necessity he stipulated for an immense advantage for the Pope, for, in exchange for the sacrifice which his Holiness was to make, the Emperor offered him a guarantee for his remaining possessions by all Europe, or, at least, on the part of all Catholic powers. [Prolonged applause.] These wise and noble proposals—[bravo, bravo,]—may have been for a time misrepresented by ignorance, error, and the malice of parties veiled under the mask of religion, but there is nothing astonishing in that. I can, however, tell you, gentlemen, that in the eyes of all political men of any weight in Europe, these proposals were regarded as the most convincing proof of the Emperor's devotion to the Holy Father. All the enemies of the Papacy rejoiced when they were rejected, and in all human probability, if this had been accepted, Italy would at this hour have been at peace, and the Court of Rome freed from all danger. [Applause.] Ah! gentlemen, while I am laying the first stone of this Church of Notre Dame des Victoires, the name of which is of such happy augury, let us pray God to protect the Holy Father, to preserve him from the dangers which environ him, and the most redoubtable of which are not the armed attacks of his enemies—for the sword of the eldest son of the Church, disdaining his blasphemers, continues to guard the august person of the Pontiff and the venerated throne of the Holy See. [Prolonged applause and loud acclamation.]

BRITISH HARVEST PROSPECTS.

From the London Times.

The weather has not materially damaged the harvest. That conclusion, which two experienced correspondents have announced in our pages, seems now confirmed by the daily reports from the country and the unerring indications of the markets. It has been even said that the wheat crop will be as good as that of 1859, and, although other authorities have predicted a certain deficiency, it is agreed on all hands that the failure will be nothing like what was anticipated, and that a fortnight's fair weather at this juncture will see us well through the crisis. Already, indeed, in some parts of the country there has been a good week of sunshine, and many an acre's crop must have been securely housed. When we turn for an explanation of this apparent anomaly, we are not long in obtaining it. Although the rain was excessive it has not been often continuous,—every third or fourth day brought a little respite; and the showers, too, though almost tropical in violence, were very partial in extent. One parish was often dry, while another, five miles off, was drenched. This gave the crops time to recover themselves, and the opportunities were providentially furnished just when they were most urgently needed. When the wet first set in it was very timely, and the land was all the better for it. When the short burst of fine weather followed in July, the wheat was just blossoming, and that critical process was favored by an unusually brilliant month. Then came the rain again, but not without such glimpses of sunshine as permitted the crops to ripen; and now, just as they are ripe, we are blessed with a return of such weather as will enable us, we trust, to get them safely in. It is asserted, indeed, that if this year's harvest can only be well secured, it will be of particularly good quality. The ears are said to be full and the grain heavy—unshrivelled by excess of heat, and not ripened before its time.

This is a pleasing prospect after our late alarms, and it may be contemplated, we think, with some confidence, although, of course, much has yet to be done before the harvest will be actually safe. But, even if the failure of our crops had been as serious as was anticipated, the means of supplying our deficiencies were most abundant. In the great corn-producing countries of the world the harvest has been excellent,—in America rich beyond example. It is curious to read that in the United States the complaint, if any, has been of drought; but, though want of rain has rather injured the agriculturists of Missouri and Kansas, the Northwestern States have been astonishingly productive. Altogether, the American crop of 1860 is said to exceed by 29,000,000 bushels that of 1859, and by 70,000,000 that of 1858, while the number of bushels available for exportation or store, after the home demand has been satisfied, is computed to be 74,000,000. In France there is probably no surplus produce, though the harvest, upon the whole, has been better than was expected; in Spain the crops have been heavy; in Russia and the Baltic provinces generally good.

We need not say how much must still depend on a continuance of the fine weather which we have enjoyed for the last few days. We may already, it is true, assure ourselves that the harvest will not be so bad as we feared, but in some districts it has hardly yet commenced, although in others it is all but completed. What is instructive in the case is the evidence thus given of the visitations which the wheat crop can sustain with impunity, or, perhaps, we should rather say, of the blindness with which man may regard the operations of Providence. We thought that the corn must be germinating under the excessive wet, whereas we are now told that it is actually safer in this respect than it was last year. All this while, too, the weather was really extraordinary. The popular opinion on this point was no delusion. There was little sun, little warmth, a perfect tempest of winds, and a deluge of rain; yet the corn grew in its season, and blossomed in its season, and ripened in its season. It covers our fields at this moment with an average harvest, and as we look at these kindly fruits of the earth which have been produced for our support, we have only to pray that in due time we may be enabled to enjoy them.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN RAILWAYS.

From the London Spectator.

Even with these qualifications, we English, who take so great a pride in the prosperity of our country, in the returns of capital invested upon our own land, and in the certainty of our commercial transactions, may look with some respect upon the actual results of railway enterprise in the United States. Considering the immense spread of the American territory, it is not surprising that the extent of railroad should exceed ours, as it does—26,210 miles there against 9,119 here. But the comparison holds good even with regard to population; for every million of people in England there are 378 miles of railway open; in the United States, 674. The Americans manage to make their railways cheaper for all classes; the average charge for first-class carriages in England is 2d. per mile; in America, 1d. The charge for second-class passengers there is one-third of our average, and third-class passengers a trifle more than one-third. Yet it is notorious that in convenience and comfort the American carriages greatly exceed the English. The total cost of all the railways in use in England is £304,000,000, in America, £216,000,000. There, 26,000 miles have cost little more than two-thirds of the money paid for 9,000 here. In America, there has been a larger draught upon capital for the purpose of constructing and working, and what are the returns? Capt. Galton states the net earnings for English railways at 4.1 per cent., for American railways at 6.7 per cent. At the recent meetings, the dividends declared by our great railway companies have scarcely supported the standard of these statistics; the dividend of the Great Northern was 2½; of the Great Western, 3; Brighton and South Coast, 4½; Northwestern, 2½ per cent. We have alluded to the fluctuations of American railways, but we may observe that, not long since, our Northwestern dividends were at a much higher per centage, the Great Western down at 2; while last year the Brighton dividend was 6 per cent. If we compare the aggregate of several railways in the two countries, the results are even more striking. We take fifty English railways, including the metropolitan lines, and fifty American railways in what we may call the midland district. Here we find that, as usual, the cost of the English exceeds the American, being 247 millions sterling here against 54½ millions there. The gross revenue in England is 20 millions, in America, nearly 9½. The aggregate net revenue in England is 10½ millions; in America, nearly 4½ millions. But what is the dividend per cent.?—for that is the point which most concerns the shareholder—it is, in England, 4.25 per cent.; in America, 8.06 per cent.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN SHIPPING.

MR. LINDSAY'S MISSION TO THE UNITED STATES.

At a meeting of the General Shipowner's Society, held in London on the 4th of September, the following resolution was passed:

That this meeting has heard with great surprise a report that Mr. W. S. Lindsay, M. P., being about to proceed to the United States of America, is invested with some vague and undefined authority to communicate with the Government of that country on subjects of the highest importance to British Navigation and the interests of British shipowners. That, convinced that such an irregular interference in subjects of high State policy by a private individual is calculated rather to retard than advance the attainment of that reciprocity which Great Britain has a right to expect from America in return for the enormous advantages conceded to that country by the repeal of the British Navigation Laws, and convinced also that Mr. Lindsay does not possess the confidence of the British Shipping interest, and is, consequently, peculiarly disqualified for so delicate and importanta mission, it deprecates the delegation to him of any public authority whatever on the subject referred to. That the Committee be requested to transmit a copy of this resolution to the Right Honorable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade.

Mr. Seymour, who moved the resolution, said he had observed in one of the morning papers that Mr. Lindsay disclaimed being invested with any authority by Her Majesty's Government, yet that disclaimer was robbed of all weight by the fact that Mr. Cobden might have written in a similar strain at this time last year; and seeing the lamentable effects of Mr. Cobden's interference in a matter which he professed to know something about, when he recollected Mr. Lindsay's antecedents, he must protest against his being regarded as the representative of the Shipping Interest in any negotiations that might take place with the United States. [Cheers.] Why, no longer ago than December last, they found him telling the great meeting of shipowners assembled at the London Tavern, that they did not know what they were asking for, and that reciprocity was the worst sort of protection they could have. How, then, could we send him to the United States to ask the Federal Government for that reciprocity and those advantages which we have lavishly bestowed upon them? There was one quality however, even in Mr. Lindsay, which shipowner would do well to imitate. It was that of perseverance. Mr. Lindsay was a remarkable specimen of a persevering man in all that concerned his self-interest, and that regardless of other interests which he professed to support. [Hear, hear.] Let British shipowners, therefore, persist in demanding the concession of their just rights, and take measures for insuring that they were properly represented in the House of Commons. Then they might hope to witness a revival of their former prosperity, and the English merchantman competing on equal terms with the foreigner on every sea. [Cheers.]

Commenting upon this subject the London *Shipping Gazette* says:

"The proceedings at the meeting at which these strictures were delivered, speak for themselves. The meeting was called for the express purpose of denouncing Mr. Lindsay and his mission to the United States. It is no business of ours to defend that gentleman, but we cannot forbear expressing our regret that where an opportunity has occurred of achieving what every true friend of the shipping interest so earnestly seeks, an attempt dictated by personal and paltry motives should be made to spoil it. We do not, of course, anticipate that the Government will withdraw its aid from Mr. Lindsay in his approaching mission, because of the resolution passed yesterday at the meeting of the Shipowners' Society. So far no mischief has been done, we may rest assured; but we cannot refrain from saying, that the Shipowners' Society would employ their time to better purpose, in aiding the general movement of the maritime interest in pursuit of the justice so long denied them, than in ineffectual attempts to embarrass the labors of a gentleman, who, whatever his private opinions may be, has done good service to the cause he has in hand."

And the London *News* says:

"Mr. Lindsay claims, as we understand, no representative character other than that which every independent man who by pursuits and habits is identified with a great class of the community, may without presumption claim. The honorable member for Sunderland is a self-made man. As a man of business largely engaged in shipping, and as member for one of the most enterprising ports in the kingdom, it is natural that he should wish to avail himself of any favorable opportunity to bring about friendlier and more intimate relations between the mercantile marine of the United States and that of this country. Mr. Lindsay is no lip-service free-trader. He is one of the successful merchants and ship-owners amongst us who not merely understand that as a policy it is inevitable, but who are convinced that as a principle it is sound. Seeing what his friend Mr. Cobden has achieved by conference with persons of influence and intelligence in France, he may not unnaturally aspire to being useful in drawing together the ties of mercantile sympathy and confidence that exists between this country and America. What Mr. Cobden has materially aided in doing for manufactures, Mr. Lindsay might well be proud if he could assist in accomplishing for shipping. Of the two, shipping wants it more. Nobody disputes the fact that, as an interest, it is depressed. The causes may be controverted and variously assigned; but the fact of depression none can gainsay. All agree, moreover, that the want of reciprocity by France, Belgium, Spain, but above all, by America, is felt to be a grievance by our shipowners, while it is not doubtful that our American friends who enter British ports grumble not a little at having to pay onerous Light dues. Then there are the numerous questions incident to the state of international law regarding the private property of belligerents at sea, in which the peaceful and industrious sections of both communities are deeply interested. If Mr. Lindsay, or anybody else possessing a thorough knowledge practically of the whole bearings of the case, can succeed in negotiating a better accord between the classes peculiarly interested on opposite sides of the Atlantic, he will have done what the two Governments with all their bureaucratic zeal and art have hitherto failed utterly in attaining, and he will undoubtedly deserve well of his country."

MURDER ON BOARD AN AMERICAN SHIP.

From the London News, Sept. 6.

On Tuesday, Mr. Curry, borough coroner at Liverpool, held an inquest on the body of Charles Wallack, whose death was occasioned under the following circumstances: The deceased was the boatswain of the American ship *Lombard*, which, on the 22d of last month, was lying in the river, outward bound, a Dutch sailor, named Henry Lawson, being one of the crew. On the morning of that day the mate of the vessel went into the forecastle to turn out the men. Lawson refused to turn out, and then the mate called to the deceased to get the men to their work. The boatswain, it appears, attempted to pull Lawson out of his berth; a struggle ensued, and the latter drew his knife and stabbed the deceased in the neck, shoulder and hand. Wallace was taken to the Northern Hospital, where he died on Saturday last. At the Coroner's inquest, Ellen Wallace, stated that the deceased was her husband, and that he resided at No. 27 Portland-street. He was a native of Boston, United States; was 29 years old. He sailed about twelve months since in the American ship *Ocean Romp* for New-Orleans, and came home as boatswain in the American ship *Lombard* about seven weeks ago. He was going out with her again, and joined her on the 20th of August. On that day she parted with him on board, and went home. The same night the porter at the Northern Hospital went to their house and brought her to the hospital, where she found her husband in bed. He took her hand, and shook his head. She saw a cut in his throat three inches long. The surgeon told her he was in a very dangerous state. She saw him daily until his death. He never thought he would recover. When she asked him how it happened that he got cut, he said, "I was doing nothing but my duty, Ellen. I was cut by a Dutchman. The knife he cut me with went twice in the same place in my throat." She asked him did he know the man, and he replied, "I never saw him before I saw him on board the ship to my knowledge." The Coroner's jury found a verdict of willful murder against Lawson.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

BUENOS AYRES.

ENTENTE CORDIAL—RAILWAY ENTERPRISES.

We have received advices from Buenos Ayres, by way of England, to the 28th of July. President Derqui and Gen. Urquiza had paid a visit extending from the 7th to the 24th of that month on the invitation of Gen. Mitre, who thought that the 46th anniversary of the day on which the Argentine nation declared their absolute independence—viz., the 9th of July—would be an excellent opportunity for bringing together the leaders of the parties so recently antagonistic. The distinguished guests arrived at Buenos Ayres on the 7th from Parana and San José, each attended by a numerous suite and accompanied by his family, and experienced a most cordial reception from the populace. A review of the troops took place on the 9th in the Plaza Victoria, and receptions, banquets, balls, and other public displays were continued throughout the whole period of the visit, which closed on the 24th, when Urquiza embarked on board the Government steamer *25 de Mayo*, and Derqui on board the Spanish steamer *Concordia*, and they took their departure amid general salutes from the ships-of-war and the batteries on shore.

The foreign residents took a prominent part in the festivities of the fortnight, and one of the leading events was a grand ball given by the foreign commercial community to the Government and their guests. Great good, politically and commercially, was anticipated as the result of this visit.

The *Commercial Times* states that it was reported, on good authority, that the projected railway from Rosario to Cordova was to be at once carried into effect, and that the National Government will guarantee 9 ℔ cent. to the shareholders and give every facility for its speedy construction. The same journal reports that the works of the San Fernando Railway were progressing favorably. Gen. Urquiza had subscribed 20,000 doubloons to the Cordova Railway.

BRAZIL.

THE COFFEE CROP—TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Advices from Rio de Janeiro are to the evening o the 7th ult.

They inform us that after the departure from that port for Southampton, of the Royal Mail steamer *Magdalena*, on the 9th of July, when intelligence of some improvement in the United States had been received, and which was confirmed by the French steampacket *Navarre*, arrived on the 18th, more activity was displayed in the coffee market, and sales of about 69,000 bags were effected between the 9th and the 24th, the greater part for the United States.

Very moderate receipts at the beginning of July, conjointly with a continued small stock, which on the 17th and 18th had been reduced to 10,000 bags, enabled dealers to obtain in the above sales a gradual rise of 200 reis. The receipts, however, having been more regular in the latter half of the month, less anxiety to purchase at those elevated rates was evinced after the 24th, and, although a modification of [illegible] reis was again established in the prices, yet business remained restricted up to the 31st.

Better advices have subsequently been received by the *Tyne*, both from the United States and from Europe, the market again assumed much firmness. Assorted lots for the United States were latterly regulated at 6,250 reis to 6,300 reis.

—Richard Bason, a butcher in Memphis, Tenn., was attacked and terribly mutilated by a large and savage bull-dog, a few days ago. The animal tore his master's arms, thighs and legs to shreds, and was only made to let go his hold of his victim by the united efforts of two men.

THE FATE OF WALKER.

Arrival of the Empire City from Havana—Details of Walker's Capture in Honduras.

The U. S. mail steamship *Empire City*, S. S. Baxter, Commander, from Havana, 13th inst., 5 P.M., arrived at this port yesterday.

The *Empire City* brings intelligence (already announced by telegraph) of the capture of Gen. Walker in Honduras.

The heat in Havana is excessive. The public health, however, is unusually good, the cases of yellow fever being of a very mild type.

There is very little news from Havana. The Sugar market is active, at 8¾ to 8¾ reals ℔ arobe for D. S., No. 12. Molasses, 2¾ reals for clayed, ℔ keg of 5½ gallons. Freights not so active, 87½c. ℔ box to the United States. Exchanges stiff; Sterling 14¾ to 15½ ℔ cent. premium; New-York, 60-day bills, 3¾ to 4½ ℔ cent. premium; New-Orleans (short) 4 ℔ cent. premium.

PARTICTLARS OF WALKER'S CAPTURE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

Havana, Thursday, Sept. 13, 1860.

The Spanish man-of-war steamer *Francisco de Asis*, which arrived here on the 12th inst. from Truxillo, brought intelligence of the capture of the "Gray-eyed Man of Destiny," Walker; his second in command, Rulller, and seventy of his followers, by the English screw war-steamer *Icarus*, who had handed them over to Gen. Alvarez, under condition that Walker and Rulller should be dealt with according to law, and that the seventy followers, who were represented to be in a most deplorable condition, should be permitted to return to the United States, their passages to be paid by the United States Commercial Agent, which was done, and it was believed Walker and Rullter would be forthwith shot.

At Omoa, I perceive by the *Diario de la Marina* of the 12th inst., every preparation had been made for the anticipated invasion.

From the Diario de la Marina, Sept. 13.

By Her Majesty's steamer *Francisco de Asis*, which arrived this morning from Truxillo, we receive important intelligence concerning the famous fillibuster chief whose power in Central America has been brought to an end. The captain of the English screw-steamer *Icarus*, having directed Walker to leave Truxillo, as the customs of that port were hypothecated to the English debt, the fillibuster left in the direction of the Ionon River, some ten leagues distant. On the 2d, the *Icarus* and a packet left with native troops under Gen. Alvarez, and reaching the River Negro, the boats of the *Icarus* went up and captured Walker, Ruttler, and 70 others. Many of them were sick, and almost all were in a deplorable state. They were all afterwards taken to Truxillo with arms and baggage, and the whole were then put, by the British commander, at the disposition of Gen. Alvarez, under the condition that Walker and Ruttler should be dealt with according to law, and that his followers should be allowed to return to the United States on giving their oaths never again to serve in any expedition against Central America, their expenses being paid by the United States Commercial Agent.

Gen. Alvarez took possession of the captives, who were lodged in the castle. It is supposed that the two chiefs will be immediately shot.

Great preparations have been made throughout Central America, at all points, to resist Walker. A party under the Governor of Izabal, in Guatemala, left Omoa for the River Ionon only two days before the capture of Walker.

The Spanish war steamer *Francisco de Asis*, from Havana on the 2d, arrived at Truxillo on the 7th, in time to take part in the rejoicings of the people at the defeat of the fillibusters.

The acting President of Nicaragua, Gen. Chamorro, had issued a proclamation, calling upon the people to go to the defence of Honduras, but their aid will not now be required.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

Twenty Thousand Liberals Concentrating at the Capital—An Attack Expected on the 8th—Another Forced Loan.

New-Orleans, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The schooner *Virginia Antoinette*, from Vera Cruz, 2d inst., has arrived at this port with $373,500 in specie.

Twenty thousand Liberals were marching on the capital.

Miramon was in the City of Mexico with 7,500 men. The attack was expected to commence on the 8th.

The correspondent of the *Progreso*, at the Capital, says that the Liberal army had left Queretaro, and they were expected to reach the cit on the 8th.

Three thousand men were advancing from Cuernavaca.

Gen. Ortega was expected to arrive soon from Guadalajara.

A new loan, to be exclusively levied upon Mexicans, was expected to be soon proclaimed.

The Bishop of Guadalajara had been released from imprisonment by Gen. Degollado.

It is reported that Gen. Uraga had made good his escape.

THE CIVIL WAR IN NEW-LEON.

New-Orleans, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The steamer *Austin*, from Brazos on the 13th inst., with $69,500 in treasure, has arrived.

She brings advices from Coahuila which state that the civil war in New-Leon continued unabated.

From Washington.

THE MATTER OF THE PACIFIC TELEGRAPH—POST-OFFICE CHANGES.

Washington, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

A question having been raised that the guarantee, under the recent proposals, should be equal to the cost of constructing the Pacific Telegraph line, the Cabinet to-day, it is said, decided that there was no Executive discretion, as the law provides that no contract shall be made until the line shall be in actual operation and the fulfillment of which must be guaranteed as in the case of bids for mail contracts; also, that the lowest offer for the use of such telegraph shall be accepted under that specified condition. J. Harmon, of Detroit, as heretofore stated, is the lowest bidder. It is expected that a decision will be officially announced to-morrow.

The President has reappointed Postmasters Lemon and Grooves, at respectively Laporte and Logansport, Ind.; and removed Milliken, postmaster of Paducah, Ky., and appointed John C. Noble in his place.

Affairs in Boston.

THE UNITED STATES CONVENTION OF UNIVERSALISTS—MECHANICS' FAIR—MURDER.

Boston, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The United States Convention of Universalists assembled in this city to-day and organized by the choice of the following officers: President, Rev. J. Boyden, of Rhode Island; Vice-President, J. B Souther, of Massachusetts; Secretary, Rev. H. R. Walworth, of New-Jersey. The Convention was quite fully attended. At the business meeting a preamble and report was submitted for establishing a publishing house for the denomination.

The Mechanics' Fair at Faneuil Hall is attracting crowds of visitors, and is said to be superior to any that has preceded it.

James H. Johnson has been committed for trial, charged with fatally stabbing Wm. O'Donnel, in Richmond-street, last night. The murdered man was innocent of offence, having been mistaken by Johnson for a man he had previously quarreled with.

Additional per Pony Express.

St. Joseph, Mo., Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The following is the very latest by the Pony Express: Sacramento, Sept. 6—7 P. M.

The Union State Convention adjourned to-day, having nominated a full electoral ticket.

The Douglas Convention has nominated a full ticket.

A fusion of the two parties was not deemed advisable by either side.

The Sailing of the America.

Boston, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The mails per the Royal Mail steamship *America*, for Liverpool, *via* Halifax, will close at 7 o'clock to-morrow (Wednesday) morning, but she will not leave her dock until about 10 A. M.

THE GALE IN THE GULF.

Two Ships Lost, with all on Board—Five Steamboats Sunk—Several Lighthouses Blown Down.

New-Orleans, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The ship *Galena*, which went ashore in the late gale, has returned to this city for repairs.

The brig *West Indian*, which went to sea, wast lost at Pass a L'Outré, together with ten lives.

Several lighthouses on the Mississippi Coast were blown down by the gale.

THE GALE AT MOBILE.

Mobile, Ala., Monday, Sept. 17.

The gale at this port was very severe. Five steamboats were sunk during the storm.

The ship *R. H. Dixey*, bound from New-York for this city, was blown ashore on the lower bar, Mobile Bay, and became a total loss.

The Captain and several of the crew perished.

Goodman's warehouse, with 2,800 bales of cotton, was destroyed by fire on the 15th.

The Case of Gordon, the Murderer.

DISCHARGE FOR WANT OF JURISDICTION—ATTEMPT TO LYNCH HIM—HIS REARREST.

Leavenworth, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Gordon, the alleged murderer, had an examination yesterday, which resulted in his discharge for want of jurisdiction. Denver, where the offence was committed, is in Maritana County, and not in Arapatoe, as was supposed. The decision leaves the citizens of the Pike's Peak region outside of Arapatoe County, without any law whatever. Immediately after the discharge of the prisoner, threats of lynching were made, and an excited crowd gathered around the Court Room. Gordon, however, was taken to the jail for safety, under the protection of the Sheriff and city officers. Late in the morning, a body of his friends undertook to remove him thence, but were immediately surrounded by an excited crowd, shouting "Hang him!" "String him up!" &c. The friends of law and order, however, under the lead of Mayor McDowell and other city officers, succeeded in preventing the mob from proceeding to extremity, and Gordon was again lodged in jail for safety. He was badly bruised and cut during the *melée*, and others were somewhat injured. Sheriff Waddaugh, of Arapatoe County, who arrived in town during the tumult, was badly injured by a blow on the head. Gordon has been rearrested on a Justice's warrant, and will be handed over to Sheriff Waddaugh, to be taken to Denver as soon as his injuries will permit. The affair causes much excitement in the city, and our citizens are generally gratified with the triumph of law and order.

Grand Lodge of United States I. O. O. F.

Nashville, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The Grand Lodge of the United States Odd Fellows have elected R. B. Boylston, of South Carolina, Grand Sire; M. Herndon, of Indiana, Deputy Grand Sire; J. L. Ridgeley, of Maryland, Grand Secretary, and Joshua Van Zandt, of Maryland, Grand Treasurer.

The Grain Trade of Toronto.

Toronto, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The receipts of grain to-day amount to 32,000 bushels, the largest day's receipts of the season. Fall Wheat averages $1 30 per bushel, Spring Wheat $1 08, Barley 73c., Peas 64c.

Affairs in Texas.

THE ORIGIN OF THE RECENT TROUBLES—THE EXPELLED MECHANICS—INDIAN FIGHT.

The Boston *Journal* of Monday says:

"There is reason to believe that the exciting cause of the Texan outrages is to be found in a slaveholding State. A gentleman from Western Missouri, whose sources of information are reliable, informs us that some time before the troubles in Texas broke out, prominent Pro-Slavery men in Missouri, members of the famous 'Blue Lodges,' which still continue in existence, expressed a determination to get up another John Brown raid in the South, to influence the Presidential election, although by so doing they would be compelled to sacrifice some of their own friends. Texas furnishes an excellent field for such an unscrupulous project, being in a distant portion of the country, while the facilities for transmitting intelligence are very limited, and false reports may be circulated a long time before their falsity is exposed. This was fully demonstrated in the fabulous reports concerning the operations of the Mexican marauder, Cortinas, in and near Matamoras."

A correspondent of the New-Orleans *Delta*, writing from Houston on Aug. 30, says: "You were duly informed of the burning of Dallas and other towns of Northern Texas, and of the arrest and execution of several white men found tampering with the negroes and sowing the seeds of insurrection. Immediately the hue and cry was raised that the incendiaries were Abolition emissaries, making a raid into Texas similar to that of John Brown into Virginia; but within the last week or so public opinion has been corrected, and it now seems established beyond a doubt that the late fires are justly attributable to Murrelism, acting under the guise of Abolitionism."

A short time since a statement appeared in the *Progressive Age*, of Belfast, Me., purporting to come from three mechanics who had been expelled from Texas for holding Anti-Slavery opinions. This story was forwarded to Chappell Hill, the locality where the mechanics said that they resided, and some of the citizens concerned have made their statement of the affair. Nearly every storehouse and shop in turn had been robbed, they say, and their suspicions were finally directed against the mechanics in question, two of whom were named Clark, and the third Perkins. They were proved to be guilty of endeavoring to incite slaves to run off; of trying to seduce negro women; of thieving and of attempted assassination. Under this condition of affairs they were ordered to leave the State, and this they did without paying their honest debts. The parties who sign this statement offer a reward of $500 for the delivery to them of Perkins and the younger Clark.

The San Antonio *Herald* of the 7th says:

"Capt. S. D. Sturgis, First Cavalry, commanding the Southern Column of the Kioway and Camanche Expedition, which moved from Fort Cobb, in the Department of Texas, some weeks since, reports that on the 7th ult. he came up with a large body of Camanches and Kioways, and, he thinks, Cheyennes, estimated at from 600 to 800, on the 'Republican,' about 60 miles southwest of Fort Kearney. The Indians had prepared to give battle, but it appears that their courage took flight on the approach of the troops, and they fled in pursuit of their departed bravery. A running fight over a space of about 15 miles ensued, which terminated by the Indians separating into small parties and scattering in all directions, rendering further pursuit impossible. Twenty-nine Indians are known to have been killed; but, from the nature of the engagement and the country over which it was fought, it will probably be impossible to tell with certainty the actual loss of the Indians. The loss to the troops was one man missing—supposed to have been killed—and three wounded; two friendly Indians were also killed."

Gen. Pillow Purchases Abducted Negroes.—For some time past considerable commotion has existed in this city because of the alleged abduction of a number of free negroes, who were sold out of the State as slaves for life, when they had but terms to serve by order of the Judge of the Criminal Court, as punishment for offences of which they had been convicted. Several of these so abducted were sold to Gen. Pillow, of Tennessee, and placed on a plantation belonging to him in Arkansas. They were questioned by him, and he soon discovered that they were convicts, had been sold for a term of years, and could not have been legally received from the State of Maryland. As soon as Gen. Pillow discovered that fact, he promptly addressed the Mayor of Baltimore on the subject, and announced his readiness to return the negroes to those authorized to receive them.

The matter remained uninvestigated until brought to the notice of the Police Board, and that body promptly instructed the Marshal to take proper steps for the vindication of the laws of the State. Marshal Kane at once wrote to Gen. Pillow, who promptly replied, again expressing his readiness to return the negroes, and do everything in his power to aid in a proper vindication of the law. He expressed the wish that the nefarious practice of imposing servants of the character referred to upon Southern planters may be broken up. The Board of Police has instructed Marshal Kane to spare no expense in protecting the rights of the colored people from that class of speculators who have deprived them of their rights and their liberties.—*Baltimore Sun, Sept. 17.*

Shocking Tragedy.—The Missouri *Republican* says: "Frank Miller, Orderly Sergeant of Company G, Fifth Infantry, lately posted in Camp Floyd, but now in New-Mexico, recently shot a woman (name not given) who accompanied the regiment from Utah. It appears that the parties were engaged to be married, and the ceremony was to have been performed in New-Mexico, but after their arrival she for some cause or other "bolted," and while they were sitting in a tent together, he drew a revolver and shot her, the ball entering her throat. At the same time he discharged the contents of another barrel at his own breast, the ball penetrating his heart. They both expired at almost the same moment.

—The rowdies in Baltimore have become so bold of late that it has been found necessary to arm each member of the Police force with a revolver.

THE UNITED STATES FAIR.

Extent of the Grounds—Cincinnati Behind Chicago—Why the Fair is held at Cincinnati—The Opening Ceremonies—The Visitors.

Correspondence of the New-York Times:

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Thursday, Sept. 13, 1860.

The area of ground which is inclosed by a ten-foot fence, for the Eighth Annual Fair of the United States Agricultural Society, is as extensive as that of many an Eastern farm. Great Societies must make colossal preparations, and have extraordinary space to work in; and hence it was thought by the Cincinnati people that the sixty acres of the trotting park was none too large for the National Agricultural Show. It seems, however, as if they had allowed about twenty acres more than was requisite, for as the great expanse of the field makes it necessary to place various "halls," tents, and sheds far apart, to preserve the harmony of proportion, visitors are compelled to make Sabbath-days' journeys from one to the other departments. There is a further disadvantage in having grounds so extensive. It makes a really large display of contributions seem meagre, and a crowd of ten thousand visitors are lost to computation. Thus, no doubt, it has happened to-day, that persons of little experience in fair-going supposed there were not more than a thousand or fifteen hundred people on the grounds, whereas the gate receipts prove that there must have been eight thousand.

There is no use in concealing the fact that Cincinnati has not done so well as Chicago, albeit she is the very heart of the greatest stock region of the country, and far ahead of the Garden City in number and capacity of machine shops and factories. The stock stables here contain, it is true, a large number of fine animals, and some of the very best horses in the country are waiting to compete on the splendid forty-foot mile track; but we look in vain for the quality of horses which were seen at Louisville, or the numbers which thronged the rings at Chicago. In the machinery and implement departments there is, of course, a great display—and where will you find this great American specialty unfairly represented at our fairs?—and some machines are possessed of peculiar merit. The tables in the tents for flowers and fruits are altogether bare as yet, for no contributions will be received until next week, but by Wednesday or Thursday next visitors here will see one of the finest, if not the very best, displays of these beautiful and attractive articles ever made in America. So say the men in authority.

The citizens of Cincinnati have certainly done the fair thing by the Society. Professor FREEMAN G. CARY, formerly President of the Farmers' College, near this city, is Vice-President of the United States Society for Ohio; and at the annual meeting at Washington in 1859, in behalf of his townsmen, made a bid for the location of the Fair here. Chicago, however, won the prize that year, and Mr. CARY was disappointed. Nothing daunted he renewed his offer last January, and it was accepted. In behalf of the subscribers to a fund, he offered: 1. To furnish the grounds, buildings, bedding for stock, water, and police free of charge; and 2. To guarantee the Society that its receipts should be enough to pay expenses to the amount of $20,000. Thus, you see, the only ment of its clerks, door-keepers, and other employes, and its premiums. These latter in the aggregate amount, it is true, to about $20,000; but at every Fair there is about twenty to twenty-five per cent. of premiums offered either not called for or not competed for, and hence the National Society have only to provide for expenditures of about $20,000 in all. Considering that at Chicago there were taken about $12,000 *in a single day*, the risk can hardly be deemed onerous for a great association like this. Up to this, the second day, there have been taken about $5,000 in all, but this is a mere commencement of a carnival which is to last all through next week. The plan of holding the fair for nine days' or double the ordinary period of duration, is tried this year for the first time; and in the result of this experiment the future policy of this, and, perhaps, other societies, will depend. Our fair-going readers will recollect with dismal satisfaction days passed at agricultural shows, when floods of water or drizzle from above, and yielding beds of mire below, made their stay irksome, and their departure from the grounds most welcome. Their discomfort is naught, as compared with the dismay of presidents, treasurers and secretaries, who have provided the display of fine things, and looked for a truly "golden harvest" therefrom. The rainy day of the fair is the most melancholy to them of the whole year, and sometimes drains their pockets as well as their courage. This plan of a two weeks' fair is intended to meet this very emergency, by taking a double chance in the lottery of the weather in hopes of drawing a prize.

The grounds are in such confusion as yet that I must reserve for another letter detailed descriptions of the animals and machinery on exhibition.

There must be a beginning to all things, agricultural fairs not excepted, and so to give an official start for its annual career it has been customary for the President of the United States Society to make a brief address to the officers, invited guests and public, and at its conclusion to declare the show opened in due form. This year, Professor CARY, as the local Vice-President, responsible guarantor of the fund, delivered an able address of welcome to Hon. HENRY WAGER of New-York, President, and then delivered up the keys of the grounds. It is to be hoped that this ceremony may not be significant of a selling into pecuniary bondage of the Cincinnati people. Mr. President WAGER was never famous for long speeches, and certainly did not feel much like delivering an oration yesterday, since he has risen from a bed of of severe sickness to come here. It admits of reasonable doubt if he could have said more in more words, than is expressed in this brief reply, which was read for him by Major BEN. PERLEY POORE, the Secretary:

"In receiving, Sir, these spacious grounds for the Eighth Annual Exhibition of the United States Agricultural Society, I regret that the state of my health forbids my even attempting to make a fitting response to your eloquent remarks. To the members of the Society, who know the obstacles which you have encountered, and the brief space of time at your disposal, apologies are unnecessary. We accept the use of the grounds from the citizens of Cincinnati, as a testimony of their sincere desire to encourage the cause of Agriculture, and to bring together from all sections of our common country those whose honest toil is the great source of its prosperity. And while I personally thank you, Sir, for your zealous labors in providing a camping-ground for this agricultural army, let me ask your continued coöperation, as the Vice President of our Society representing Ohio, where we find so warm a welcome.

Farmers, gentlemen, are workers rather than talkers. I will not, therefore, longer detain you, but will, in the discharge of my official duty, proclaim this, the Eighth Annual Exhibition of our Society, duly opened. May it be successful."

These National Fairs always attract a number of famous men, and some great ones. Among the latter is BRUTUS J. CLAY, of Kentucky, and his brother, the lion-hearted CASSIUS; and among the former, Gen. JOE LANE, of Oregon, who is not looking for his mother, but comes solely to encourage agriculture—(so it is said.) On the visitors' book, in the President's tent, are recorded the following names: Gen. Joseph Lane, Oregon; John N. Malone, President of Limestone County Stock, Agricultural and Mechanical Association, Athens, Ala.; John T. Andrews, West Cornwall, Conn., Vice-President U. S. Society; Gen. Jas. T. Worthington, Chilicothe; Col. Brutus J. Clay, Bourbon County, Ky.; Le Grand Byington, Vice-President for Iowa; B. J. Bidwell, Tecumseh, Mich.; Chas. Morrell, New-York Delegate, American Institute, New-York City; S. B. Pierce, Boston, Mass.; Gen. S. F. Carey, College Hill, O.; Henry Steele, Delegate from American Institute, Jersey City, N. J.; John McGowan, Librarian Philadelphia Agricultural Society; John Merryman, President Maryland State Agricultural Society; J. W. Ware, President Agricultural Society of the Valley of Virginia; D. B. Kershow, Delegate from the Philadelphia Agricultural Society; Col. L. J. Bradford, President Kentucky State Agricultural Society; Gibson Mallory, Delegate from the Kentucky State Board of Agriculture, and Director for the S. W. Agricultural Association at Louisville; C. W. Pofer, Point Coupie, Louisiana.

The track, having been constructed and used for regular races, is, of course, much better for testing the speed of the green horses here than the makeshifts one usually finds at such fairs as these. It is a full measured mile in circumference and forty feet in width, and since it is well drained naturally and artificially, it is always in good order for work. There has been an attractive show of stallions and other horses, and in the course of their exercising some of them have shown capital speed. The horses of a certain age and class are first taken to a ring where their several merits are discussed and decided by the judges, after which speed is considered, and, of course, practically tested on the track. Here you will observe an important difference between respectable and disreputable horse shows. The latter one sees at any race course; the former only at an agricultural show where speed is regarded as only one of many good points—a sort of crowning glory to a good horse, as a comfortable fortune lends attractions to a good girl.

There are evidences, to be had for the seeking, that a crowd is expected soon. The Burnet House, which the officers of the Society, with an eye to their creature comforts, as well as a central location for business, have made their headquarters, is already full; and relays of some two or three hundred bedsteads are ready for putting up in the dining and billiard rooms, to catch all the travelers they may, before the point of overflow is reached.

The $100 premium for "stallions for all work," was competed for by a number of fine horses. The blue ribbon, indicating the first prize, was finally tied to the headstall of *American Boy*, a thoroughbred brown stallion from Cynthiana, Kentucky, and the red ribbon was given to *Ben Franklin*, a powerful brown horse, by imported *Coburg*, out of a Frank mare, which was entered by a gentleman from Boone County, Kentucky. The fact is, that it is a hard matter to beat that region in Central Kentucky, in either the horse or cattle classes of a Western Fair.

THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF BOSTON.

Dedication of the Everett School-house—Address of Hon. Edward Everett.

The "Everett School-house," located on Northampton-street, Boston, has just been completed, and was dedicated on Monday. Mayor LINCOLN, Hon. ROBERT C. WINTHROP, Prof. FELTON, and Hon. EDWARD EVERETT took part in the exercises. In opening his address, Mr. EVERETT said:

MR. CHAIRMAN: You will easily believe that I feel a peculiar interest in the occasion that has called us together. The dedication of a new first-class school-house is at all times an event of far greater importance to the welfare of the community than many of the occurrences which at the time attract much more of the public attention, and fill a larger space in the pages of history. The house which we this day dedicate is to be occupied by a school which had already, as the Dwight school for girls, established an enviable reputation among the sister institutions. It is now, in consequence of the rapid growth of this part of the city, transferred, with the happiest prospects, to this new, spacious and admirably-arranged building—a model school-house, fit for the reception of a model school. I hope, as a friend to education from my youth up, I should duly appreciate the importance of such an event; but you have kindly given me a reason—to the strength of which it would be affectation to seem insensible—for taking a peculiar interest in this day's ceremonial.

One of the highest honors which can be paid to an individual—one of the most enviable tokens of the good opinion of the community in which he lives—is to connect his name with some permanent material object, some scientific discovery, some achievement in art, some beneficent institution, with reference to which, by word or by deed, he may be thought to have deserved well of his fellow-men. Hundreds of towns and cities on the continent recall the memory of the great and good men, who, in peace and in war, founded and sustained the liberties and rights of the country. Science gives the name of the astronomer to the comet, whose periodical return he has ascertained. Botany commemorates her votaries, in the flowers, and the trees—the Kalmias, the Dahlias, the Robinias—which they first discovered and described. The fossil relics of the elder world are designated by the names of the geologists who first exhumed them from their adamantine graves; and we cannot but feel that one of the strongest instincts of our nature is gratified by these associations.

But what are these lifeless, soulless substances, these mute, inanimate bodies in the heavens above, or the earth beneath—the vaporous comet, the fading flower, the extinct animal, whose very skeleton is turned into stone—compared with an institution like this—a living fountain of eternal light—a flower garden planted in each succeeding year with germs of undying growth—a nursery beneath whose fostering wings so many immortal spirits shall be trained up in the paths of duty, usefulness and happiness; and in which you permit me to hope that my poor name will be kindly remembered, as long as the schools of Boston shall retain their name and their praise in the land; and that I am well aware will be as long as Boston herself shall retain her place on the earth's surface; for as long as there is a City Council to appropriate $1, or a treasurer to pay it, I am sure it will be voted and paid for the support of the schools. Devoted for a pretty long life to the public service, in a variety of pursuits and occupations, laboring, I know I may say diligently, and I hope I may add, though sometimes with erring judgment, yet always with honest purpose, for the public good, at home and abroad, I frankly own, Sir, that no public honor, compliment, or reward, which has ever fallen to my lot, has given me greater pleasure than the association of my name with one of these noble public schools of Boston.

Mr. EVERETT then defended Bostonians from the charge of being over-proud of their eduational institutions, and attempted to show that they made a larger expenditure for the support of schools than the residents of any other city in the world. He proceeded:

Much has been done for popular education in England of late years, but it is still in its infancy. The mass of the people in town and in country have no education but what they get at Dame Schools, as they are called, corresponding to our primary schools, or in common schools of a very humble character. They are doubtless of various degrees of merit, and I would not imitate the unfairness sometimes practiced toward ourselves by our brethren abroad, in quoting exceptional cases as evidence of "a state of things." The following account of a common school in Liverpool is taken from a Parliamentary report in 1838, at which time the population of Liverpool was not much below that of Boston at the present day. With respect to Dame schools the report says: "It is not unusual to find the mistress of a Dame School gone out for the day, and her school left in charge of some neighbor or neighbor's child. Sometimes she is found washing at the back of the house; at other times the washing and drying are carried on at the school." As a specimen of a "common school," we are told that in a garret, up three pair of dark broken stairs, in Liverpool, was a common school with forty children, in the compass of ten feet by nine. On a perch forming a triangle with the corner of the room, sat a cock and two hens. Under a stump bed was a dog-kennel, occupied by three black terriers, whose barking, added to the noise of the children and the cackling of the fowls at the appearance of the stranger, was almost deafening. There was only one small window, at which sat the master, obstructing two-thirds of the light. There are several schools in the same neighborhood, which are in the same condition, filthy in the extreme. One master, who stated that he used the globes, was asked if he had both or one only. "Both," was the reply; "how could I teach geography with one?" It appeared that he thought both necessary, because one represented one half, and the other the remaining half of the world. "He turned me out of his school," says the agent, "when I explained to him his error." I would not be guilty of the injustice of quoting these as fair specimens of the Common Schools of England, though they appear to be quoted for that purpose, in the Parliamentary report. They are probably specimens of the very poorest schools, brought forward for the purpose of showing the need of reform. It seems hard to believe that such a school could have existed in Liverpool, forty years after the first Athaeneum was founded in that city, by ROSCOE, and seven years after that distinguished and enlightened citized had closed his career.

The school-house, whose dedication we are assembled to witness, is for the accommodation of a girls, school; and this circumstance seems to invite a few words on female education. There is a good deal of discussion at the present day on the subject of Woman's Rights. No one would be willing to allow that he wished to deprive them of their rights, and the only difficulty seems to be to settle what their rights are. The citizens of Boston, acting by their municipal representatives, have long since undertaken to answer this question in a practical way, as far as a city government can do it, by admitting the right of the girls to have, at the public expense, as good an education as the boys. It is not in the power of the city to amend our constitutions, so as to extend political privileges to the gentler sex, nor alter the legislation which regulates the rights of property. But it was in the power of the city to withhold or to grant equal privileges of education; and it has decided that the free grammar schools of Boston should be open alike to boys and girls. This seems to me not only a recognition at the outset of the most important of Women's Rights, viz: equal participation in these Institutions, but the best guaranty that if in anything else the sex is unjustly or unfairly deal with, the remedy will come in due time. With the acknowledged equality of woman in general intellectual endowments, though tending in either sex to an appropriate development, with her admitted superiority to man in tact, sensibility, physical and moral endurance, quickness of perception, and power of accommodating to circumstances, give her for two or three generations equal advantages of mental culture, and the lords of creation will have to carry more guns than they do at present, to keep her out of the enjoyment of anything which sound reasoning and fair experiment shall show to be of her rights.

I have, however, strong doubts whether, tried by this test, the result would be a participation in the performance of the political duties, which the experience of the human race, in all ages, has nearly confined to the coarser sex. I do not rest this opinion solely on the fact that these duties do not seem congenial with the superior delicacy of woman, or compatible with the occupations which nature assigns to her in the domestic sphere. I think it would be found, on trial, that nothing would be gained—nothing changed for the better—by putting the sexes on the same footing, with respect, for instance, to the right of suffrage. Whether the wives and sisters agreed with the husbands and brothers, or differed from them, as this agreement or difference would, in the long run, exist equally in all parties, the result would be the same as at present. So, too, whether the wife or the husband had the stronger will, and so dictated the other's vote, as this also would be the same on all sides, the result would not be affected. So that it would be likely to turn out that the present arrangement, by which the men do the electioneering and the voting for both sexes, is a species of representation which promotes the convenience of all and does injustice to none.

Meantime for all the great desirable objects of life, the possession of equal advantages for the improvement of the mind, is of vastly greater importance than the participation of political power. There are three great objects of pursuit on earth—well-being, or happiness for ourselves and families; influence and control over others; and a good name with our fellow men, while we live and when we are gone. Who needs be told, that, in the present state of the world, a good education is not indeed a sure, but by far the most likely means of attaining all the ends which constitute material prosperity, competence, position, establishment in life; and that it also opens the purest sources of enjoyment. The happiest condition of human existence is unquestionably to be found in the domestic circle of what may be called the middle condition of society, in a family harmoniously united in the cultivation and enjoyment of the innocent and rational pleasures of literature, art and refined intercourse, equally removed from the grandeurs and the straits of society. These innocent and rational pleasures, and this solid happiness, are made equally accessible to both sexes by our admirable school system.

Then for influence over others, as it depends much more on personal qualities than on official prerogative, equality of education furnishes the amplest means of equal ascendency. It is the mental and moral forces, not political power, which mainly governs the world. It is but a few years since the three greatest Powers in Europe, two on one side and one on the other, engaged in a deadly struggle with each other to decide the fate of the Turkish Empire—three Christian Powers straining every nerve, the one to overthrow, the two others to uphold the once great and formidable, but now decaying and effete Mahomedan despotism of Western Asia. Not less than half a million of men were concentrated in the Crimea, and all the military talent of the age was called forth in the contest. And who bore off the acknowledged palm of energy, usefulness, and real power in that tremendous contest? Not emperors and kings, and generals, admirals or engineers, launching from impregnable fortresses and blazing intrenchments the three-bolted thunders of war. No, but an English girl, bred up in the privacy of domestic life, and appearing on that dread stage of human action and suffering in no higher character than that of a nurse.

And then for fame, to which, by a natural instinct, the ingenuous soul aspires:

> "The spur, which the clear spirit doth raise,
> (The last infirmity of noble mind,)
> To scorn delights and live laborious days"—

need I say that the surest path to a reputation for the mass of mankind is by intellectual improvement; and that in this respect, therefore, our school system places the sexes on an equality. Consider for a moment the spectacle presented by the reign of LOUIS XIV., the Augustan age of France, rich in the brightest names of her literature, philosophy, politics and war—Pascal, Descartes, Corneille, Racine, Lafontaine, Moliere, Bossuet, Fenelon, Bourdaloue, Massillon, Colbert, Conde, Turenne, Catinat. Among all these illustrious names there is not one that shines with a brighter or purer ray than Mme. DE SEVIGNE; not one whose writings are more extensively read by posterity; not one in whose domestic life and personal character all future ages will probably take a deeper interest. The other distinguished individuals distinguished individuals whom I have mentioned, we regard with cold admiration, as personages in the great drama of history. We feel as if Mme. DE SEVIGNE belonged to our own families. The familiar letters, principally to her daughter, written by this virtuous and accomplished woman, who preserved her purity in a licentious court, who thought with vigor and wrote with simplicity, earnestness, and true wit in the pedantic and affected age, have given her a place among the celebrities of France which the most distinguished of them might envy.

Apart, then, girls, from a preparation from the pursuits, duties and enjoyments of life, which more especially pertain to your sex. In the present organization of society, you possess in these advantages of education the means of usefulness, and (if that be an object) of reputation, which, without these, would be in a great degree monopolized by the stronger sex. The keys of knowledge are placed in your hands, from its elemental principles up to the higher branches of useful learning. These, however, are topics too familiar on these occasions to be dwelt upon; and I will conclude by offering you my best wishes, that the reputation already acquired by the Dwight School for girls may be maintained under the new organization; that your improvement may be proportionate to your advantages; that your progress may equal the warmest wishes of your teachers, parents and friends; and that you may grow up to the enjoyment of the best blessings of this world, and the brightest and highest hopes of the world to come.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—WEDNESDAY.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.—First, criminal cases will be called, and then the General Calendar, Government cases having the preference.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Enumerated motions—Nos. 378, 221, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 42.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part II.*—Nos. 1160, 1164, 1166, 1168, 1170, 1172, 1174, 1176, 1178, 1180, 1182, 1184, 1186, 1186½, 1188, 1190, 1192, 1196, 1198, 1200.

United States District Court—SEPT. 18.

Before Judge Betts.

A panel of Grand Jurors having been summoned for this morning, their names were called and nineteen answered to their names. James C. Cooper was appointed foreman, and the jury were briefly charged by the Judge as to the business before them. The list of cases included various grades of offences, murder, assaults with dangerous weapons, passing counterfeit coin, fitting out and serving on board slavers, passing false invoices, &c. There were no less than four murder cases.

The panel of petit jurors was then called, after which the Judge announced that the calendar would not be called peremptorily till to-morrow, but he would hear to-day any case in which both parties were ready. No such cause was found, however, and the Court adjourned. There are some criminal cases, however, which will take precedence to-morrow.

United States Circuit Court.—Sept. 18.

Judge NELSON having disposed of his Appeal calendar, went yesterday to hold Court in Connecticut and will return next Monday.

The Omnibus Suit.

FURTHER ADJOURNMENT—MOTIONS FOR ALLOWANCE.

The New-York and New-Haven Railroad Co. vs. *Robert Schuyler and others.*—The final settlement of the decree in this case, which was to have been announced on Monday, was then postponed to yesterday. A number of counsel interested were in attendance.

Justice INGRAHAM read certain amendments he had determined to allow to the pleadings, and also announced his decision upon the various amendments proposed by the counsel for defendants, to the decree as drawn by plaintiff's counsel The decree, as finally made up, was to be entered; and a copy is to be prepared and printed.

He stated that he had received from several counsels for defendants, drafts of special findings of facts. He thought that the general finding he had now inserted in the decree, declaring all defendants who paid value for the stock on the faith of transfers, &c., by officers of the Company, entitled to recover damages in the proper action, would perhaps be considered all that would be requisite. If, however, any counsel still desired to have special findings appropriate to their individual cases, he would still pass upon them. So far as he had examined those which had been submitted to him, he saw nothing very material to correct.

Mr. Noyes said he would draw up special findings on the part of the plaintiffs, and suggested that the Court be adjourned to a future day for the settlement of these.

It was finally arranged that the case should stand adjourned till Tuesday, Oct. 2, at 11 A. M., at which time such special findings as may be submitted will be passed upon.

On the part of two or three of the defendants whose stock has been adjudged good, motions have been noticed for an allowance. These motions were mentioned by Messrs. Andrew Boardman, F. H. Dykers, and others; but on request of Mr. Noyes they were adjourned to Oct. 2.

The Court then adjourned as above.

William Curtis Noyes and Tracy, Powers and Talmadge for the plaintiffs; Messrs. Bliss, Lord, Burrill, Larocque, Boardman, Abbott, Marbury, Bowne and others for defendants.

The Post-Office Defalcation.

THE ISSUES TO BE TRIED ON MR. FOWLER'S BOND.

George Law and Gustavus A. Conover vs. *The United States.*—The following issues have been framed by Judge BETTS, in the United States District Court, and delivered to the United States District Attorney.

It appearing to the Court that this case presents difficult questions of fact which ought to be tried by a jury, now, therefore, it is ordered that the questions be submitted for trial by a jury, to be impanneled at a regular term of this Court, to wit.:

Did the complainant, George Law, deliver, authorize, or assent to, or acquiesce in the delivery to the United States, or to their use of the bond in the penalty of $75,000 in the complaint mentioned, without its being also executed by Oliver Charlick.

Did the complainant, G. A. Conover, ever deliver, or authorize, or assent to, or acquiesce in the delivery of the said bond to the United States, or to or for their use, without its being executed by the said Oliver Charlick?

Did the said George Law, prior to the 10th of May, 1860, know, or have reason to believe, that the said bond had been delivered to, or was held by, the said obligees, or for their use, without its having been executed by the said Oliver Charlick?

Did Conover, prior to the 10th of May, 1860, know, or have reason to believe, that the said bond had been delivered to, or held by, the obligees, or for their use, without its having been executed by the said Oliver Charlick?

Did Law and Conover ever, and if so when, inform the Government that they would not be bound by the bond, unless Charlick became co-security with them?

Did they ever inform the Government that they woutd not be bound by the bond, in consequence of Charlick's omitting to become a co-security with them therein?

Was Isaac V. Fowler, Deputy Postmaster at the City of New-York, at the time when Law and Conover executed the bond, a defaulter to the United States, for, or in respect to the moneys which he had raised as Deputy Postmaster, and if so, what amount?

Was Fowler, Postmaster at the City of New-York, at the time of the delivery of the bond, a defaulter to the United States?

Was Fowler Deputy Postmaster at the City of New-York, at the time of the delivery of the bond, a defaulter to the United States?

Did Geo. Law, at the time of the delivery of the bond, have reason to believe that Fowler was a defaulter to the United States?

Did Conover, at the time of the delivery of the bond, have reason to believe that Fowler was a defaulter to the United States?

Did the proper officers of the Post-Office Department, at the time Law executed the bond, know or have notice that Fowler was a defaulter?

Did the proper officers of the Post-Office Department, at the time Conover executed the bond, know or have notice that Fowler was a defaulter?

The other issues set forth are a repetition of the above.

Da Costa Bailed at Last.

After long and hitherto fruitless efforts on the part of his counsel to escape from the clutches of the law and the consequences of his alleged complicity in the slave-trade by straw bail, Da Costa and his friends have adopted the only alternative left, viz. they have raised $5,000 and deposited it as security with responsible parties, in the event of his failure to appear for trial. The trial was set down for the October term, and there was little time left. The bail in the present case is Philo Beebe, Esq., brother of ex-Judge Beebe, Da Costa's counsel, a gentleman abundantly able to stand in the gap, but who, in this case, is understood to be entirely on the safe side, having the necessary security in his own hands. Da Costa has been imprisoned in Eldridge-street Jail until quite recently, when, in consequence of the escape of some prisoners from that institution, he was transferred for safe keeping to the Tombs. The bark *Kate*, which was some time since released on bond, is understood to be getting ready for sea.

The West Washington Market Case.

ANOTHER POSTPONEMENT.

The People and Taylor & Brennan vs. *The Mayor, &c.*—The argument of the return to the order to show cause in this case, was again postponed until this day, (Wednesday,) at 12 M.

Counsel for the respondents, Ex-Judge Edmonds, was unable now to attend to it.

Legal Notice.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Notes of issue for the October Term of this Court must be filed on or before Saturday, the 22d inst., at 12 M., and must state on the face whether "demurrer" or "not demurrer."

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

SUTHERLAND, J.—*Bridgewater Iron and Manufacturing Company* vs. *Z. E. Coffin.*—Execution set aside. Defendant may appear, &c.

The People ex rel. Rohan vs. *The Common Pleas of the City of New-York.*—Motion granted.

INGRAHAM, J.—*Campbell* vs. *Parrish.*—Motion denied. Costs to abide event.

Colleman, &c., vs. *Van Vleek, &c.*—Allowance of $100.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

BOSWORTH, J.—*Young* vs. *Willett.*—Case and exceptions settled.

Myers vs. *Myers.*—Judgment of divorce granted.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—SEPT. 18.

$13,000 Tenn. St. 6s, '90 90⅞	10 Penn. Coal Co. ... 82
3,000 Va. State 6s ... 91⅜	200 Harlem R. Pref. b10 49½
4,000 do ... 91¼	50 do ... s60 49½
1,000 Missouri St. 6s ... 80¾	50 do ... s30 49¾
2,000 do ... 80⅝	300 Reading R ... s30 48
5,000 N. C. State 6s ... 98¼	100 do ... 48¼
2,000 Brook. C. W. L ... 103⅝	100 Mich. Central R ... 71⅝
2,000 N. Y. Central 6s 98¾	200 do ... b30 72
5,000 Erie. R. 4 M. Bs. 103½	50 do ... s30 71¾
3,000 Erie R. 3 M. R ... '88 99	100 do ... 71¾
5,000 Erie R. 4 M. Bs. 94¼	250 Mich. So. & N. I. R. 23
5,000 Erie R. 5th M. Bs. 77½	100 do ... b60 23¼
4,000 Mich. So. S. F. Bs. 81½	100 do ... b15 23¼
500 Ill. Cen. R. Bds. 99¼	50 do ... s30 23
5,000 C. & N. W. 2d M. b60 36	200 M. So. & N. I. G. S. b30 49½
5,000 do ... 35	350 do ... b60 49½
6,000 L. E. & W. 1st M. B. 77	300 do ... s30 49
9,000 L. E. & W. 2d M. B. 48⅜	200 do ... 49½
5 Am. Ex. Bank ... 103¼	100 Panama R ... s60 126
200 Canton Company ... 21⅞	100 Illinois Cen. R. S. b3 88⅛
150 do ... 22	275 do ... 88
100 do ... b60 22¼	50 do ... b30 88¼
17 Del. & Hud. Ca. Co. 95⅛	25 do ... b60 87¾
25 Pac. M. S. Co ... b60 83¾	25 do ... 87¾
50 do ... b60 83¼	50 do ... s10 87¾
10 do ... 84	150 do ... b30 87¾
550 New-York Cen. R ... 88⅞	150 do ... 87¾
100 do ... b60 88¾	200 Clev. & Pittsb'gh R. 12⅛
150 do ... 88¾	50 Galena & Chi. R ... 79
100 do ... s60 88¼	250 do ... b30 79
150 do ... s60 88⅛	650 do ... 78¾
450 do ... 88¼	100 do ... b10 78¾
600 Erie Railroad ... b10 33¾	50 do ... b4 78¾
111 do ... 33¾	50 do ... b10 78¾
300 do ... s60 33½	1300 Cleve. & Tol. R ... 48
100 do ... 33¾	700 do ... b60 48¼
700 do ... 33¾	100 do ... b10 48¼
300 do ... b3 34	700 do ... b10 48
75 do ... b30 34	200 Chic. & R. I. R ... 81⅛
800 do ... b60 34	200 do ... b60 82¼
200 do ... b60 34½	250 do ... b10 81½
100 do ... b60 34¾	300 do ... b15 81¾
100 do ... b60 34¾	350 do ... b30 81¾
200 do ... b10 34	150 do ... b30 81⅛
5 Erie R. Assent. St ... 33¾	600 do ... 81⅛
25 Hudson River R ... 63¼	100 do ... s60 81⅛
50 do ... b60 63¾	250 Chi. B. & Q. R ... 91½
100 do ... 63	150 do ... 90½
300 do ... 62⅞	100 Mil. & Miss. R ... 14⅞
375 Harlem Railroad ... 19⅜	150 La Crosse & M. R ... 1⅝
300 do ... b30 19½	40 New-Jersey R ... 133
50 do ... 19⅜	

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000 U. S. 5's '74 cop. 103	100 Reading Railr'd ... 47⅝
1,000 Missouri State 6s. 80⅜	300 do ... 47⅝
10,000 do ... s30 80	200 do ... 47⅝
14,000 do ... 80	1,000 do ... s60 47⅞
10,000 Tenn. St. 6s, '90 ... 90	250 Gal. & Chic. R. b30 79
7,000 M. S. F. Bonds ... 81½	50 do ... 78⅞
1,000 Ch. & N. W. S. F. b. 80	50 M. S. & N. I. G. S. b30 48⅜
10,000 Mich. C. 8 ⅌ c. 1st	300 do ... 48⅜
m. S. F. conv't b. 102	150 Ill. Cen. R. S'p ...
1,000 Ch. & N. W. 1st m. 60⅛	do ... b30 87¼
150 Canton Co ... 22⅛	200 Cleve. & Tol. R. s60 48
300 do ... 23	200 do ... b60 48⅝
300 do ... b60 23¼	200 do ... b10 48⅜
300 do ... b60 24	200 do ... 48⅜
50 N. Y. Central R ... 88¼	200 do ... b10 48⅜
100 Erie Railroad ... 33	200 Chi. & R. I'd R. s30 81
225 do ... 33	100 do ... s30 81⅛
200 do ... 33	100 do ... s60 81
150 Hudson R. R ... b60 62½	100 do ... b10 81⅛
125 do ... 62	400 do ... b30 81⅜
150 Harlem Railr'd ... 19⅜	100 do ... s60 80⅞
100 Harlem R. pref ... 49⅞	150 do ... b3 81⅛
100 do ... 49⅛	150 do ... 81
100 Mich. Cent. R ... 71⅝	

TUESDAY, Sept. 18—P. M.

The Stock Market closed steady in prices, and rather firm in tone this afternoon, after more than the usual alternations in the movements of the day. The dealings opened fair on New-York Central and Erie at the early Board, and a considerable business was done in the latter at the full rates of yesterday afternoon, 33¾@34 ⅌ cent.; the price of Central varying scarcely ⅛ ⅌ cent., leaving off 88¼. On the other hand, Hudson River and the Western Shares followed at rather weaker prices and gradually yielded through the day until after the adjournment of the afternoon Board, when an improved demand was shown for Galena, Michigan Southern and Cleveland and Toledo. The heaviest fall from yesterday's prices was in Illinois Central, which from 89⅛ yesterday morning and 88 in the afternoon, went to 87 ⅌ cent. at the close. The sales of this stock are in part on the calculation of lower prices from Europe, while the sales of some of the other Western Stocks are probably on the expectation that the second week's traffic in September, when reported, will disappoint the public. We do not know how this may be, but we apprehend that as the comparison will be with one of the best weeks of last September, no decided increase is really looked for. We hear that none whatever is promised from the Galena, which line this time last year had a heavier local passenger business than customary. The offering of stocks at the decline was quite moderate after the adjournment of the Second Board, and as the demand improved, prices rallied ¼@⅜ ⅌ cent., and left off about as follows, compared with Monday afternoon:

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
Central	88⅜	88¼	Erie	33¾	33¼
Rock Island	81½	81	Illinois Central	88⅛	87
Galena	79¼	79⅜	Toledo	48⅛	48¼
Harlem	19⅜	19⅜	Mich. Central	71½	71½
Mich. Southern	23⅜	23	Burlington	92	90¾
Mich. Guar'teed	49	49	Reading	48	47⅞

In State Stocks, there was a decline in Missouris to 80 ⅌ cent., while other descriptions (more in favor with the Western Free Bankers) were steady. The Railway Bonds were generally firm.

In Money affairs there is a good inquiry among the Stock Brokers to-day at 7 ⅌ cent. on miscellaneous collateral, while some of the old Stock and Exchange firms report that their wants this week are more readily supplied than last, and 6 ⅌ cent. more frequently accepted. The Discount Brokers also report an easy currency for prime selections of short paper at 6½@7 ⅌ cent. The indications from Europe are of a cheaper market for Money in London in the course of a few weeks. Already the out-door rates in that market are ¼@½ ⅌ cent. below the Bank of England. The Foreign Exchanges for the Boston mail to-day close steady for standard Bankers, 109⅝@109¾ ⅌ cent., while transient Bank bills and Merchant bills are easier at irregular rates.

The City Loan of $3,000,000 was bid for to-day as follows:

Names.	Amount.	Rate.
Mary O'Shea	$5,000	at par.
Joseph Lawrence	10,000	100.57
United States Trust Company	100,000	100.77
United States Trust Company	50,000	100.07
Grinnell, Minturn & Co	50,000	101.27
Ward & Co	20,000	100.63
Ward & Co	50,000	100.06
E. Whitehouse, Son & Morrison	50,000	100.06
E. Whitehouse, Son & Morrison	50,000	100.56
E. Whitehouse, Son & Morrison	50,000	100.76
Ward, Campbell & Co	50,000	100.06
Ward, Campbell & Co	50,000	100.56
Ward, Campbell & Co	50,000	100.76
James G. King's Sons	50,000	100.56
Marrett Trimbell	150,000	101.06
Marrett Trimbell	50,000	101.76
Marrett Trimbell	50,000	102.06
Cammann & Co	5,000	100.26
Cammann & Co	5,000	100.76
Cammann & Co	5,000	105.00
Cammann & Co	6,000	100.87
Cammann & Co	6,000	101.25
Jno. C. Green	500,000	101.06
Marie & Kanz	50,000	100.05
Thompson Brothers	100,000	100.03
Thompson Brothers	100,000	100.07
H. Bean	130,000	100.61
Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank	200,000	100.5 m'ls
German Savings Bank	25,000	100.57
German Savings Bank	25,000	100.27
German Savings Bank	25,000	100.07
German Savings Bank	25,000	100.77
German Savings Bank	25,000	par.
Dry Dock Savings Institution	50,000	100.01
Dry Dock Savings Institution	100,000	100.11
Dry Dock Savings Institution	50,000	100.26
Dry Dock Savings Institution	50,000	100.51
Dry Dock Savings Institution	50,000	100.57
Gilman, Son & Co	30,000	100.93
Gilman, Son & Co	20,000	100.27
H. Meigs, Jr., & Smith	50,000	100.59
H. Meigs, Jr., & Smith	20,000	100.09
H. Meigs, Jr., & Smith	20,000	100.59
H. Meigs, Jr., & Smith	16,000	102.59
R. Jacobs	12,000	102.51
Charles W. Lawrence	1,500	par.
J. J. Astor, Jr	11,000	103.03
J. J. Astor, Jr	2,900	103.40
Jacob Lozier	6,000	103.00
Abner Beers	5,000	100.55
E. White	10,600	101.00
E. White	10,000	100.25
E. White	10,000	101.50
E. White	10,000	101.75
Howard Insurance Company	5,000	100.55
Howard Insurance Company	5,600	100.65
Samuel T. Skidmore	2,000	100.10
Daniel Allee	5,000	102.50
W. W. Russell	3,000	103.00
Alfred Tobias	1,700	Par.
V. L. Buxton	10,000	101.00
Irving Savings Institution	50,000	100.10
Irving Savings Institution	50,000	100.50
Irving Savings Institution	50,000	101.00
Irving Savings Institution	50,000	102.00
Irving Savings Institution	50,000	102.12
Manhattan Savings Institution	250,000	100.52
Manhattan Savings Institution	250,000	101.00
Manhattan Savings Institution	250,000	100.27
Manhattan Savings Institution	250,000	100.76
Seamen's Bank for Savings	50,000	102.50
Seamen's Bank for Savings	50,000	102.25
Seamen's Bank for Savings	50,000	102.00
Seamen's Bank for Savings	50,000	100.75
Seamen's Bank for Savings	50,000	100.50
Seamen's Bank for Savings	50,000	100.25
Seamen's Bank for Savings	50,000	101.00
Seamen's Bank for Savings	50,000	100.50
East River Savings Institution	25,000	par.
Mary Martin	4,500	101.00
Commissioners Sinking Fund	125,000	102.00
Von Hoffman & Co	6,000	100.82
Von Hoffman & Co	6,000	102.00
Von Hoffman & Co	6,000	100.22
Aug. Von Blaghn	20,000	102.01
Cortland P. Field	14,000	par.
Cortland P. Field	5,000	100.10
Henry Von Blaghn	2,000	101.00
Wm. B. Betts	3,000	100.40
David Monroe	2,000	100.10
Alex. Benson & Co	30,000	100.25
Mariners' Savings Institution	30,000	100.12½
Josiah Macy's Sons	25,000	102.50
Schenectady Insurance Company	5,000	par.
Schenectady Insurance Company	5,000	100.26
Schenectady Insurance Company	5,000	100.56
McKimm & Co	10,000	100.01
McKimm & Co	10,000	102.00
McKimm & Co	50,000	102.50
Richard A. Reading	8,000	102.00
Effingham Schiefflin	15,000	102.55
C. A. Locke	100,000	102.40
C. A. Locke	100,000	102.46
C. A. Locke	100,000	102.56
C. A. Locke	100,000	102.60
C. A. Locke	100,000	102.66
L. T. Bennett	4,000	par.
Total	$4,342,000	

The Canal receipts at tide water of flour, wheat, corn and barley, for the second week of September, 1860 and 1859, have been as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Barley, bu.
1860	30,100	1,073,900	554,700	11,300
1859	7,100	159,200	195,200	16,000
Increase	23,000	214,700	359,500	Dec.4,700

The aggregates of the receipts of the above articles so far, for the years 1860 and 1859, have been:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Barley, bu.
1860	466,200	6,721,900	10,801,300	98,700
1859	229,400	971,600	1,926,000	179,800
Increase	236,800	5,750,300	8,875,300	Dec.81,100

Reducing the wheat to flour, the excess in the receipts of 1860 is equal to 1,386,800 bbls. of flour.

The receipts at tide-water of the principal articles of produce, from the opening of the Canals to and including the 14th inst., have been as follows:

	1860.	1859.	1858.
Canal open	April 28.	April 15.	April 25.
Flour, bbls	466,200	229,400	1,131,700
Wheat, bush	6,721,900	971,600	5,468,200
Corn, bush	10,801,300	1,926,000	3,818,600
Barley, bush	98,700	179,800	440,000
Rye, bush	146,900	111,900	341,000
Oats, bush	3,996,300	2,613,000	2,945,100
Pork, bbls	6,770	36,555	21,143
Beef, bbls	2,282	1,400	7,069
Cheese, lbs	109,300	339,900	363,100
Lard	834,700	3,182,100	2,856,500
Butter	194,100	292,000	218,500
Bacon	449,800	1,763,900	2,986,200
Wool	1,822,100	1,905,600	2,368,200

The arrearage of Interest on the Bonds of Scott County, Iowa, has been remitted to CLARK, DODGE & Co., Wall-street, for payment to the Bondholders on the April, 1860, coupon.

The earnings of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, the second week of September, show as follows:

Second week 1860	$23,620
Second week 1859	18,116
Increase	$5,504

The following is a statement of the movements in cotton since the 1st September last as compared with the previous four years:

	1860.	1859.	1858.	1857.	1856.
Rec. at P'ts	45,000	48,000	34,000	7,000	30,000
Ex. to G. B.	8,000	24,000	16,000	5,000	6,000
Ex. to France	1,500	1,000	....	....	....
Ex. other F.P.	2,500	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000
Total Export	12,000	26,000	17,000	6,000	10,000
St'k on hand	211,000	132,000	88,000	34,000	60,000

Of the Cotton crop prospects Messrs. WM. P. WRIGHT & Co. say:

"The experience of the past two seasons proves how foolish it is to indulge in estimates too early. We repeat the assertion that all estimates in figures are mere guess-work, and that for two months from this date no reliance can be placed upon figures for the next crop. There are still complaints of injury from too much rain in the extreme South, while from the Upland States and Alabama the injurious effects of the drought are more and more perceptible. The second growth is going on well, and much diversity of opinion exists as to the results therefrom."

And Messrs. NEILL BROS. & Co. remark:

"The improvement in crop prospects noted in our last circular, is confirmed by a week's later advices. The rains have been succeeded by fine weather, and the accounts come more favorable. The new growth continues to do well; and it is now generally conceded that the upland crop may be materially improved by it. On light, sandy soils it promises to do best; but fine weather and a late frost will be essential to its full development everywhere. The early pickings on some of the hilly lands which suffered by drought are found to yield rather lightly, but in other places an average crop will be gathered. From the bottom-land districts there is nothing new to report—the prospects for full crops continuing as heretofore. The weekly receipts of new Cotton are footing up largely, and show an excess over last year at same time. By mail dates 42,000 bales have been received for the first week in September against 33,000 last year. The receipts at the interior towns are increasing, and by telegraph continue free at the Gulf ports."

The following is a comparative statement of the exports (exclusive of Specie) from New-York to foreign ports, for the week, and since Jan. 1:

	1858.	1859.	1860.
For the week	$1,047,270	$1,544,445	$2,151,358
Previously repor'd	44,389,216	45,981,543	62,630,375
Since Jan. 1	$45,436,486	$47,525,988	$64,781,733

Foreign Commercial Intelligence per Europa.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Consuls closed, on Friday, at 93⅛@93¼ for money, and 93¼@93⅜ for account. The bullion in the Bank has increased £255,000.

The funds closed languid but steady. The demand on money was moderate but rather more active; rates were unchanged.

HICKMAN & BROS., iron masters, of Bilston, had failed. Their liabilities are £80,000 sterling.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Sept. 8.

The sales of COTTON to-day were 12,000 bales, including 5,000 bales on speculation and for export. The market closes firm at Friday's prices.

The advices from Manchester are favorable. The market was firm and slightly higher for all kinds of goods.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Sept. 7.

The weather is favorable for the crops.

BIGLAND, ATHYA & CO., WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co., and RICHARDSON, SPENCE & CO. report the markets paralyzed and sales quite unimportant and prices nominal. A few forced sales were made to-day (Friday) at about the following reductions on the week: FLOUR, 2s.@3s.; WHEAT, 9d.; CORN, 1s.6d.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Sept. 8.

The Breadstuffs market to-day was dull and nominal.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Messrs. BIGLAND, ATHYA & CO., WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co., and RICHARDSON, SPENCE & CO., report: BEEF dull. PORK quiet but firm. LARD at 62s.@64s. BACON quiet. TALLOW steady; North American, 52s. 6d.@53s. 6d.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The PROVISION market is quiet to-day.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

The *Brokers' Circular* reports: ASHES quiet; Pots 27s. 9d.@28s., Pearls 29s. SUGAR steady. COFFEE quiet. RICE dull, and 6d. lower. BARK quiet; Philadelphia 8s. 6d.@9s., Baltimore 7s. 9d. LINSEED CAKES slightly higher; American £9 12s. 6d.@£10. FISH OILS—Sales unimportant; Sperm £105; Whale £34 ⅌ ton. LINSEED OIL, 31s.@30s. RESIN closed buoyant, with an unsettled and excited market; Common, 4s. 9d.@5s. 3d on the spot, and 5s. to arrive. SPIRITS TURPENTINE firm, at 31s.@32s., closing at 32s. 5d.

LONDON MARKETS.

BARING'S Circular reports BREADSTUFFS considerably lower for all qualities, but sales unimportant, and quotations nominal. IRON dull at £5 5s.@£5 10s., for both rails and bars. PIG IRON dull at 51s. SUGAR firm, and fully 6d. higher. TEA declined ¼d.@1d.; Congou, 1s. 3¼d.@1s. 3½d. TALLOW quiet, at 52s. RICE heavy. SPIRITS TURPENTINE steady, at 31s. COFFEE firm. COPPER advanced ¼d. ⅌ lb. on manufactured, and £2 ⅌ ton on unmanufactured. LINSEED cakes in but little inquiry, and prices weak; New-York bbls., £11; Boston bags, £10 10s. 6d. FISH OILS firm. SPERM OIL £107@£108. COD OIL £35. LINSEED OIL slightly lower; sales at 30s.

HAVRE MARKET.

[*For the week including the 5th inst.*]

COTTON—Sales of the week 8,000 bales; stock 202,000 bales; New-Orleans *tres ordinaire*, 92f.; ditto *bas*, 82f. The market closed quiet, but steady. BREADSTUFFS generally had a declining tendency, but WHEAT had slightly advanced in Havre. ASHES dull. COFFEE firm. OILS firm. RICE firm. SUGARS dull, buyers demanding a reduction. LARD quiet, but firm. WHALEBONE active at a slight decline.

THE LATEST.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 8.

Consuls closed at 93¼@93⅜ for money and account.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

BARING BROTHERS report sales of United State 6s, 1867-8 at 98; do. 5s at 92; Pennsylvania 5s at 85; do Bonds of '77 at 87; Virginia 5s of '88 at 82@82½. Securities were partially slightly better. Sales of Illinois Central Shares, 13¼ dis.; do. Bonds at 90½; New-York Central Shares at 80; do. 7s at 96; do 6s, 83; Erie Shares, 29¾; do. third mortgage Bonds, 83@84; Pennsylvania Central 6s, first mortgage, 91.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Sept. 18, 1860—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been 104 bbls. Ashes, 24,132 bbls. Flour, 703 bbls. Corn Meal, 121,541 bushels Wheat, 95,511 bushels Corn, 41,188 bushels Oats, 25 packages Provisions, and 470 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales, 50 bbls. at $5 25 for Pots, and $5 56¼ for Pearls ⅌ 100 lbs. Yesterday's sales were 40 bbls.

COFFEE—Has been more sought after, and sales have been made of 6,716 bags Rio (by auction) at 13¼c.@15¾c. ⅌ lb., or an average of $13 80 ⅌ 100 lbs., indicating an improvement of ⅛c.@¼c. ⅌ lb.; 1,500 bags Rio, *ex P. C. Warwick*, at 14c.@14¼c.; 100 mats Java, at 16½c.; 150 pockets Macassan (by auction) at 14⅞c.; 280 bags Laguayra, at 14⅞c.@15c.; and 140 bags St. Domingo, at 13c., ⅌ lb., usual terms. Stock of all kinds of Coffee, in first hands, this morning, 37,461 pkgs.

STOCK OF RIO.

	Bags.
Sept. 15, New-Orleans	8,000
Sept. 15, Baltimore	8,000
Sept. 15, Philadelphia	1,500
Sept. 18, New-York	11,091
Total	28,591

COTTON—Has been in limited request at uniform prices. Sales, 900 bales. The following is a statement, prepared by Messrs. NEILL, BROS. & Co., of the movements of Cotton for the last week and since the 1st September, 1859, compared with the five preceding years:

	RECEIPTS		EX. FOR PAST WEEK		
	Past Wk.	Since Sept. 1.	To Gt. B.	To Fr.	Oth. F. P.
1860-61	42,000	42,000	4,000	1,000	—
1859-60	33,000	48,000	17,000	1,000	—
1858-9	23,000	34,000	9,000	—	—
1857-8	5,000	7,000	2,000	—	—
1856-7	20,000	30,000	2,000	—	1,000
1855-6	41,000	71,000	10,000	2,000	2,000

	EXPORTS SINCE FIRST SEPTEMBER				
	To Gt. B.	To Fr.	Other F. P.	Total.	Stock.
1860-61	6,000	2,000	—	8,000	260,000
1859-60	24,000	1,000	1,000	26,000	132,000
1858-9	16,000	—	1,000	17,000	88,000
1857-8	5,000	—	1,000	6,000	34,000
1856-7	6,000	—	4,000	10,000	60,000
1855-6	29,000	3,000	3,000	14,000	142,000

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has again declined 10c.@15c. ⅌ bbl., under the influence of liberal arrivals and the eagerness of most holders to realize, while the demand is restricted. We have heard of sales of 18,550 bbls., in lots, including superfine State at $5 20@$5 35, mainly at $5 25@$5 30; inferior to choice extra State at $5 50@$5 70, chiefly at $5 55@$5 60, with some uninspected as low as $5 40@$5 45; superfine Western at $5 20@$5 40; extra Iowa and Wisconsin at $5 45@$6 25; extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan at $5 55@$6 40; very inferior extra Ohio at $5 60@$5 65; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, $5 70@$5 85, chiefly at $5 70@$5 75 ⅌ bbl.

Superfine State	$5 20	@$5 35
Extra State	5 50	@ 5 70
Superfine Western	5 20	@ 5 40
Extra Iowa and Wisconsin	5 45	@ 6 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan	5 55	@ 6 40
Inferior Extra Ohio	5 60	@ 5 65
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping bd	5 70	@ 5 85
Extra Ohio, trade brand	5 90	@ 6 65
Fancy Genesee	5 75	@ 5 90
Extra Genesee	6 00	@ 7 00
Inferior to choice Extra Missouri	5 85	@ 7 00

Southern Flour is in fair demand at, however, drooping rates. The reported transactions add up 2,780 bbls., in lots, chiefly at $5 75@$6 05 for very poor to good superior Alexandria, Baltimore, &c., and $6 10@$7 50 for fancy to very choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian is quiet, including superfine at $5 25@$5 40, and inferior to very choice extra, $5 60@$7 50, ⅌ bbl.; 500 bbls. changed hands. Rye Flour is inactive at $3 50@$4 35 for fine and superfine ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is dull and heavy, at $3 50@$3 55 for Jersey, and $3 95 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been freely offered and purchased, at, however, reduced prices. The principal inqury has been from shippers. The reported transactions add up 123,500 bushels, including White Western, ordinary to very choice, at $1 33@$1 50; unsound and soft do., at $1 29@$1 32; Amber Western at $1 30; sound Red Western at $1 28@$1 29, mainly at $1 28; unsound and soft do., at $1 26@$1 27; Milwaukee Club, at $1 22@$1 24; Racine Spring $1 21; Chicago Spring, unsound to good No. 1, at $1 15@$1 20; Red State, at $1 26@$1 28; White Kentucky, at $1 45@$1 55; and White North Carolina, at $1 45 ⅌ bushel. Corn continues plenty and heavy; sales, 118,500 bushels, at 65c.@66c., chiefly at 65½c.@66c., for mixed Western; 67c.@68c. for yellow Western, ⅌ bushel. Rye is in moderate demand at 80c. ⅌ bushel. Sales, 1,650 bushels, State Barley at 78c.@79c. ⅌ bushel. Oats are inquired for, including Canada, at 40½c.@41c.; Western at 40c.@41c., and State at 40½c.@41½c. ⅌ bushel. The receipts at tide water of the principal kind of Breadstuffs from the opening of the Canals to and including the 14th inst., have been as follows:

	1860.	1859.	1858.
Canal open	April 28	April 15.	April 25.
Flour, bbls	466,200	229,400	1,131,700
Wheat, bush	6,721,900	971,600	5,468,200
Corn, bush	10,801,300	1,926,000	3,818,600
Barley, bush	98,700	179,800	440,000
Rye, bush	146,900	111,900	341,000
Oats, bush	3,996,300	2,613,000	2,945,100

The receipts of Wheat for the second week in September, exceeds the entire receipts of 1859 to Sept. 15, by 102,300 bushels.

The following is a statement of the tide water receipts of Flour, Wheat and Corn from the opening of Canal navigation to Sept. 15, commencing with the year 1847:

	Flour, Bbls.	Wheat, Bush.	Corn, Bush.
1847	2,535,500	2,682,200	4,832,200
1848	1,325,600	1,131,500	1,666,100
1849	1,472,500	1,093,300	3,980,500
1850	1,363,300	980,100	2,677,900
1851	1,980,200	1,515,400	5,663,900
1852	2,006,900	3,319,400	3,905,800
1853	1,581,600	3,610,000	1,912,400
1854	636,300	2,307,200	5,638,500
1855	548,800	946,200	6,813,000
1856	573,700	5,303,800	6,230,600
1857	326,100	1,815,900	4,187,700
1858	1,131,700	5,468,200	3,818,600
1859	229,400	971,600	1,926,000
1860	466,200	6,721,900	10,801,300

The receipts of Wheat and Corn in 1860 are largely in excess of the receipts of any previous year. But when Flour is taken into account—almost the entire of which now finds its way to tide-water by railroad—the receipts of Wheat and Flour reduced to Wheat in 1860, are behind the years 1847, 1851, 1852, 1853 and 1858.

HAY—Sales 800 bales North River, at 70c.@85c. for new, and 90c.@$1 for old, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HIDES—Are in fair request, at buoyant prices, including Buenos Ayres, at 24c. ⅌ lb., usual credit.

MOLASSES—The market is quiet, yet prices are steady.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine is inactive and nominal at $2 87½ ⅌ 280 lbs. Week's receipts, 1,071 bbls. Estimated stock, 5,500 bbls. Spirits Turpentine has been in fair request, within a range of from 39½c.@41c. ⅌ gallon. Week's receipts, 368 bbls.; estimated stock, 4,000 bbls. Tar is dull and heavy, chiefly at $2 60@$2 65 ⅌ bbl. Week's receipts, 904 bbls.; estimated stock, 2,000 bbls. Resin continues in demand, including common at from $1 35@$1 40; strained, $1 40@$1 42½; and No. 2 at $1 50@$1 87½ ⅌ 310 lbs.; with low to fine and pale No. 1 at $2@$3 50 ⅌ 280 lbs. Week's receipts of Resin, 6,315 bbls.; estimated stock of common Resin, 35,000 bbls. Mr. C. J. TURNER has prepared the following statement of the

Naval Store trade of New-York, Jan. 1 to Sept. 11, 1860:

	Receipts.	Exports.
Crude Turpentine, bbls	47,716	41,741
Spirits Turpentine, bbls	112,100	49,629
Resin	498,122	361,301
Tar	42,163	20,956

PROVISIONS—Pork has been purchased to the extent of 1,000 bbls., including new Mess at $19@$19 25; new Prime at $14@$14 25; old Mess at $19, and old Prime at $13 25 ⅌ bbl. Lard is depressed; sales 465 tierces and bbls., in lots, at 12¼c.@13¼c., ⅌ lb. Beef is in good demand, at steady prices; sales 750 bbls., at $9@$10 for repacked Western Mess; $11@$12 50 for extra Western Mess; $5@$6 for Country Mess, and $4@$4 50 for Country Prime, ⅌ bbl. Prime Mess, $14@$18 ⅌ tierce. Beef Hams, $10@$15 ⅌ bbl. Butter is in good request at 16c.@21c. for new State, and 12c.@17c. for Western, ⅌ lb. Cheese is salable and firm at 9½c.@11½c. ⅌ lb.

RICE—Sales to-day 90 tierces, in lots, at $4 75@$5 ⅌ 100 lbs. Messrs. EUGENE O'SULLIVAN & Co. are offering samples of the first invoice of the new crop, received this season.

SEEDS—Clover is in request at prices within a range of 9c.@9½c. ⅌ lb. Timothy is moderately inquired for at $2 25@$2 50 ⅌ bushel. Calcutta Linseed is stiffly held, but is not active.

SUGARS—We have heard of sales of 1,000 hhds., chiefly Cuba, at 6c.@7¼c., with 90 boxes Havana at 7⅞c.@8¼c. ⅌ lb.

TOBACCO—The demand is active, at very firm rates. Sales have been reported of 65 hhds. Kentucky at 6c.@11c., 514 cases Seed Leaf at 4c.@15c.: and 808 bales Yara on terms not made public.

WHISKY—Sales, 500 bbls., chiefly at 23c., ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—The engagements to-day were moderate, and rates favored shippers slightly. For Liverpool, Cotton, 7-32d.@¼d. ⅌ lb.; Flour, 3s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 12½c.@13½c. ⅌ bush. For Glasgow, Flour, 3s. 6d.@4s. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 12d.@13d. ⅌ bush. For London, Flour, 4s. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 13½d.@14d. ⅌ bush. For Bristol, Flour, 3s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 12½d.@14d. ⅌ bush. For Havre, Flour, (by steamer,) $1 ⅌ bbl., and Grain at 25c. ⅌ bush.

CHOCOLATE.

Chocolate is healthy, agreeable to the taste and nutritive.

It is used everywhere as a pectoral, as a strengthening agent.

It is acknowledged by every "Medical Institute," and recommended for the benefit of feeble constitutions and sickly persons.

Use "Chocolate Bonbons" for your children, instead of any other "bonbons or candies."

Use "Chocolate" for your

LUNCH.

Every "business man" ought to keep in his desk a tablet of "MENDES' Health Chocolate."

It is used in Paris and in London by all persons whose business does not allow their going home at mid-day, as the most nutritive "lunch," as the most agreeable food.

The best "lunch" is a cake of good "Chocolate" with a roll of bread and a glass of water for beverage.

Make your purchase of

E. MENDES,
Manufacturer of Patented Chocolate,
No. 645 Broadway.

PERSONAL.

MESSRS. PAUL S. BROWN'S SONS, successors to Paul S. Brown, respectfully solicit the orders of their many patrons and friends for bread, cake, pastries, &c. For the convenience of their customers, the various breads and rolls will be delivered at their respective houses early every morning, and their wagon will call daily to receive orders for cake, which will be promptly delivered.
No. 172 9TH-ST., CORNER 3D-AV.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.—THE NEW YORK HERALD from the 1st of March, 1856 to the present date. Apply to MICHAEL AHERN, No. 123 Avenue A.

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WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, SEPT. 17,
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INCLUDING ALL THE NEWEST PARIS STYLES.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
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W. D. ELLIOTT & CO.,
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INVITE SPECIAL ATTENTION
TO THIS PRESENT SEASON'S NOVELTIES,
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SACKS,
CASSAQUES,
BEDOUINS,
ZOUAVES,
ARABIANS,
ALL OF PARIS IMPORTATION,
AND THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE,
FOR CITY RETAIL TRADE.
ALL FIRST-CLASS GOODS!
AND AT STRICTLY MODERATE PRICES.
—ALSO—
LADIES' FANCY FURS!
IN
TIPPETS,
MUFFS,
CARDINALS,
CAPES, &c.
Manufactured expressly for themselves, of choice highly seasoned skins.
And every article guaranteed as represented.

GRAND RETAIL OPENING
OF NEW AND ELEGANT CLOAKS BY
BULPIN, GREGSON & ELLIOTT,
No. 361 Broadway.
On WEDNESDAY, 19th Sept.,
OUR ENTIRE WHOLESALE STOCK
WILL NOW BE OFFERED AT RETAIL,
Commencing on the above-named day,
embracing
SUPERB LYONS VELVET CLOAKS,
ELEGANT BLACK BEAVER-CLOTH CLOAKS,
BLACK VELVET ARABIANS,
BLACK CLOTH ARABIANS,
COLORED CLOTH ARABIANS,
VELVET AND CLOTH ZOUAVES,
VELVET AND CLOTH BEDOUINS,
And every other novelty of the season, both imported and our own manufacture, all of which we offer to the public
AT MUCH BELOW USUAL RETAIL PRICES.
BULPIN, GREGSON & ELLIOTT,
No. 361 Broadway.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.
Will open on
MONDAY, Sept. 17,
A choice assortment of
LACES,
In the various makes,
LACE CURTAINS and SETS, BARBES, COIFFEURS and VEILS.
ALSO,
An invoice of
FRENCH EMBROIDERIES,
Including the
Latest Paris novelties in
COLLARS and SETS,
TRIMMINGS,
BANDS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.
No. 581 Broadway,
Opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

NEW FALL GOODS
AT RETAIL.
EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.,
Invite attention to their
CHOICE STOCK
OF
NEW GOODS.
SILKS,
SILK ROBES,
FRENCH and IRISH POPLINS,
OTTOMAN VELOURS and REPS, in all varieties,
FRENCH MOUS DE LAINES,
LUPIN'S
CELEBRATED
FRENCH MERINOS
AND
CASHMERES,
PLAIN AND PRINTED
ENGLISH
PRINTS.
ALSO,
A full assortment of
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, &c., &c.
NOW OPEN AT
No. 581 Broadway,
Opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

"GANTS LAMBERT,"
FOR
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,
A new make of GLOVES, manufactured expressly for us, and said to be the best glove in the country.
EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.,
No. 581 Broadway,
Opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

AT KINZEY'S
CHEAP EMBROIDERY AND RIBBON STORE.
Opening Fall Goods,
From Auction.

Ribbons, 6c.	Bonnets, 25c.	Collars, 8c.
Ribbons, 12½c.	Bonnets, 37c.	Collars, 12½c.
Ribbons, 15c.	Bonnets, 50c.	Collars, 18c.
Ribbons, 18c.	Bonnets, 63c.	Collars, 25c.
Ribbons, 25c.	Bonnets, 75c.	Collars, 37c.
Ribbons, 31c.	Bonnets, $1.	Collars, 50c.
Ribbons, 37c.	Bonnets, $1 25.	Collars, 75c.

Opening 150 boxes rich French Flowers.
2,500 Needle-work Sets from auction.

	Opening
Needle-work Sets, 50c.	A line of Head-dresses, 50c.
Needle-work Sets, 63c.	A line of Head-nets, 12½c. & 25c.
Needle-work Sets, 75c.	A line of Dress Trimmings.
Needle-work Sets, $1.	A line of Kid Gloves, 31c.
Needle-work Sets, $1 25.	A line of Belt Ribbons.
Needle-work Sets, $1 50.	

A large line of Ladies' and Gent's Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' Handkerchiefs, embroidered and hem-stitch, 15c. and 25c.
Gent's Linen Handkerchiefs, 10c., 12½c., 15c. and 18c.
3,000 Lace Veils, 18c., 25c., 37c. and 50c.
KINZEY'S, No. 223 8th-av.,
KINZEY'S, No. 223 8th-av.,
KINZEY'S, No. 223 8th-av.,
KINZEY'S, No. 223 8th-av.,
KINZEY'S, No. 223 8th-av.,
Between 21st and 22d sts.
Goods of all kinds from auction, at wholesale, less than jobbers' prices.

LINEN SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS,
Manufactured and imported for our
RETAIL TRADE,
Superior in Bleach and Finish.
TABLE DAMASK NAPKINS AND TOWELINGS.
Our Fall Stock now on
EXHIBITION.
PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

VELOUR OTTOMANS.
JAMES GRAY & CO. have now open a desirable stock of above goods.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

NEW
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES
JUST RECEIVED BY
MILLER & GRANT, No. 703 Broadway.
OPENED THIS DAY.
A superb selection, in new shapes and designs.

FURNITURE COVERINGS AND CURTAINS
We have now in store, and are constantly receiving, an unusually varied stock of
WOOL AND SILK MATERIAL,
from very high cost to [illegible]
The patterns and designs are [illegible] new, and confined to our sales.
PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

JAMES GRAY & CO. HAVE NOW OPEN A FINE SELECTION OF
POINT LACE SETS.
POINT LACE COLLARS AND CUFFS,
EMBROIDERED COLLARS AND CUFFS.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

BRUSSELS CARPETS (NOT TAPESTRIES. Now receiving, in desirable patterns, and good quality:
TAPESTRY CARPETS—a job lot, cheap,
only 87½c. per yard.
THREE-PLY CARPETS,
90c. per yard.
SUPER INGRAIN CARPETS,
70c. per yard.
All at reduced prices. Terms cash only.
GEO. E. L. HYATT,
No. 273 Canal-st., through to No. 31 Howard-st.,
Between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

A CARD.—W. JACKSOE, NO. 551 BROADWAY, has constantly on hand every article desirable for FAMILY MOURNING. Particular attention is called to our stock of Bombazines, Bonnets, Cloaks, Veils and Embroideries.

N. B.—We have received, per late steamers, an immense stock of desirable DRESS GOODS, viz.: Ottomans, Ottoman Velours, Ottoman Barpoors, Empress Cloths, Henrietta and Maltese Cloths, Camel's Hair Cloths, Irish and French Poplins. Also, many new materials, very desirable.

Ladies will please call and examine.
Observe—W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods, No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.

FEPHY WORSTED REDUCED TO 12 1-2 cents.
400 nice-fitting Corsets only $1.
Good Skirts 75c. and $1. Children's 25c.
New styles Dress Trimmings, very cheap.
Gold Belts, Clasps, Buckles and Hair Nets.
Alexandre's Gloves and English Hosiery.
At ALGER'S Cheap Store, No. 882 Broadway.
N. B.—East side, near 19th-st.

SKIRTS, SKIRTS, SKIRTS.—CHEAPER than ever. Retailed at less than wholesale prices. Mme. DEMOREST'S Prize Medal Skirts, Patented June 26, undeniably the best Steel Skirts, and the lowest possible prices. Notice: 12 springs, 50 cents; 15 springs, 75 cents; 20 springs, $1. No. 473 Broadway, Nos. 299 and 320 Canal-st., No. 207 8th-av., No. 244 Grand-st., and No. 134 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn. Dealers supplied at No. 473 Broadway at low prices. Call and examine.

DRY GOODS.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
(corner GRAND-ST.)
FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS,
IN GREAT VARIETY,
WILL BE OFFERED ON MONDAY, SEPT. 17.
OTTOMAN VELOUR, IRISH POPLINS,
PARIS DE LAINES, FRENCH MERINOS,
VALENTIAS, REPS, &c., &c.
Also at stores Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 to 49 CATHARINE-ST.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
WILL EXHIBIT ON MONDAY, SEPT. 17,
CLOAKS, MANTILLAS, &c.
A FULL ASSORTMENT
OF
EXCLUSIVE PARIS STYLES.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
have now open at retail
their Fall Importations of
REAL CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS AND SCARFS.
In quantity and richness this collection will surpass anything ever imported into this country.
Canal-st., corner of Mercer.

EVENING DRESS GOODS.
LACE ROBES,
TARLATAN ROBES,
SILK ILLUSION IN ALL COLORS.
A handsome choice of
FIGURED and PLAIN TARLETANS
in all the new colors. The above goods are the latest importation, and exclusively confined to
JAMES GRAY & CO.,
No. 729 Broadway corner of Waverley-place.

1,117 AT **BROADWAY,** **1,117**
CORNER TWENTY-FIFTH-STREET,
Opposite Madison Park and Worth Monument,
J. A. BLUXOME,
RIBBONS! RIBBONS! RIBBONS!
RIBBONS, From Auction, At 1s. per yard.
RIBBONS, From Auction, At 15c. per yard.
RIBBONS, From Auction, At 18c. per yard.
RIBBONS, From Auction, At 21c. per yard.
RIBBONS, From Auction, At 25c. per yard.
RIBBONS, From Auction, At 31c. per yard.
RIBBONS, From Auction, At 37½c. per yard.
RIBBONS, From Auction, At 42c. per yard.
RIBBONS, At 50c. per yard.
J. A. BLUXOME.

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.
FALL OPENING.
The subscriber will open, on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., his exclusive and very elegant styles of
FRENCH CLOAKS, MANTILLAS, &c.,
Including all the latest novelties to be found in the Parisian market; also, a very large variety of his own superior manufacture, embracing many new and attractive designs, to which he invites the special attention of his customers.
He will open same day an additional lot of
REAL INDIA CAMELS' HAIR LONG AND SQUARE SHAWLS, SCARFS, CLOTH, BORDERING, &c., &c.
GEORGE A. HEARN, No. 425 Broadway.

FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,
QUILTS.
The Real Welsh and Patent
UNSHRINKABLE FLANNELS,
Warranted not to change in Washing.
Exclusively imported by us for our
RETAIL TRADE.
PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

JAMES GRAY & CO INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR STOCK OF
RICH SILKS.
BLACK SILKS, PLAIN AND WATERED.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

GRAND OPENING OF PATTERNS OF THE Paris Fall and Winter Fashions for Ladies' and Children's Dress. Mme. DEMOREST'S Magasin des Modes, Nos. 473 Broadway, 320 Canal-st., and 134 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn. Also, will be issued on THURSDAY, Sept. 20, Mme Demorest's Illustrated Quarterly Report and Mirror of Fashions; Price 5 cents, and for sale at all the News Depôts.

MILLINERY.

PARIS MILLINERY.
Grand Opening.
FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY.
Mme. W. KAHN,
No. 499 Broadway, (up stairs,)
Will open on
THURSDAY, Sept. 20, 1860,
A large and splendid assortment of Millinery for the
FALL AND WINTER SEASONS,
Which will comprise all the latest styles and novelties, and at the lowest prices.
Merchants and Country Milliners are solicited to call before making their purchases elsewhere.
Pattern Bonnets by the case or single, on favorable terms.
Positively no City milliners will be admitted.
Mme. W. KAHN,
No. 499 Broadway, up stairs.

IT IS A LITTLE SINGULAR
That the first invasion of Fifth-av. by artists should be made by an accomplished French lady.
MME. PAULINE REGNIER,
has just arrived from Paris, who will open on THURSDAY, 20th inst., at
No. 19 5TH-AV.,
near the Brevoort House, the most beautiful assortment of
PARIS MILLINERY
ever seen in New-York. Few understand how much delicate taste and artistic skill is needed to produce a beautiful Bonnet, and this cannot be fully appreciated until Mme. R.'s unrivaled assortment is examined in her
MILLINERY PALACE.
The ladies must go at once and see her superb articles, especially her "loves of Bonnets."

MRS. M. A. RINGGOLDS,
No. 286 6th-av., corner of 18th-st.,
Will open Fall styles of Paris and New-York Millinery,
On THURSDAY, Sept. 20, 1860.
Several good milliners wanted; also, some apprentices.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, AND TO Dealers in Millinery Goods and the Trade generally, I am now prepared to furnish double-cape net bonnet frames in quantities required by the trade, and respectfully solicit orders for the same. I also hereby notify all persons that they are forbid to make, manufacture or sell double-cape net bonnet frames, or in any manner whatever infringe upon my patent, (reissued May 15, 1860,) for manufacturing the same, as I shall prosecute all persons infringing the same to the fullest extent of the law.
WHITTEN E. KIDD,
No. 60 McDougal-st., New-York City.
Dated New-York, Aug. 31, 1860.

FALL MILLINERY.—MRS. DAVIDSON, NO. 125 Bleecker-st., has the honor to announce that she will open, on THURSDAY next, Sept. 20, a rich and elegant assortment of Paris Fall and Winter Millinery, selected expressly by her own agent in Paris from the leading establishments, and comprising every novelty of the season. No. 125 Bleecker-st., west of Broadway.

MRS. S. D. BARNUM HAVING RESUMED business at No. 62 East 12th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., will be happy to show her styles of Fall Millinery on Thursday, Sept 20.

OPENING OF MOURNING FALL MILLINERY.—W. JACKSON, No. 551 Broadway, will open on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., a large and choice stock of BONNETS for deep and second mourning.

AT MRS. SIMMONS', NO. 637 BROADWAY the first opening of Fall and Winter PARIS MILLINERY, on THURSDAY, 20th of September.
WM. SIMMONS, No. 637 Broadway.

HELP WANTED.

A COOK.—WANTED, A COOK, TO GO A SHORT distance in the country, a pleasant, healthy place, half an hour's ride from the City; she must have satisfactory reference, be a good baker of bread and biscuit, and assist in the washing and ironing; wages $8. Call at No. 9 East 22d-st., from 10 to 12 A. M.

A COOK, &c.—WANTED, A WOMAN, PERFECTLY competent to cook, bake, and do the washing and ironing of a private family; she must be strictly sober, honest, industrious, and of cleanly habits, and come well recommended; none other need apply. Call at No. 64 West 26th-st., for two days, between 9 and 12 A. M.

A COOK, &c.—GIRL WANTED TO COOK, WASH and iron: must understand her business and come well recommended. Apply at No. 26 Lamartine-place, 29th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

A LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED laundress; one who thoroughly understands her business may apply, Wednesday and Thursday, between 11 and 3 o'clock, at No. 2 Pierrepont-place, second door from Montague-st., Brooklyn, near Wall-st. ferry.

A LAUNDRESS. — WANTED A LAUNDRESS who perfectly understands her business and can give good recommendations; a Protestant preferred. Apply at No. 84 10th-st., on Thursday, from 12 to 2 o'clock.

A YOUNG MAN.—WANTED, IN A LAWYER'S office, a young man, with good references, who writes a good hand, at a moderate salary. No others need apply. Inquire at No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 11.

PRINTER WANTED.—A COLORED YOUNG man of Christian principles, who is a practical printer, is wanted to go to Africa, to join a Mission on the western coast. Application to be made immediately to THOMAS HAMILTON, No. 48 Beekman-st., Room 5.

GIRLS WANTED—TO GO TO A MANUFACTURING village, five hours' ride from this City, in Connecticut, to whom employment will be given the year round at remunerative prices. For further information, apply at No. 37 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A RESPONSIBLE PERSON TO ATTEND calls and keep house for a physician; also one to cook, wash and iron, or to do general housework. No one need apply but with the best of reference. Call before 2 o'clock at No. 216 East Broadway.

JOB COMPOSITOR WANTED.—A FIRST-RATE hand, one acquainted with City work, can procure a situation at STARR'S, No. 183 William-st., up stairs.

CITY SURVEYING.—WANTED, AN ASSISTANT, who is a first-rate draftsman, and who understands the details of city work. None other need apply. No. 12 Centre-st., 10 to 12 A. M.

DR. RIGGS' TRUSS CHALLENGES COMPARISON with any other. New appliances for varicole and enlarged veins, No. 2 Barclay-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A SUITE OF ROOMS ON SECOND floor, with or without private table, may be had at No. 49 Lafayette-place; gentlemen or families, in the City or now in the country, desiring to secure the best of home comforts, may address W. C., Box No. 174 Times Office.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR a few single gentlemen, can be accommodated with furnished rooms and board by a private family. Neighborhood retired. Location near 23d-st. Address COMFORT, Station E, New-York Post-office.

BOARDING.—ONE OR TWO FURNISHED rooms to let with board, suitable for a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, at No. 122 9th-st., a few doors west of Broadway; the house has all the modern improvements.

BOARDING.—A LADY AND GENTLEMAN, OR A few single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board at No. 23 West 22d-st., near 5th-av. Those who wish home comforts would do well to call. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—A FEW BOARDERS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with full or partial board in a private family, in a pleasant location, easy of access to Fulton and South Ferries, by applying at No. 134 Oxford-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—A VERY DESIRABLE SUITE OF rooms for a gentleman and a wife, and one suitable for a single gentleman, can be procured at No. 44 (new No. 54) West 23d-st., near 5th-av.

BOARDING.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED suites of rooms may be obtained in a modern house, with board in a small family. Apply at No. 42 West 19th-st.

BOARDING.—A WIDOW LADY, HAVING A FINE furnished house, is desirous of letting her rooms to single or married persons, with full or partial board. Apply at No. 80 West 36th-st.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR two single gentlemen, can obtain a large room with pantry attached, at No. 10 Carroll-place, Bleecker-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, occupying a first-class house, would accommodate a gentleman and wife with a back parlor and inclosed piazza, first floor, neatly furnished, and first-class board, (partial for gentlemen,) at $13; also, one or two gentlemen, with pleasant hall-rooms, well furnished, at $5. References of the highest order given and required. Location near Henry-st., three to five minutes' walk to South or Wall-st. ferries. Address R. H. M., Box No. 1,998 New-York Post-Office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN and his wife can be accommodated with a large, well-furnished room, with large pantry, on second floor; also, a room on third floor, suitable for a gentleman and his wife or a single gentleman, at No. 64 West Warren-st. Location convenient to Wall-st. and South ferries. Unexceptionable reference given and required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—ONE LARGE AND one small room now vacant, with good closets, about five minutes walk from Wall-st. ferry. The house is pleasantly situated and contains all the modern improvements. References exchanged. Apply at No. 141 Montague-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A LARGE BEDROOM and parlor, very pleasantly located, and nicely furnished, for a gentleman and wife, convenient to the ferries and cars. Address A. M., Box No. 102 Times Office. References exchanged.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—GENTLEMAN and wife, or single gentlemen, wishing a permanent home for the Winter, with a pleasant family, in a delightful neighborhood, convenient to Fulton or Wall-st. ferries, will call at 87 Hicks-st. References required.

BOARD.—A YOUNG MAN, OF GOOD HABITS AND very respectable family, desires board in a pleasant locality, in a small and strictly private family, where he can be well accommodated and have the comforts of a good home; locality between 4th and 14th-sts, and 2nd and 5th-avs. Address, with full particulars, C., Box No. 162 Times Office.

BOARD WANTED.—BY A GENTLEMAN, WIFE, two children (2 and 4 years old) and servant, for the Winter, in a private religious family; a front second-story room, and one or two bedrooms, furnished, will be required; terms not to exceed $65 per month, payable weekly; very desirable boarders; location between 3d and 5th avs., 10th and 40th sts. or Brooklyn Heights. Address, with full particulars, N. A., Box No. 115 Times Office.

A LADY AND HER CHILD.—A GIRL FIVE years old—want an unfurnished room and bedroom with board, or a room, bedroom and kitchen without board in a house where there are no other boarders; respectable, quiet and plain, in a good neighborhood; on or near the 6th-av. preferred. Terms must be moderate. The arrangement is for the Winter and longer, if agreeable. Address HOME INDUSTRY, Box 168 Times Office.

TO LET.—A SUPERB SUITE OF APARTMENTS, consisting of parlors furnished with crimson velvet and rosewood, suitable for a family, with bed-rooms, in a large extension house near 5th-av., with private table. Also, a parlor and bed-rooms on second story. Address HOMESTEAD, Box No. 131 Times Office. References exchanged.

TO BOARDING-HOUSE KEEPERS.— Rooms, with full board, wanted for many single gentlemen, who are willing to go two or three in each room; location in the neighborhood of the Medical College, in 14th-st. Apply from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. to CHAS. W. POLMAN, No. 107 East 14th-st., near 3d-av.

A LADY OCCUPYING HER OWN HOUSE, within ten miles of New-York, on the Harlem Railroad, would like to meet with a gentleman and wife desirous of securing a comfortable home, where there are no children or other boarders. References exchanged. Address A., Box No. 192 Times Office, for three days.

A PLEASANT HOME—SUMPTUOUS TABLE, and a few finely furnished rooms can now be had in those commodious, pleasantly situated houses, so well known for the excellence of their tables and accommodations, Nos. 399 and 401 4th-st., convenient to Broadway and 4th-av.; reference asked and given. Dinner at 6.

BOARD WANTED—ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS or vicinity, for a gentleman, wife, and little girl; two good sized rooms on second floor required: a private family, or where but few boarders are taken, preferred. Address, with particulars, Box No. 707 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A FAMILY, CONSISTING of four grown persons, a parlor and two bedrooms, with board. The advertiser will furnish his own rooms. The house must be first-class, and price moderate. Address Box No. 3,272 Post-office, stating location and terms.

THE ADVERTISER WISHES A SUITE of rooms in a house with modern improvements and central location, (City,) where there are few or no boarders, for himself and wife. Address, with full particulars as to location, price, number of the family, &c., to E. B., Box No. 2,997, Post-office.

AT NO. 105 WEST FOURTEENTH-ST.— A few persons may obtain first-class apartments and board. The situation is the best on the street, and the house combines every elegance and comfort. Those willing to pay a fair equivalent will find all their desires realized.

A PLEASANTLY FURNISHED ROOM, with marble mantle and grate, on the first floor of a house, with modern improvements, to let to one or two gentlemen at $2 a week each, or $3 for one. Inquire at No. 126 1st-av., near St. Mark's-place.

TO LET—DESIRABLE ROOMS, IN SUITES OR single, to gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen; also an extension room, with good table. Apply at No. 13 Ashland-place, six doors from Greenwich-av., near Waverley-place. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED—FOR TWO SINGLE PERSONS in a plain but respectable family, either private or with few boarders, between 5th and 7th avs., and 14th and 23d sts. Address, with terms, R. C. B., Box No. 3,707 Post office.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—TWO HANDSOME ly furnished rooms, with good board, may be obtained in a private family, by calling at No. 8 Willow-st., within three minutes of Fulton Ferry. References exchanged.

NO. 228 EAST BROADWAY.—A GENTLEMAN and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can obtain desirable furnished rooms, with board; house contains all the modern improvements; unexceptionable reference required and given.

ROOMS FURNISHED FOR HOUSEKEEPING—Also, for single gentlemen, with or without board. Persons of religious habits preferred. Apply at No. 163 Lexington-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN, WIFE and single gentleman, in a pleasant locality, where there are not a great many boarders. Address L. S. N., Box No. 193 Times Office.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A YOUNG LADY IN A private family or boarding-house; price moderate; best of references given and required; location rather central. Address Q. R. P. Box No. 168 Times Office.

TO LET—AT NO. 54 WEST 36TH-ST., A SUITE of rooms suitable for a family or single gentlemen, with board; private table; house first-class and desirable neighborhood, near 5th-av.

BOARD AT NO. 36 TENTH-STREET, BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—Fine apartments can be secured for the Winter in this desirable location. Best of references given and required.

A LADY AND GENTLEMAN, OR A FEW single gentlemen can be accommodated with first-class board at No. 23 West 22d st., near Fifth-av. References given and required.

ROOM TO LET WITH BOARD—AT NO. 135 Montague-st., Brooklyn. Dinner at 6 o'clock P. M.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—AT NO. 21 St. Marks-place, 8th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

COUNTRY BOARD.

BOARD AT CORNWALL FOR THE FALL AND WINTER.—For persons returning from the sea shore, or wishing a change to mountain air, which has proved particularly beneficial in cases of pulmonary and other diseases, an opportunity is offered. The house is adjoining Idlewild, the charming residence of Mr. Willis; horses and carriages on the premises; also, abundance of fruit, milk and vegetables. Inquire of S. B. CALDWELL, No. 20 Old Slip, F. W. BODSTEIN, No. 763 Broadway, or of the subscriber,
JAMES G. ROE,
Cornwall, Orange Co., N. Y.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND.—THE SUBSCRIBER HAS IN HIS POSSESSION a pine LOG, 66 feet in length, round, that he found in the Hudson River, between West Point and Cornwall Landing. The person owning said log is desired to prove property therein, pay charges thereon and take it. ABRAM BARLOW, Cold Spring, Putnam Co., N.Y.

LOST.—THE FINDER OF A POCKET-BOOK, ON Saturday, Sept. 8, afternoon or night, containing papers and some money, will confer a great favor upon the owner by inclosing the papers, through the medium of the Post-Office, directed to Lovejoy's Hotel.

HOTELS.

THE ST. CLAIR HOUSE HAS BEEN REcently furnished, with the view of making it a specialty for gentlemen, including gas, baths, &c. Gents wishing rooms at a moderate price would do well to call at the above house, No. 156 Prince-st. Meals furnished if desired.

SHOW CASES
of every description manufactured by
G. WINTER, No. 16 North William-st.
N. B.—A good assortment constantly on hand.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A REspectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid, and to assist in fine washing and ironing. Can be seen, for two days, in her last place, No. 26 West 37th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A neat, tidy young girl, a situation as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or would take care of children, and make herself generally useful, or can do fine washing and waiting; wages not so much an object as a good home. Call for two days, at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable young girl, in a private family, to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or would take care of children. Can produce the best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days, at No. 96 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted, by a respectable young woman, as chambermaid and seamstress, or chambermaid and fine washer and ironer, in a small respectable family; best of City reference. Call at No. 117 26th-st., 2d door from 7th-av., first flight of stairs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable Protestant young girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; would assist in the washing, or in the care of children; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 149 West 41st-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a Protestant young woman as chambermaid, and to do plain sewing; or as chambermaid and to help with children; good reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 112 East 16th-st., between 1st-av. and Stuyvesant-square.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED A SITUATION by a respectable young girl as chambermaid and seamstress, or seamstress and to assist with the care of children; has good City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 141 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waiter in a private family, or to assist in the washing and ironing. City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 333 3d-av., between 25th and 26th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED A SITUATION by a respectable young girl as chambermaid and waiter, or chambermaid and to do plain sewing; has got good City reference. Call at No. 147 East 28th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family, or as laundress; has the best of reference. Call, for two days, at No. 96 West 19th-st., rear building, top floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A competent young girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference; call, for two days, at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN, desiring a situation as chambermaid, is willing to do the fine washing and ironing, or plain sewing. Has the best of City reference. Call at present employer's, No. 14 Grammercy-Park.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl wants a situation as chambermaid and waitress; is capable of taking care of children, and willing to make herself generally useful; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 172 Mulberry-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable young woman as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and plain sewing; best of City reference. Call at No. 245 7th-av., second floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted, as chambermaid and waitress or chambermaid and good seamstress by a competent young woman; good city reference. Call at No. 115 West 26th-st., between 7th and 8th-avs., top floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable girl to do chamberwork and sewing, or waitress in a small, genteel family; best of City reference given. Can be seen, for two days, at her present employer's, No. 38 West 37th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &C.—WANTED, A SITUATION as chambermaid, and to assist with the fine washing and ironing; is an English Protestant; the best of reference; can be seen between the Bowery and the Second-av., No. 39 5th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and assist in the washing and ironing. Can be seen at 118 3d-av., corner 20th-st., second floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as chambermaid and laundress; fully understands her business; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 64 West Washington-place.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as chambermaid; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing. Call at No. 148 East 42d-st., top floor, back room, over the grocery store.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— A young woman wants a situation to do chamberwork and waiting; understands her business thoroughly. Can give City reference. Call at No. 184 East 31st-st., between 1st and 2d avs., third floor, front room, for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— Wanted, a situation as regular waitress for a smart, neat and very capable girl; understands her business well, and is an excellent chambermaid; furnishes the very best Brooklyn references. Apply or address to No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn. No charge made.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— Wanted, by a competent girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to assist with fine washing and ironing. Has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 25 5th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A situation wanted by a young girl, as chambermaid and waitress; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 120 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st., second floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— Wanted, a situation by a young woman in a private family; best of City reference. Apply at No. 309 1st-av., between 19th and 20th sts., second floor, back room, for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— Wanted, a situation by a young woman as above in a private family; City reference given. Apply at No. 121 East 20th-st., in the basement.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— Wanted, by a respectable Protestant girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress. Can give best of City reference. Can be seen until engaged at 177 East 35th-st.

AS CHILD'S NURSE.—WANTED, BY A REspectable young woman, a situation, as child's nurse; is capable of taking care of a baby from its birth; has five years' City reference. Call at No. 77 West 27th-st., for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE widow woman, a situation as cook; has no objection to assist with washing and ironing; has lived in England 12 years; has a boy 8 years old; would like to get a place where he could live with her; wages not so much an object as a good home; no objection to a short distance in the country. Call at No. 171 East 12th-st., for two days; has the best City reference.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A REspectable woman, as cook; is an excellent baker of bread and pastry; understands soup, game, and all kinds of jellies; will assist in washing and ironing. Also, a situation by a respectable young woman as waitress; both thoroughly understand their business, and have the best of City reference. Call at No. 106 East 11th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS PROfessed cook; do up all kinds of meats and game, poultry, soups and jellies; would do coarse washing if necessary; the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 248 7th-av., corner of 26th-st., 2d floor, back room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT WOman with excellent City reference, a situation as cook in a first-class family; understands meats, poultry baking, and pastry, soups and jellies; wages $9. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st.

AS COOK.—A PROFESSED COOK, WHO PERfectly understands her business in all its branches, wants a situation; has best of City reference. Apply at No. 1 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts., for 2 days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as cook; thoroughly understands her business and can give the best of references. Inquire at No. 19 6th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK by a respectable woman; understands the business thoroughly; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 2 East 23d-st.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION, BY A GERMAN woman, with the highest testimonials. Apply at the Servants' Institute, No. 149 Grand-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as cook in a private family in this City; she is a good bread and biscuit baker and understands all kinds of desserts, as well as meats and vegetables; she is willing to assist in the washing and ironing, and can give the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 68 3d-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

AS COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman wishes a situation, in a small private family, as cook and to assist in washing and ironing; is a good cook and baker and understands pastry; best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 67 West 20th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., first floor, front room.

AS COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl wants a situation in a small private family; she is a good plain cook, washer and ironer, and is willing to make herself useful; has the best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 96 West 19th-st., rear building, top floor.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a respectable young girl, as plain cook, good washer and ironer; has no objections to do chamberwork and waiting in a private family; has good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 197 East 12th-st., second floor, front room.

AS COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.— Wanted, situations by two respectable girls; one as plain cook and first-rate washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid or waiter, or to do plain sewing; they can get good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 1,414 Broadway, 2d floor, back room.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a competent and trustworthy woman, as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing; thoroughly understands her business; is a good baker. The best of City references. Call at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts., for two days.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE middle-aged Protestant woman, a situation as plain cook; is a good washer and ironer; has no friends in this country; a steady home preferred. Call at No. 122 Mott-st., room No. 10, front room, 2d floor, between Hester and Grand sts.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation in a small private family, to cook, wash and iron; is a first-rate cook and understands pastries and baking, and has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 128 East 22d-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

AS COOK AND TO ASSIST IN WASHING AND IRONING.—Wanted, a situation as cook and to assist in washing and ironing, by a young woman, with best of City reference. Apply at 77 West 28th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable girl, as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing in a small private family; good reference given. Can been seen for two days, at No. 49 Allen-st., in the rear, up stairs.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable Protestant woman, to cook, wash and iron; no objection to the country; understands making butter. Call at No. 31 Marion-st., corner of Spring, for 2 days.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman in a private family to cook, wash and iron; understands baking; has the best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 144 West 36th-st., near 7th-av.

AS COOK, &C.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as plain cook; is a good washer and ironer; or to do general housework in a respectable private family. Apply at No. 184 36th-st., between 1st and 2d-avs.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman as cook, washer and ironer, or to do chamberwork and waiting; good City reference. Call at No. 78 Warren-st., between Smith and Hoyt sts., South Brooklyn.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, a situation to do cooking, washing and ironing, or laundress in a private family. Can be seen for two days at No. 184 West 33d-st., front room, second floor.

AS COOK, &c.—A YOUNG GIRL WISHES A situation as good cook, washer and ironer; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 69 President-st., South Brooklyn.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A competent woman, as good cook and to assist with the washing; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 71 West 15th-st., front basement.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable young woman as cook, washer and ironer, in a private family; good city references. Apply at No. 241 East 18th-st.

AS COOK AND HOUSEKEEPER.—A SITUATION wanted by a first-class cook and housekeeper; understands French and American cooking—all kinds of pastries, jellies and creams. Has good reference. Inquire at No. 227 East 12th-st., third floor.

AS COOK AND WASHER.—SITUATION wanted by a well-recommended girl as cook, washer and ironer, or to do general housework, in City or country; is a first-rate washer and ironer and a good plain cook and baker; will make herself generally useful. Call at No. 465 Broome-st.

AS COOKS, NURSES, CHAMBERMAIDS AND WAITER GIRLS.—Wanted, situations for several very excellent cooks, washers and ironers, up-stair servants and regular waitresses, who are highly recommended from some of the best families in Brooklyn. We have also some very experienced nurses of the most reliable character, both young women and middle-aged Protestants and others.
MANNING & CO., No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS DRESSMAKER.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG woman that would go by the day or week as dressmaker; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machines. Call at No. 210 23d-st., next house to the marble yard, between 1st and 2d avs.

AS DRESSMAKER.—A PERSON WHO IS A very neat dressmaker would go out by the week or month as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing. Can be seen at No. 168 3d-av., in the shoe-store.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—A LADY THOROUGHLY conversant with the German and English languages, and highly recommended in every respect, is desirous of obtaining a situation with a respectable private family, in the above-mentioned capacity, in which she has had great experience. Salary less an object than kind treatment. Address Mr. B. Westermann, No. 440 Broadway, New-York, or Miss M. S., No. 20 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

AS HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation to do chamberwork, and assist with washing or fine sewing; can embroider, and has no objection to the care of growing children. Has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 191 East 13th-st., first floor, back room.

AS HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT young girl, a situation as housemaid and seamstress. Can cut and fit children's clothes. Has two years' reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 13 Union-Court, University-Place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS HOUSEMAID AND WAITRESS.—A situation wanted as housemaid and waitress by a respectable girl, who has lived two years and a half with a family at No. 128 West 34th-st., two doors east of 7th-av.; an unexceptionable character will be given. Call at the above address for two days.

AS INFANT'S NURSE.—AN AMERICAN young woman wishes a situation as infant's nurse; is capable of taking entire charge of an infant; is a neat plain sewer, and can give the best of City reference. Can be seen, from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M., at No. 71 West 15th-st., first floor, front room.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED A SITUATION BY a respectable Dublin woman; can do up linen and fineries in the neatest manner; willing to assist in chamberwork; no objection to the country or private boarding-house; good reference. Apply at No. 201 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED BY A YOUNG woman a situation as laundress: is an excellent washer and ironer; or would do the chamberwork and washing of a small family; the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days. Call at No. 212 1st-av., corner of 13th-st.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a first-class laundress; can do all kinds of fine washing and French fluting; has the best of City reference; will do chamberwork and fine washing. Call, for two days, at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, a situation as first-class laundress; understands French fluting, and has first-class recommendations. Can be seen for two days at No. 181 1st-av.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a competent young woman who understands washing and ironing in all its branches; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 100 West 19th-st.

AS LAUNDRESS—CHAMBERMAID, &c. —Wanted, situations together by two Protestant women; one as first-class laundress; understands French fluting; has lived in the best private families; the other as chambermaid and to do fine washing; both have good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 1 Union-court, near University-place.

AS LAUNDRESS AND NURSE.—WANTED, a place by a respectable young girl, to assist in washing and ironing, or to take care of children that are able to walk. Call at No. 246 26th-st., between 9th and 10th avs. Won't go out of the City. Second floor, back room.

AS NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WISHES a situation as nurse and plain sewer; is fully competent to take entire charge of a baby, and has no objection to go to Brooklyn, and has good City references from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 201 West 26th-st., in the rear, between 8th and 9th avs.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman as a nurse, and is fully capable of taking care of a baby, and is a good sewer; has the best of City reference from her last place; can be seen for two days at No. 133 Seventh-av., between 19th and 20th-st, one flight of stairs up, back room.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE middle-aged woman, a situation as nurse to an invalid lady; is fully competent, and has the best of City references. Call for two days at No. 372 2d-av., between 23d and 24th sts., in the bakery.

AS NURSE.—WANTED BY A STEADY, COMPETENT woman a situation as baby's nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth, or attend an old invalid lady; can cut and fit dresses; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 301 1st-av., top front rooms.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, a situation as nurse; no objection to a gentleman's family in the country; has good references. Apply at No. 111 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED A SITUATION BY a young woman as nurse, or chambermaid and seamstress; is fully competent of taking the entire charge of any of the above capacities; has the best of City reference from where she has lived, in the highest families. Call at 156 East 11th-st., corner of Avenue A.

AS NURSE, &c.—A YOUNG GIRL IS DESIROUS of obtaining a situation as nurse and plain sewer, or as chambermaid and waitress; is very fond of children. Can be seen at her present place, No. 213 East 10th-st., near 2d-av.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, by a young woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; understands embroidery; would have no objection to assist with chamberwork; can be highly recommended. Call at No. 73 West 20th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., for two days.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A COMPETENT woman wishes a situation in a gentleman's family; she has been some years in the above capacity. Can come well recommended. Can be seen for two days. Call at No. 191 West 42d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS wishes a situation in a private family; she understands all kinds of family sewing; making little boys' clothing, and understands dressmaking; she can give the best of City reference. Inquire at No. 399 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts., third floor, front room, for two days.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT young woman, occupation going out by the day or week, and using her own machine; will go to private families or stores. Call for the week at No. 13 Union-court, University-place; if she goes in a private family will make herself generally useful.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing and embroidery along with dress making; would assist in chamberwork; best of City reference from last place. No objection to go a short distance in the country. Call or address No. 130 West 19th-st., near 7th-av.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE woman a situation in a private family as dressmaker and seamstress, by the day or week; is an excellent cutter and fitter; has good reference. Call at No. 694 8th-av., between 48th and 49th sts.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A YOUNG WOMAN wants a situation as seamstress; a good cutter and fitter of children's dresses, and first-rate shirt maker. Call at No. 288 4th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE young woman a situation in a private family; understands the cutting and fitting of children's clothes and all kinds of family sewing; is willing to make herself useful; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 165 West 24th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable young woman as seamstress and to do light chamberwork; can do all kinds of family sewing; is willing to travel with a lady, and take charge of a baby; best of City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 71 West 15th-st., front basement, for two days.

AS SERVANTS.—EMPLOYERS IN CITY AND country, particular in their selections of first-class female servants, consisting of English, Scotch and German Protestants, and others, cannot fail to get suited by applying at the first-class female office, No. 294 4th-av., near 23d-st. A lady in attendance. P. S.—Please observe, no effort is spared to secure the best and most reliable servants. Twelve smart Protestant girls wanted to-day for special situations now ready.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS SEAMSTRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—A steady woman wants a situation as seamstress or chambermaid; is accustomed to wait on young ladies; Will be willing to make herself generally useful if required. Most respectable City references can be given. Apply at No. 22 East 12th-st., for three days.

AS THOROUGH COOK, OR COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, by a respectable young woman, the above situation; would do housework or chamberwork and waiting. Best of references. No objection to country. A home preferred to high wages. Call at No. 149 9th-st., basement, near Broadway.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A NEAT, tidy girl, with excellent City reference, a situation as waitress and chambermaid, or regular chambermaid; takes charge of the silver and dining-room; wages, $7. Also, a cook, who understands meats, poultry, baking and pastry; wages, $9. Call at or address No. 216 East 23d-st.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young girl, a situation as waitress and fine washer and ironer; has no objection to any part of the country. Call at No. 34 Essex-st., in the basement, for two days.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a Protestant young woman as waitress or chambermaid and to do plain sewing. Can be seen at No. 158 East 30th-st.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young woman as waitress and chambermaid; can do plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 431 7th-av.

SERVANTS.—THE EMPLOYMENT SOCIETY'S offices, late Bible House, have removed to the spacious rooms in Clinton Hall, on Astor-place, extending through to 8th-st., near Broadway, where may be found a large assortment of first-class domestics, with investigated characters and qualifications. German and French help always on hand for City or country. The French and German languages spoken. Miss HELD, Matron.

SUPERIOR FEMALE SERVANTS. — A first-class American cook, an English cook and laundress, a German chambermaid or nurse, and other superior domestics; also, an excellent colored cook, and her daughter as chambermaid, may be obtained at St. Mark's Employment Office, No. 158 9th-st., opposite the Bible House.

MALES.

AS BOOK-KEEPER.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young man as book-keeper; a graduate of Barlett's Commercial College, Ohio; wages not so much an object as immediate employment. Address P. CASTLE, southwest corner 3d-av. and 44th-st.

AS CLERK, &c.—A YOUNG SCOTCHMAN (aged 24,) desires a situation as assistant in a wholesale dry goods store, or clerk in a respectable grocery store; can give first-class City references; no objections to go South. Address R. I., Box No. 198 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a young Englishman who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, and can give unexceptionable references from his last employer, whom he leaves on account of his selling his horses and going to Europe. Can be seen at No. 120 East 14th-st., at John Carpenter's livery stable.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable man, who fully understands the above business; has lived with some of the best families in the City for several years; an excellent hand at horses, and careful driver; has got the best of City reference from his last employer. Address Box No. 208 Times Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION as coachman, with steady and industrious habits, and is a careful driver, and understands the grooming of horses; with the best of City reference. Call at No. 33 Crosby-st., Room No. 25, below Grand and Broome sts., from 10 to 3.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A GERMAN Protestant young man, a situation; he is a thorough coachman, understands the care and management of horses, and is also a good waiter; willing to work in the City or country; has the best of reference. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, to go South or to any part of the country; can give the best of City reference as to honesty, sobriety and capability; Southern reference. Address M. P., Box No. 212 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a young man, as coachman; understands the care of horses and carriages, and is a good groom and careful driver; is willing and obliging; has good reference. Address C. W., Box No. 201 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman by one who has the best City reference, is willing to make himself useful. Has no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 88 West 28th-st., for two days.

AS COACHMAN, &c.—A YOUNG ENGLISH Protestant man, who has filled a situation as coachman and assisted the farmer and gardener, a little way from this City, would be glad to meet with a similar situation. Best of character from last place. Address T. F., Box No. 197 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, by a respectable young man, a situation as coachman and gardener, and is willing to make himself generally useful; can produce good references from his last place. Address, for three days, Box 214 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by a Protestant married man, a situation as coachman and groom; thoroughly competent in his business: sober, honest and industrious; has no objection to take care of a cow if required; can produce the best of references for the past seven years. Address H. T., Box No. 195 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by a Protestant single man, a situation as coachman and groom; he has long experience in the care and management of horses, is a good and careful driver; has good City reference; no objections to the country, or would go South. Address J. F., at Campbell's Saddlery, No. 50 4th-av., for two days.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, A situation as coachman and groom, by a respectable married man; has no incumbrance; understands the management and the care of horses and carriages well; is willing to make himself useful about a gentleman's place; has good City reference; is sober, honest and obliging. Address J. B., Box No. 209 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by an Englishman, a situation as coachman and groom, or as porter in a store, by one who can furnish the best of City references from gentlemen in this City with whom he has lived. Address E. F. G., Box No. 221 Times Office.

AS FARMER, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a single man who understands milking and farming, and the care of all kinds of cattle; is not afraid of any work; has good reference. Address P. B., Box No. 218 Times Office.

AS FARMER, &c.—WANTED, SITUATIONS by man and wife, the man as farmer and to take care of horses, and the wife to do chamberwork or washing and ironing. Apply at No. 44 Washington-st.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a sober, industrious, single man; has no objection to take care of one horse and cow if required; has had many years' experience, both in City and country, and is willing to make himself generally useful; can produce the best of reference. Address D. S., Box No. 218 Times Office.

AS GARDENER, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a young man, (Protestant,) to take care of a gentleman's place; understands gardening in all its branches; will act as coachman for the Winter, if required; his references will satisfy the strictest; has no objection to the South. Address for one week, H. J. W., Box No. 187 Times Office.

AS GROOM, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as groom and coachman by a young man, a short time in this country; would make himself generally useful. Address D. R., Box No 215 Times Office.

AS PORTER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A Protestant young man as porter in a wholesale store or hotel; can give first-class reference from last employer, with whom the advertiser lived for nine years. Apply, for two days, at office No. 70 Bleecker-st.

AS PORTER.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young man, Protestant, 24 years of age, a situation as porter in a store or office; is not afraid of hard work. Address WILLIAM B., Box No. 123 Times office.

AS PORTER.—A STEADY YOUNG MAN, WHO can give good City reference, wants a situation as porter in a store. Address JOHN PARKE, Box No. 205 Times-office.

AS PORTER OR BARTENDER.—A RESPECTABLE, steady young man with the best of reference, desires a situation in either of the above capacities; will be found competent and obliging, and perfectly willing to do all in his power to forward the interest of his employer. Apply at No. 378 6th-av.; or address PORTER, Box No. 180 Times Office.

AS PRIVATE WAITER AND SERVANT.— A young Englishman, just arrived from London, wants a situation in a private family; he understands the service thoroughly. Apply at No. 5 Broadway—Café Français.

AS TRAVELING SERVANT.—A FRENCHMAN, who has traveled in Europe, and recently served in families in this country, wishes to return to France, and would like to engage with some gentleman or family going abroad as traveling servant; he can give satisfactory references. A note addressed to RENA, No. 75 Leonard-st., will receive prompt attention.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family; has the best City reference from where he has lived at different times for the last seven years; can be highly recommended. Can be seen for two days at Mr. Morris's, corner of 12th-st. and Univrsity-place.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family; understands his business in all its branches. Can be seen at No. 15 West 17th-st.; or address J. W. Has the best of City reference.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family, a perfectly sober, steady man, who understands his business and has the best of City references. Can be seen at the house of his late employer, No. 39 Union-square, for two days.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT man, a situation as waiter; has the best of City reference from his last place, where he has lived 4 years. Call or address, for two days, No. 230 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SMART, ACTIVE man, who has been Secretary of an insurance company in Boston for the past six years; would prefer a situation in an insurance office, but would not object to any other business. The advertiser is a competent accountant, and is well qualified for the position of book-keeper in a commission house or Secretary of a corporation. Address L. M., Box No. 808 Boston Post-office.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN of good address, active and energetic, and who has had some experience in an office, desires employment of any kind; best of references as to character. Address ENERGY, Box No. 196 Times Office.

TO CLOTHIERS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man, aged 21, is in want of a reengagement; has had 8 years experience in the above business. Address A., Box No. 192 Times Office.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS
AT EVERDELL'S,
See the Orange Blossom Wedding Envelope, new satin tie for cards, &c., No. 302 Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 19, 1860.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Published in the Times Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts.

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Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Sicilian Vespers.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Hamlet.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—The Monkey Boy.

WINTER GARDEN—Fairy Circle—In and Out of Place—Limerick Boy.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—The Royalist—Fitzsmythe, of Fitzsmythe Hall.

BOWERY THEATRE—Woman—Satan on Earth.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—Rob [illegible]—The Golden Axe.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon and Evening—Joseph and his Brethren.

HOOLEY & CAMPBELL'S, Niblo's Saloon—Ethiopian Entertainments.

CANAL-STREET—No. 366—Whitlock's Free Gallery of Oil Paintings.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY—Exhibition of Paintings.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The *Europa*, with London dates to the 9th inst., passed Cape Race on Sunday evening, and a brief summary of her news appears in this morning's paper. It is of an important character. The King of Naples has fled to Gaeta, *en route*, it is affirmed, for Madrid. He is said to have accepted the refuge and hospitality tendered him by the Queen of Spain. Garibaldi, on the 6th inst., was at La Cava, within twenty miles of Naples. It was believed that he would be in the capital on the 7th of the current month. The intelligence of the fall of the Bourbon dynasty is accompanied by rumors of scarcely less importance An insurrection had broken out in Pesaro, in the Roman territory, and the people had defeated the Papal troops. The advance guard of the Piedmontese army had entered the Marches, to preserve order. In Venitia, too, a formidable Garibaldian conspiracy had been discovered. Austria is making immense defensive preparations in her Italian territories. Details of intelligence by the *Jura*, whose arrival at Quebec has been announced, and by the *Kangaroo*, which arrived at this port yesterday, will also be found in this morning's Times.

The steamship *Empire City* arrived at this port yesterday from Havana, and brings particulars of the capture of Gen. Walker in Honduras, already briefly announced by telegraph. It was believed that the authorities of Truxillo, to whom Walker had been handed over by the Captain of the British man-of-war *Icarus*, would shoot him and his chief officer Ruttler. The rest of the men would be allowed to return to the United States, and the expenses of the journey were to be defrayed by the American commercial agent.

Advices from Vera Cruz to the 2d inst. are received by way of New-Orleans. The Liberal forces were rapidly concentrating at the City of Mexico, and an attack was expected to commence on the 8th, when a force of 20,000 men would have been collected. Miramon was in the city, having an army of 7,500 men. He was expected soon to proclaim another forced loan—this time to be levied exclusively upon Mexicans. It was reported that Degollado had released the Bishop of Guadalajara from custody.

The late gale in the Gulf of Mexico noticed in the Times of yesterday, appears to have been unusually severe in its character, and has involved a greater loss of life and property than any which has occurred for years. From New-Orleans we learn that the brig *West Indian* was lost at the Pass à l'Outre, together with ten persons who were on board; and that several lighthouses on the Mississippi coast were blown over. At Mobile, five steamboats were sunk, and the ship *R. H. Dixcy*, from New-York, was blown ashore on the lower bar, and the captain and several of the crew perished. As the gale must have extended over a great surface of the Gulf, it will probably be some time before we shall ascertain the full extent of the damage done.

The Royal party left Niagara Falls early yesterday morning for Queenston, where the Prince laid the top stone of Brock's Monument, received an address from the veterans of 1812, and made a lengthy reply. From Queenston the party went by boat to Niagara and Port Dalhousie; thence by rail *viâ* St. Catharines, arriving at Hamilton at 4 P. M. They were conducted through town with an immense procession to their residence. In the evening the Prince attended a concert by the Philharmonic Society. To-day he opens the Provincial Fair, which is expected to be the most extensive one ever held in Canada. The Prince has sent Blondin, the Prince of Ropers, $300.

Senator Douglas, yesterday, went from Syracuse to Rochester, being received by crowds, as usual, at each stopping place. At Rochester he addressed a multitude similar in its proportions to that of Syracuse. The only new feature in his speech was an allusion to the Missouri Compromise, which he claimed to have supported so long as the Free States were willing to abide by it. A procession paraded the streets in the evening, with music, torches, &c.

There was no meeting yesterday of the St. Nicholas Fusion Committee. Mr. Richmond took his departure for home, and all things wait the moving of the political head-waters. No Breckinridge man, it is said, will be tolerated on the electoral ticket.

At the meeting of the Young Men's Republican Union, last evening, stirring addresses were made by Geo. Wm. Curtis, Mr. Richards, of Berks County, Penn., and others, and steps were taken to defray the expenses of circulating a German life of Lincoln in Mr. Richards' district.

Gordon, the murderer, whose escape from Denver, in the Pike's Peak Region, and his subsequent recapture, have already been noticed, had an examination on Monday, at Leavenworth, which resulted in his discharge for want of jurisdiction. An attempt was immediately made to lynch him, but he was saved by lodging him in jail. A party of his friends subsequently undertook to remove him from the place, but they were surrounded by an excited mob, who came very near capturing him, but the interference of the authorities again saved him, and he was again returned to the jail. He was then arrested on another warrant, and will be taken back to Denver.

Da Costa, the alleged slave agent of the bark *Kate*, who has made so many unsuccessful efforts to get bail, was yesterday released from custody on the bonds of Mr. Philo Beebe. It is understood that $5,000 were deposited as security with the bondsman.

Yesterday, in the Court of General Sessions, William H. McSorley was convicted of burglary in the first degree, in entering the dwelling-house of Mr. James S. Lyons, No. 76 Jane-street, with intent to rob. The accused being an old offender, having been previously convicted and punished for a like offence, he was sentenced to the State Prison for the remainder of his life. Richard O'Neil, jointly indicted with him, pleaded guilty, and was sent to the State Prison for five years. The "Omnibus Suit" in the Supreme Court, which had been adjourned from time to time, came up yesterday for a final settlement of the decree. The case was still further postponed, however, until Oct. 2, for the settlement of special findings. The West Washington Market case was also again postponed until to-day.

The Stock market was irregular in tone yesterday, but finally closed steady at nearly the same rates ar on Monday afternoon, New-York Central 88¼, Erie 33¼. Money fairly active among the Stock Brokers. Discounts steady. Exchange 109¼@⅜.

Flour was more freely purchased, but at reduced prices. Wheat and Corn were less active and lower. A moderate inquiry prevailed for Provisions, Hay, Tallow and Whisky. Hops were in good request, partly for export, and some 250 bales were engaged for London at ½d. ℔ lb. freight. Coffee was actively sought after, and Rio was firmer. Sugars, Resin, Spirits Turpentine, Linseed Oil, Hides and Leather were salable and steady. A lively business was transacted in Tobacco at full rates. The freight engagements were moderate.

The Slave-Trade and the Election.

The amount of ponderous stupidity which is expended in some quarters on Mr. Seward's recent admission that the extension of Slavery is not possible without the reopening of the Slave-trade, is a curious example of misdirected patience and industry. Nothing that simple toil can do to deduce from it the conclusion that the Republican Party has no basis, and no real object, has been left undone. The Republican Party, it is said, professes to have in view the restriction of Slavery to the territory it already occupies, but its chief concedes that, unless the Slave-trade be reopened, no extension of the "institution" can take place. No party now in the field proposes to reopen the Slave-trade; therefore the Republicans are fighting against a figment of their own imagination, are disturbers of the public tranquillity, and ought to go home and desist from agitation.

The only thing wanting to make this demolition of Mr. Seward complete is that "the facts of the case" should be as they are here stated; but the truth unfortunately is, that the Slave-trade has been reopened *de facto*, if not *de jure*. There is, and has been for the last two years, about the same connection between the Federal laws against slave-trading and the conduct of the citizens of the United States with regard to it as between the Janzimat and Hatti Hamayoun and the condition of the Turkish Christians. The laws are on the statute-book, and anybody who likes to obey them may do so; but any one who does not like to obey them need not. Several cargoes of negroes have, it is notorious, been imported from Africa within the last year, and have been distributed through the interior with greater or less publicity. The perpetrators of the offence have been well known; in fact, so far from concealing their share in it, have gloried in it. We have not yet heard of the conviction and punishment of one of them. The Federal officials have either winked at the crime, or pursued it with such laxity that they might better have suffered it to pass altogether unnoticed. In the few cases in which it has been brought before the Courts, either the Grand Jury have ignored the bills for the avowed reason that in their opinion the offence, if proved, was a service to the State, or the Federal Judges have devoted a depraved ingenuity to the discovery of such forced constructions of the law as might dismiss the criminal from their bar. We shall probably be told that these are exceptional cases and perhaps they are; but when the cost of importing a negro, including insurance and the risk, is but $300 at the outside, and his market value is $1,000; and when the sentiment of all classes and conditions of men of the South, touching the beauty, piety, morality and expediency of slaveholding is such as it is, they will soon cease to be exceptional. With such a market, such an administration of justice and such a state of public opinion, it would contradict all our experience of human nature, if the accursed traffic did not grow and thrive, and the laws prohibiting it did not soon even cease to be quoted.

If Lincoln were elected to-morrow his earnest efforts to suppress it would in all probability be foiled by the same official connivance which have frustrated Buchanan's feeble ones. The Marshals would probably still be found knavish and sympathizing, the judges corrupt and hair-splitting; but all this only renders it doubly necessary that the Government should be in the hands of a party opposed to the extension of the system beyond the limits of the States now devoted to it. If Southerners choose to set about nullifying the laws, we want an Executive whose care it shall be that they shall profit nothing by the nullification; that if they will insist on importing negroes, they must glut their own markets with them, and shall not find sale for them in the great territories of the West. It will not pay to import them very long for home consumption. Even if the present holders of the article did not become alarmed by the depreciation of their property, the fall of price to the rate of thirty or forty years ago, would soon make the finest field hands a commodity which no prudent man would care to hold.

Even if there were no chance or no need of restricting the extension of Slavery, there exist other needs, almost as pressing, for the advent of Republicans to power. The connivance of the Democratic Party of late years with slaveholders and their schemes has practically deprived a large number of free white citizens of the benefits of the Constitution. If it had not been for this, the outrages in Kansas, to which the Republican Party owed its very existence, would never have taken place. It is to this same connivance that we owe at this moment the conversion of the Federal offices into local censorships for the examination of journals and books, and the repression of the circulation at the dictation of a mob, and the consequent extinction of all discussion on one of the most interesting and important questions by which any free community can be agitated. "What status shall the laborer hold? is a question on the solution of which the future prosperity of every civilized country now depends. The Democratic Executive aids and abets, with all the means in its power, the violent prevention of all inquiry and all debate upon it by large numbers of free white citizens at the South, though their right to discuss it, and every other subject under heaven, is expressly "recognized by the Constitution of the United States." Freedom of speech, we believe, still counts for something in America. Men more inured to despotism than we are have thought it worth fighting for. We may well pay it the compliment of voting for it.

The Geometry of Crowds.—Telegraphic advices from Syracuse state that the Douglas meeting at that place covered densely four acres of ground, and greatly exceeded in numbers the gathering at Jones' Wood. The *Express*, whose figures, both of rhetoric and arithmetic, usually tend to hyperbole, estimates the numbers present at the Anti-Republican meeting on Monday evening at fifty thousand. As these wild and senseless calculations are, in all probability to be repeated, with steady exaggerations, throughout the contest, it may be well to ascertain some rule by which they may be brought to the test of actual possibility. Fortunately such a test has been furnished quite recently by one of the most careful of living mathematicians. Mr. Charles Babbage, the contriver of the calculating engine, stated the other day, in the course of some testimony before a London magistrate, that he had made the number of people who might stand upon a given area the subject of thorough investigation, and the result proved that *six* adults required a square yard of room: while *nine* adults and children could be crowded within the same space. Applying this canon to the four acres of human beings who listened to Mr. Douglas at Syracuse, it will be seen that 116,160 persons *might* have been on the ground, provided each man had stood in actual contact with all his immediate neighbors. But great crowds never do so stand. Immediately around the speaker the mass may be compact, but as the observer departs from the centre he finds the density decrease, until near the outskirts each man occupies space sufficient for half-a-dozen. It is perfectly safe, therefore, to assume that 35,000 is an adequate estimate of this Syracuse assemblage; and consequently, by the admission of these sanguine calculators, the 75,000 reported to have been at Jones' Wood may, without injustice, be reduced by one-half, if not by two-thirds. The Union gathering of Monday, with its muster of 50,000, also shrinks sadly before this arithmetic. To estimate the area covered by the throng at three-fourths of an acre would be extremely liberal; and in the absence of iron, brick and mortar, the largest number mechanically compressible within that superfices would be 22,000. Making proper abatement for the absence of hydraulic pressure, we may be safe in believing 15,000 persons to have been present at any single moment—a concession, in all probability, far above the fact.

It is in the difficulty of gauging the dimensions of an out-door multitude that interested calculators find impunity in reckless estimates. Let all such estimates be promptly revised by the aid of ascertained mathematical rules, and truth may be extracted from willful error.

Ruin of the Regency.

In the succession of blunders made by the Democratic State Central Committee, in its negotiations for a fusion of all the Anti-Republican elements, we have the clearest evidence that those astute politicians forming the Regency must have lost all hopes of success in the pending Presidential contest, and that their state of despair is shared by the rank and file of what was once their obedient army.

In party warfare, as in the actual warfare of the field, it is found all but impossible to preserve discipline in an organization demoralized by foreknowledge of certain defeat. The waverers break from the hopeless standard and rush over to make terms with the enemy; subordinates begin to criticise the action of their generals, and with no prospect of pay or plunder in the immediate future, the captains have no bond of interest by which to hold their men faithful.

The first great blunder of the Albany Regency was its admission at the last State Convention of a delegation from Mozart Hall, on an equal footing with the representatives of Tammany Hall. This was a blunder, and a bad one,—stultifying the action of the Regency itself in the two State Conventions preceding; and was also a distinct reversal of the decision made by the Democratic National Convention at Charleston—a tribunal always heretofore considered decisive on questions of party regularity.

Not only was the admission to seats of the Mozart Hall delegates a mistake, but it was accompanied by one feature of bad faith which added insult to injury, and made the arrow rankle in the wound with peculiar venom. At a council between the Regency and the Tammany Hall leaders, on the night preceding the Convention, Mr. Dean Richmond, it is well known, caused a resolution to be drawn acknowledging the regularity of the Tammany Hall organization, but admitting the Mozart Hall people to seats, in view of the necessity existing for harmonious action.

This was considered by the Tammany leaders as the best they could expect under the circumstances; Mozart Hall, by the election of Mayor Wood, having made a demonstration of strength which impressed the countrymen, who knew nothing of the local causes and combinations by which the defeat of Wm. F. Havemeyer had been accomplished. Tammany Hall probably accepted Mr. Richmond's proposition, for the reason that it promised, or seemed to promise, additional aid to Douglas, while not calling in question the regularity of the Wigwam's delegates, or their right to represent our City Democracy in all future Conventions.

Next day, it will be remembered, by a combination to which Richmond was a stranger, a very different resolution, concocted by Messrs. Peter Cagger and Sandford E. Church, was suddenly sprung on the Convention in lieu of that which had been agreed upon the night before. This admitted both sets of delegates from the City of New-York on a footing of absolute equality. The question of regularity—which is to a political organization what the heart is to the body—being utterly ignored. This result had been threatened by Messrs. Cagger and Church many months before, but its accomplishment, in defiance of the terms to which Richmond had pledged himself, was an event the least to be expected by those who knew the relations heretofore subsisting between the parties.

The second great and fatal blunder of the Regency was its abandonment of a vital Democratic principle in the coalition which it formed—still, it is said, under the agency of Messrs. Church and Cagger—with the Dark-lantern Americans. From the foundation of the Democratic Party to the present contest, a generous policy with reference to foreign immigrants has formed the back-bone of Democratic strength. The abandonment of this principle on the fusion electoral ticket, made up at Syracuse last month, will not, in the judgment of good political statisticians, add fifteen thousand American votes to the support of Douglas and Johnson, while driving away from the Democratic Party, not only in this State, but in all other Northern States, one full half of the Irish vote, and full two-thirds of the German.

Last and worst of all the errors committed by the Regency in the craziness of their present despair, is that additional fusion which they now contemplate with five or six Breckinridge millionaires—men who actually represent nothing except their individual bank accounts, to which we prophecy that the Douglas money-collectors will fail to obtain access. If Breckinridge men were to be fused with at all, why not have fused with that organization which, beyond question, represents the Breckinridge strength, or weakness, of the State? As things are, the Regency have abandoned the principle for which they contended, even to the breaking up of the Democratic party at Charleston and Baltimore; and they have accepted men as electors who bring nothing but their individual votes, leaving the regular State Breckinridge organization to run its own State and Electoral tickets, and thus draw off all it can from the fusion-vote to be cast in favor of Douglas and Johnson!

The supporters of Tammany Hall boast of not having entered into any of these combinations; and it is prophesied that the ten native American names on the Douglas electoral ticket will receive in this City more than one-half the votes to be cast for the remaining twenty-five. There will be "scattering," as it is called, to a dreadful extent amongst the Irish and Germans—the position which such of the latter as remain Democratic will take, being foreshadowed in the withdrawal of W. Ottendorfer from the electoral ticket. As for the Irish, their faith in Democracy is being gradually undermined by the judicious management of Republican Police, and other patronage; full one-fourth of them will vote for Abraham Lincoln next November, and another fourth will be drawn to the Breckinridge electoral ticket by the outcry which will doubtless be raised at a judicious moment against the ten Know-Nothing Douglas electors.

After the present struggle is over, but not before, that knot of intriguers known as the Albany Regency will, of course, be brought to severe account by their fellow partisans. The fact that Horatio Seymour could have been the unanimous nominee of the Charleston Convention—or at least that he could have received the two-thirds vote on the third ballot, seems now to be established beyond peradventure—the united New-England and Southern delegations having made a direct offer of this to the gentlemen in control of the thirty-five votes of New-York, with a promise that Pennsylvania, under Senator Bigler's management, should wheel into line after having cast two or three complimentary votes for Mr. Breckinridge. This proposal was defeated by the personal animosity, or rather angry jealousy, with which Messrs. Cagger and Church have at all times regarded Ex-Gov. Seymour; and thus the first choice of a great portion of the New-York delegation, and the second choice of seven-eighths of the members of the party was not only defeated, but even denied expression.

From all these causes, and as the result of all these blunders, it is not difficult to predict, nor dangerous to prophecy, either the complete destruction of the Albany Regency at an early day, or its remodelment with new men upon a different basis. The charge that certain of its members are in league with interests at war with the Democratic Party, is scarcely supported by legal evidence, but nevertheless has thousands amongst the rank and file of the "Unterrified" who believe it with a faith which fire could not burn out. Be this as it may, the sub-officers under Dean Richmond have shown themselves insolent in times of prosperity, while craven and incompetent to meet the crisis which their own action provoked. They have been tried in the balance and found wanting; nor are our Democratic friends of such a sensitive stamp as to be restrained from casting overboard such Jonahs, by any remembrance of past service, or any remonstrance which the Jonahs in question may advance. The fate of the Regency is a sealed fact, as the Democratic State Convention of next year will very surely prove.

The Doom of Walker.

While the world has been quite aware that the melodrama of Walker was in its closing act, it has been unprepared for the suddenness of the final scene. Nothing was more likely than that his expeditionary force would be expelled from Central America by the combined efforts of the natives and the British; and it was probable that some of the more destitute and disabled of the number might fall into the hands of the incensed pursuers. But either fortune or a shrewd outlook for self-preservation has thus far interposed to save Walker himself from the hands of those whom his reiterated outrages have made implacable enemies, and it seemed also within the range of probability that his skill or luck would stand him in equally good stead in the actual emergency. The event is otherwise. Walker has been captured by the English, and by them given over to the Hondurenos, to whom has descended an endless legacy of vengeance from all Spanish Americans. It is absurd to suppose that the arch-fillibuster is to be again turned loose as the pest and persecutor of these incapable peoples. Every consideration of security requires his immolation, even had mercy any plea to offer for reprieve. But mercy is not a characteristic of the Spanish, and still less of the Spanish-American, character. It could obtain no hearing in the present case, even were it disposed to speak. When, therefore, we read of the death sentence having already been passed upon the chief and his immediate aid, we can well understand that nothing can interpose to stay or mitigate the event. The condemned are certainly to die.

This end of his audacious enterprises, it is safe to assume, has not been unforeseen by the prisoners. The most persistent enemy of Walker has found no trace of cowardice in his perverted character. He is merely a restless, reckless, ambitious man, devoid of all skill or judgment in the profession of arms, which he embraced without any preparation, and prosecuted with a most inhuman disregard of life, and social order, and happiness. The fate he has encountered could hardly have been omitted from his original calculation of chances. Reckless as he was, he must have anticipated the strong probability of death in these endeavors, either from the stray ball of the battle-field, or the knife of the assassin, or from the judicial determination of the communities whose peace he had invaded, and whose Governments he had subverted. There is no reason, therefore, to believe that he will make any appeal to the sympathies of his countrymen; and there is every reason to believe that were any such appeal made, it would meet with no response save from that mad and wayward mob from which he has been accustomed to recruit his bands. The judgment of the country cannot be otherwise than that he has earned the penalty he is to suffer. Interposition, were there any motive to prompt it, is, of course, out of the question.

It is quite safe to predict that a strong effort will be made to attach censure to the English for their agency in this matter. Such censure must, in justice, be transferred to the Government of the United States. It was the business of this Government to have defeated the attempts of Walker in their inception. Nothing can persuade the community of the impossibility of preventing the embarkation of these graceless hordes. If the laws were insufficient, it was practicable to amend and adapt them to actual requirements; for, during the seven years of factitious efforts to head off the indomitable fillibuster, whole codes of laws might have been enacted, and invention could hardly have failed to contrive some secure preventive to this specific class of misdemeanors. But, unhappily, there has been no genuine purpose or desire on the part of the Administration to counteract Walker's plans. When his last and fatal attempt was announced, it was simultaneously announced that the subject excited no interest at Washington, and that nothing would be done to arrest the expedition. In interposing as effectually as the Commander of the *Icarus* has done to balk the buccaneer, he establishes therefore a strong claim to the gratitude of the American people for fulfilling duties of this Government, disgracefully neglected; and, if the acknowledgment be qualified by regret that the whole foreign policy of the country is thus placed in stranger hands, it should be no less handsomely made. The present is but an added proof that the arbitrament of Cis-Atlantic questions and the sovereignty of American waters have been shamefully abandoned by the Administration of Mr. Buchanan, and the prestige of the country as a leading Power utterly sacrificed. The Gulf of Mexico has in fact become a European sea.

English and American Railways.—It is not often that an impartial judgment is pronounced upon American Railways by British journals. This, however, is done in the extract from the London *Spectator* elsewhere published. The advantages of our enterprises over the British are conclusively shown. Thus, though there are 26,210 miles of road in the United States against 9,119 in Great Britain, the latter cost three hundred millions sterling while the former did not cost much more than two hundred millions. It follows, from this fact alone, that the net earnings of the American railways—if the traffic of the two countries be not greatly disproportionate—must exceed those of the British; and they undoubtedly do so. As the *Spectator* very correctly observes, the fluctuations of the American railways are not greater than the fluctuations on some of the British roads have been within a very recent period. The London journal does not merely show that this kind of investment in the United States pays better than it does in England; but it declares that while our fares are the lower of the two, the American carriages, "in convenience and comfort," greatly exceed the English. On this point many people, both here and abroad, will hold different opinions. The philosopher who shrinks from contact with his fellow-creatures and delights in solitude, may feel himself at home in the English carriage, after the porter, by locking and double locking the door, has made ingress or egress a matter of impossibility. But it cannot be denied that those who travel to see the world, and who prefer company and an open car to the confinement of a close vehicle, will certainly vote for the American conveyance. It is somewhat fashionable in this country to abuse the American railway system, and to think it vastly inferior to the European plan. Perhaps the candid and intelligent opinion of the English print just quoted may convince contemners of native enterprise that, after all, our mode of traveling is more convenient and much more economical than that of England or any other country in the world.

Minor Topics.

—The Philadelphians, who grudge us every new school-house that we build, may prepare to die of despair on learning that we have permanently established a new college which threatens to flourish amain. The Trustees of the Homœopathic Medical College have secured a building on the corner of Twentieth-street, in the rear of the Gramercy Park Hotel, and in the immediate vicinity of the Bellevue Hospital. In spite of the frowns and winks of a few of the more venerable Galens of the old practice, homœopathy has at last made a place for itself in the world; and the new institution promises in the names of its officers, as well as in the curriculum of its studies, a real addition to the resources of the healing art in our City and country.

—Our accomplished cotemporary, the *Herald*, hesitates to fix on Beranger the authorship of the saying that if he "might write the songs, he cared not who made the laws of a people." This is an unusual excess of modesty, when we consider that it is not above two centuries and a half since Fletcher, of Saltoun, made the observation alluded to.

—A measure introduced into the Board of Aldermen on Monday, by Alderman Brady, deserves passing attention. It proposes to create an office of Inspector of City Railroads, and of the Gas Companies, the official to have a salary of $1,300 a year; and to addict himself to the execution of City ordinances relative to the Roads and the Gas. That such inspection is needed no one will question. The Railroad and Gas Companies have certainly established themselves in a position of practical independence, untrammeled by the restraints of law and ordinance, and regardless entirely of public opinion. They are a law unto themselves. Hence several of the railroad tracks are in a disgracefully rugged condition, the source of discomfort to an enslaved public, and of incessant but useless complaint on the part of suffering individuals. The cars are in many instances filthy beyond endurance; and rickety, and ill-hung upon rigid springs; and otherwise as disgusting as indifferent construction and veteran use can make them. Indeed, who shall enumerate the defects of our City Railroad system, or deny the wisdom of attacking the various abuses while the system is still young and malleable? But the Common Council are, we fear, proceeding too rapidly. Let this new administration of the ordinances be named after proper ordinances shall have been established. The railroads need a thorough code of regulations. There is no one of the evils, against which a vexed public exclaims, that is not within the reach of our Municipal Legislature, and it requires but a casual glance at the growing business to obtain a host of ideas, which should be at once crystalized into wholesome injunctions and restrictions. It will be time enough when these have been framed, to discuss the question whether it requires a new bureau to enforce them; or whether the task may not properly be assigned to some existing office.

Amusements.

The war of the operas began in earnest last night, with the performance, by the Servadio troupe, of "La Traviata," at Niblo's Garden. We have already expressed our sense of the great mistake which artists and *impresarii* make in organizing a double opera where a single one can barely live, and in doing this at the suggestion of passions anything but harmonious. If we are to believe the story told by the people of the Academy of the causes which have led to the Servadio defection, it would not be easy to find terms of reprobation too strong for the conduct of Madame Cortesi's special manager, in compelling that lady to play fast and loose with the public, as well as with the Irving-place *impresarii*. Still all this cannot modify the fact that Madame Cortesi herself is a great lyric artist of rare dramatic ability, and that, when supported by that most robust of tenors, Signor Musiani, and by Signor Amodio, she can make the *rôle* of "La Traviata" an inevitable success

The Academy, however, remains, and deserves to remain, the operatic stronghold, and it will hurl back to-night upon the *Parigi o Cara*, and the *Di Provenza* of its competitor, all the splendid thunders of the "Sicilian Vespers," destined now to borrow an adventitious popularity from the great events which have made the Sicilies for the present the order of the day. Madame Colson, Signor Stigelli, Signor Ferri, and a debutant of superb pretensions, Monsieur Gennibel, "from Paris to New-Orleans," will play the Irving-place artillery to-night. To-morrow the Academy openly enters the lists, Madame Fabbri singing *Violetta* against the *Violetta* of Niblo's, and Stigelli matching himself against Musiani.

—Hon. W. F. Pickens, late U. S. Minister to Russia, expects to return to this country by the *Adriatic*, which leaves Southampton on the 22d prox.

MOVEMENTS OF THE PRINCE.

From Niagara to Queenston—The Veterans of 1812—The Prince Lays the Cap-stone of Brock's Monument—Arrival and Reception at Hamilton—Beautiful Ceremonies.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Hamilton, C. W., Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The Prince left the Falls quite early this morning, riding by hack to Queenston. There he was met by the surviving veterans of 1812, who were all in uniform, and who felt quite hurt that the Prince should be so thoughtless as to appear in civilian dress.

A most brilliant and imposing scene attended the ceremonies at Brock's Monument. Chief-Justice Robinson, the oldest veteran, presented the address, breathing words of tender affection and unswerving loyalty to the Queen and Prince. The Prince replied in a most excellently-conceived speech, thanking them for past services, praising them for their gallantry, trusting that no future laurels would be obtained by them in war; while in case of need he hoped their leaders would not be inferior to the gallant Brock, at whose monument he paid him respect to-day.

The addresses in full have been furnished, but are not of sufficient importance to send on.

An obelisk has been erected near the death-place of Brock, on which the Prince placed the topmost stone, and received from the architect a silver trowel properly inscribed.

At St. Catherine's the party spent an hour walking quietly about the town, greatly to the edification of the people.

The reception at Hamilton was superb. On a pyramidal platform were seated about 4,000 children, while around the square were at least 30,000 spectators. Around three platforms were beautiful arches, and as a picture the scene could not be surpassed.

The party then proceeded by steamer to Niagara and Port Dalhousie, reaching Hamilton by train about four o'clock P. M. The servants were left behind at Queenston, and the boat returned for them.

At Port Dalhousie a very elegant and bountiful lunch was prepared, at which the choicest fruits abounded. The ladies of the place sent a large number of bouquets to the Prince with their cards attached, and sent by him to the Queen a pot of preserved peaches.

After the reception the children sang "God Save the Queen" and "Rule Britannia," ending with a refrain of "Hurrah! Hurrah! for the Prince of Wales." The Prince was delighted beyond measure, as were also the Duke of Newcastle and the suite.

Mr. R. Juson has put his private residence at the disposal of the party, and the Prince is better lodged now than he has been at any other time. He can pick peaches from his window, at the same time enjoying a splendid view of the city. His room is furnished in oak, and is a very beautiful and elegant apartment. The suite are lodged near by.

At every point to-day the Prince has been heartily and enthusiastically welcomed, and he grows in popularity daily. He sent sixty pounds to Blondin, and ten pounds to the hands of the *Maid of the Mist*.

The city is finely illuminated. The Philharmonic Concert is quite a success. HOWARD.

THE PRINCE'S TOUR IN THE STATES.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS PASSES BY BUFFALO.

Buffalo, Wednesday, Sept. 5, 1860.

To the Prince of Wales:

The citizens of Buffalo, understanding that your Royal Highness contemplates visiting some portions of the United States, have appointed a Committee to invite you, if convenient, to take Buffalo in your route.

That Committee, in obedience to the desire of our citizens, is happy to extend to your Royal Highness a most cordial invitation to visit our city at such time as may suit your convenience.

Whilst our people, as an independent nation, can not be supposed to feel that loyalty which has been enthusiastically and justly expressed in Canada, yet there is a bond of sympathy between the United States and Great Britain arising from their common origin, consanguinity, language and literature, and the great similarity of their religion, laws and government, differing more in form than substance, and more especially from the proximity of our city to Her Majesty's colonial possessions, and the friendly and social intercourse existing among the people, which will, we are confident, insure your Highness a most cordial welcome by our citizens; and the Committee, without any burdensome ceremonial or ostentatious display, will be most happy to show to your Royal Highness whatever may interest a stranger in our young but growing city.

Should this invitation be accepted, the Committee would esteem it a favor to be informed at as early a day as possible, of the time fixed by your Royal Highness for the visit.

With assurance of the high regard and consideration of the Committee, I have the honor to be Your Highness' most obedient servant,

MILLARD FILLMORE, Chn.

Government House, Toronto, Sept. 11, 1860.

Sir: I have received your letter of the 5th of September, and have laid it before the Prince of Wales. His Royal Highness regrets exceedingly that the arrangements already made, and the shortness of the time at his disposal, will prevent him from accepting your invitation, for which his Royal Highness feels much obliged.

The reasons for his not doing so have been more fully explained to the gentlemen composing the deputation.

The Prince of Wales is greatly gratified by a letter from so eminent a person as yourself, as he is pleased to have received the invitation of the citizens of Buffalo.

I am, Sir, your very obedient servant,

To Hon. Millard Fillmore. NEWCASTLE.

THE ARRANGEMENTS IN WASHINGTON.

"Occasional," writing to the Philadelphia *Press*, says:

"The preparations for the reception of Baron Renfrew, the future monarch of England, by our present majesty, King James, at the White House, go on industriously, but quietly. There will be very little outside parade, but an abundance of inside luxury and exclusiveness. The affair is to be conducted *en règle*. None of the unclean are to be admitted within the perfumed circle, and those ladies and gentlemen whose hearts are breaking for an introduction to the young scion who is to follow his mother on the English throne, will, I fear, be compelled to let them break, or to engineer a presentation under other auspices. Among those specially invited are Mr. and Mrs. James Gordon Bennett, of the New-York *Herald*, Mr. and Mrs. Judge Russell, of the same City, and all those dutiful officials who have stood 'faithful among the faithless,' in support of the policy of the Administration."

THE PROGRAMME IN DETROIT.

On Saturday, at a meeting of the General Committee of citizens of Detroit to make arrangements for the reception of the Prince, the following programme was submitted:

The Honorable the Mayor and Common Council, with a Committee of fifty citizens appointed by the Mayor, will, at 8 o'clock on Thursday evening, embark on the steamer *Union* and proceed to the dock of the Great Western Railway, in Windsor, Canada West. A Special Committee of three, to be appointed by the Mayor, will meet Baron Renfrew and suite on the arrival of the cars, and notify them that his Honor the Mayor and party are in waiting, and will conduct them on board the steamer *Union*. As they approach, the band will play the national air of England. Baron Renfrew and suite, having embarked on the steamer *Union*, will start for Detroit, and as the *Union* reaches the waters of the State, the Mayor will deliver his address of welcome. The boat will land at the foot of Woodward-avenue, where the Fire Department will be arranged in two files, extending from the river to the hotel, keeping an open space in the centre for the passage of the party, who will here take carriages and proceed to the hotel, when the Fire Department will be called up in order in front of the hotel and dismissed.

THE PROGRAMME IN BOSTON.

The Boston *Saturday Evening Gazette* gives the following programme of the reception ceremonies in hat city:

Information has been communicated to the City authorities, through the Marquis de Lousada, H. B. M. Consul at this port, that Wednesday, Oct. 17, is the day assigned on the programme for his arrival in Boston. His Royal Highness (having in the meantime completed his tour through the Western States) will take the cars at Albany for Boston on Oct. 17, and on his arrival at the State line, he will be met by one or more of the aids of His Excellency Gov. Banks. The party will reach Longwood station on the Milldam, in the afternoon, where the Mayor of Boston and the Committee will receive them, and under escort of the First Battalion of Light Dragoons, Maj. W. F. White, who have volunteered their services, will be escorted to their quarters in this city.

The Prince is to rest on Wednesday night from any public demonstration, and the evening will be left open for him to receive such distinguished citizens as may call upon him. On Thursday morning the Governor will order out the First Division M. V. M., under Maj. Gen. Andrews, which will be the nucleus of a full division to be made up of the most noted corps throughout the State. The Governor's staff will be augmented by the presence of the general officers of our militia and their staffs, presenting a brilliant array. The Mayor will accompany the Prince to the State House, and introduce him formally to the Governor, who will then tender him a review on the Common, which will no doubt be witnessed by one hundred thousand persons. There will be some three to four thousand troops and twenty-five full bands.

In the afternoon, at 3 o'clock, the Mayor and Committee will accompany the Prince and suite to the Music Hall, where twelve hundred school children will give a vocal exhibition. The hall will be appropriately decorated.

It is proposed to give the Prince a grand ball at the Boston Theatre in the evening, which will be in charge of some of the most respected gentlemen of this city, and will be carried out on a scale of unsurpassed magnificence, as the managers will have *carte blanche* to exhibit their taste in the adornment of the grand *salon de danse*. The tickets will be placed at $10. The city will not control the ball, for it will be in the hands of an independent committee, and the managers will be selected by gentlemen who take the entire pecuniary responsibility.

Friday morning is assigned for the visit of the Prince to Harvard College, at Cambridge, where he will be the guest of President FELTON. Undoubtedly the students will turn out to welcome the "student of Oxford" and to pay him becoming honors. With a very little trouble this visit might be made a memorable feature of the programme, and we much mistake the spirit of the students if they do not make the day brilliant by a grand ovation. It has been suggested that crews of our oarsmen in their shells and lapstreaks would be a gratifying sight, and possibly the "Harvard Crew" may propose a gathering on Charles River to salute the Prince as he drives over the bridge to Cambridge. It is a little late in the season but the sight would be a brilliant one. After this visit to Cambridge—

> "Then, where you please, and shall be thought most fit
> For your best health and recreation."

Probably the Navy-yard and Bunker Hill and Mount Auburn will be the chosen localities.

The closing public demonstration will be a grand banquet at the Revere House on Thursday evening, given by the City Council, with only a few invited guests, the company numbering not more than a hundred. There will be no speeches. The Mayor may propose the health of "The Queen," and the Prince may possibly respond by proposing the health of "The President," but beyond this there will be no long orations. The banquet will be gotten up in the usual style of this famous hotel. The Governor, Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, and Hon. ROBERT C. WINTHROP will be among the guests.

On Saturday the Prince will leave for Portland, probably under escort to the station, and from that port he will go aboard his ship and the fleet will sail for England.

PERSONAL.

—The Directors of the Princeton Theological Seminary have arranged for the inauguration of Prof. C. W. Hodge, on the first Thursday in November, at 3 o'clock. Rev. Dr. McPhail, President of Lafayette College, is to preach the installation sermon; Rev. Dr. Phillips, of New-York, is to propound the questions, and the Professor elect deliver his inaugural address. The disposal of the Chair assigned to Rev. Dr. Palmer, who declined, will not be definitely arranged until after Dr. McGill's return from Europe, who was to sail in the *Europa* on Saturday last.

—Mr. Shaw, the rich old bachelor of St. Louis, against whom Effie Carstang brought that notable breach of promise case, is assessed at $570,000 for real estate and $43,500 for personal property. Effie still resides in St. Louis.

—Rev. Simon Eutujian, pastor of the Evangelical Armenian Church in Constantinople, Turkey, arrived at this port by the steamer *Illinois*, a few days ago. He hopes to be able to interest the Christian public of this country in behalf of the Evangelical cause in Turkey.

—A Texan merchant, while transacting some business in Philadelphia, on Thursday, partook a little too freely of the "ardent," and was so affected by it that he embraced a respectable lady whom he met near the corner of Eighth and Chesnut streets, and attempted to kiss her. She did not fancy this mode of proceeding in public, so she had her amorous assailant arrested and held to bail in the sum of $500. He left the city as soon as he became sober, first having made arrangements with his bondsman.

—Some of the youthful admirers of Hon. Edward Everett have organized a literary association in Boston, which they have named after their great exemplar. Mr. Everett addressed them, a few evenings since, on the occasion of their entering new apartments. He spoke particularly of the progress which had been made during the last few years in educating the young.

—Some days since, William Jacobs, with his wife and two sons, were arrested on a charge of stealing preserves from one of the citizens of Elizabeth, Penn. The father and mother obtained bail, but the two boys were kept in confinement. One of them felt so deeply the disgrace brought upon him in consequence of being charged with the crime of theft, that he committed suicide by hanging.

—Rev. S. H. Babcock, of St. Paul's Church, Dedham, Mass., was thrown from his carriage, while returning from Newton Lower Falls, where he had been preaching, and had his shoulder dislocated. In this state he walked a mile to find a doctor, had the limb put in place, and would have continued his walk home, had not the physician ordered him not to do so.

—John B. Gough, the eminent temperance advocate, will deliver his first lecture since his return from Europe, at the Cooper Institute, in this City, on Monday evening, Oct. 1, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association.

—An invitation has been forwarded to Miss Harriet Lane, President Buchanan's niece, to open the ball with the Prince of Wales at the Academy of Music.

—Rev. E. P. Rogers, of Newark, N. J., will sail for Africa on the 15th of October next. He goes out under the auspices of the African Civilization Society, to make the necessary arrangements for carrying into operation the plans of the Society in the Yoruba country.

—Ex-Mayor John Taylor, of Albany, returned from a European tour by the *Asia*, and had a hearty welcome home extended him by his friends. A delegation met him at Stuyvesant and escorted him to the steamer *E. Corning*, which took the party on to Albany. There he was received by the Fire Department, which had organized a torch-light parade in his honor.

—Lola Montez is staying with a friend at Astoria, L. I. It is said that her intellect is rapidly failing, and that a distressing cough is fast wearing away her physical strength.

—Mr. Nathaniel Ingersoll Bowditch, of Boston, has just performed a deed the mention of which is its highest praise. He has endowed sixteen scholarships in Harvard College, each having an annual income of $250. They are to be bestowed year by year on young men of limited means, who give promise by their conduct and devotion to their studies of future usefulness and distinction. This makes the number of scholarships in Harvard thirty-two, with an annual income of $7,800.

—Professor James A. Dana, of Yale College, returned home from his European tour early in August. Although his health is much better, it is not sufficiently improved to permit the resumption of his accustomed labors.

—Hon. Edward Everett is to open the course of lectures which will be delivered before the Mercantile Library Association of Boston, this Winter.

—Professor Loomis, late of the New-York University, is now in Europe for the purpose of making additions to the physical cabinet of Yale College. He will soon enter upon the duties of the professorship in that institution to which he was recently elected.

—Señor Francisco Munoz Ramon de Moncada, hitherto Spanish Consul for the State of Georgia, has been removed to Charleston, S. C.

—Rev. Dr. Huntington delivered the first sermon since his ordination on last Sunday morning, to the New Episcopal Society of Emmanuel Church, Boston, of which he is pastor. The text of his discussion was Galatians, 6th chapter, and the 14th, 15th, and 16th verses.

—At last accounts Rev. Dr. Thornwell, of South Carolina, was in Geneva, Switzerland. After a trip to the Vale of Chamouni, he expected to embark for home on the 20th.

—Professor C. W. Shepard, of Amherst College, is at present in Europe.

A Speedy Way to Make Fortunes.

THE PECULATIONS ON THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Regarding the recent frauds perpetrated on the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Pittsburgh *Chronicle* says that all the through conductors, with the exception of one Mr. KELLER, have been implicated. The *Chronicle* adds:

> Some of them have confessed their guilt and endeavored to retain their position on the road by making restoration of their plunder. We hear of one man disgorging $2,500 and another $15,000. Others had nothing to return—the faro bank and gaming table having served to relieve them of what they "knocked down," almost as fast as it came into their possession. Report has it, also, that houses have been given up, real estate transferred, and stocks made over to the Company by the delinquents, but to what amount, or by what particular person, no one outside the men themselves and the Board, seem to know. Some of the conductors have resigned; but they are all running their trains yet, and will, we presume, be continued in their position until others can be procured to fill their places.
>
> The way in which the delinquents take their detection is really refreshing. One says that "it was all a mistake about him; that he had nothing whatever to do with the matter, and that it was all a fuss about nothing anyhow." Yet dame Rumor, if she can be believed, credits the same man with making $84 on a single trip, which fact was brought home to him so closely before the "Covode Committee," as the parties charged with the investigation of the frauds are termed, that he had to acknowledge the corn, and make good the amount, as well as several other little sums which had slipped into his posssession in the same unconscious and illegitimate manner. Then another tells you that he defies the Company, and points to the fact that he is still in its employ as evidence of his innocence. But so prone is the world to be uncharitable, and look at the dark side of everything, that his man is reported to have amassed a large fortune on the Road, and that when asked before the committee how, with a salary of but $60 a month, he contrived in a few years to accumulate $35,000, his answer was that as soon as the party who put the question, and who is said to be worth $300,000 himself, would explain how he made his money, he would give a satisfactory reply. The question was not pressed further, and the conductor left the stand, still master of his $35,000 secret. But as we have stated, all these reports must be taken with a great deal of allowance. It may be that when the facts come to be published, the very men of whom report speaks worst now, may be least to blame. And the public, we are sure, would be highly gratified to hear that it was so, as those most blamed are among the most popular men on the road, and by their courtesy and attention to their passengers, endeared themselves to everybody.

The Harrisburgh *Patriot* gives the whole number implicated thus far as twenty-one, and is very severe on the Company for not bringing the guilty parties to trial. It states that by the tenth section of the Penal Code, passed last Winter, the Company leaves itself open to indictment for receiving money, goods, chattels, lands, or other reward, as a consideration for compounding or concealing the crimes of the men in their employ.

The Lady Elgin Disaster—Want of Proper Precautions.

To the Editor of the New-York Times.

The loss of the *Lady Elgin* on Lake Michigan has added another name to the melancholy list of steamers that have been permitted by an easy-natures and fatuous public to become the death-traps of human beings, in order to gratify either the obstinacy or avarice of their owners.

It is time that the public voice should call these men to account, or at least to warn travelers of the hazards they encounter every time they trust themselves to the security of one of the magnificent but frail steamers that ply on every great route of our land.

Ever since the loss of the *Arctic* from what was in itself a trifling injury, and the survivorship of its assailant from a much more serious fracture—one that would have sent her in ten minutes to the bottom of the ocean, saved by an interposing bulkhead, the warning voice of the Press has advocated the division of vessels into separate compartments, enough in number to prevent the filling of any two of them from endangering the ship, and the result is seen in the almost universal application of bulkheads to sea-steamers.

Had the *Lady Elgin* been so fitted the fatal consequences of collision would have been avoided. Why was she not so fitted out?

We cannot recall the past, but we can anticipate and provide for the future, and with that view we ask, surveying our own neighborhood: Why are not the steam packets on Long Island Sound and the Hudson River provided with bulkheads? Have they any special immunity from such fate as that of the *Lady Elgin?*

We know of one first-class steamer sunk almost instantly by collision on the Sound. Is the fate of the *Swallow*, on the Hudson River, forgotten? Have not the *Empire*, the *Rochester* been submerged? How long since the *Isaac Newton* and the *New World* were fished up from the bottom of the river? Was it not due to the fact that they were near shallow water alone that prevented the loss of many lives?

If the injuries from which they foundered had occurred in the Highlands and at night, the consequences may be foretold with a shrewd accuracy by those who remember, as the writer does, that the old *North America* foundered in the Highlands at midday, her passengers just escaping to the shore before the vessel slipped off and sunk in deep water.

Four or five bulkheads across the hull, from deck to keel, would prevent the danger of such catastrophes. It were better to give their passengers the fact and sense of such securities, and curtail the carving and gilding of their saloons.

Why do not the owners of these boats fit out their vessels with safety bulkheads? Let them do it forthwith, or else satisfy the public by good and sufficient reasons why it is not done.

The Press should clamor incessantly until all owners of passenger boats were driven by very shame, if not for humanity's sake, to provide this important security to those who literally hazard their own lives to fill their purses.

VIATOR.

College of Physicians and Surgeons—Dr. Parker not Resigned.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Sept. 15, 1860.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Since my return to the City my attention has been called to the fact that the N. Y. TIMES had published a report that Prof. WILLARD PARKER had resigned the Chair of Surgery in the College, and that this report had been copied by various other papers. This report is of course calculated to injure the College; will you, therefore, be good enough to contradict it positively. Dr. Parker has not resigned, and has no idea of resigning.

With respect, yours, &c.,
ROBT. WATTS, M. D.,
Secretary *pro tem.* to the Faculty.

Saddle-Horses for the Park to Let.
Saddle-horses trained for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Saddle-horses of various styles for sale.
Saddle-horses kept by the month with the privilege of the owners' riding them in the School, at
DISBROW'S Riding Academy,
Fifth-avenue, corner of Thirty-ninth-street.
The Evening Class for gentlemen commences 1st Oct.
The Reception Evening for Ladies and Gentlemen, 2d October. The Day School is now open.

Sewing Machines.
NASHVILLE, Sept. 15.
At the Tennessee State Fair this day the highest premium was awarded to the Grover and Baker Sewing Machine as the BEST for all classes of family work. Also was a premium awarded to the Grover and Baker on the double loop stitch, as being superior to the shuttle or lock stitch for the same purpose. These premiums were awarded over the Wheeler and Wilson, I. M. Singer, and Howe machines in competition.

Gas Fixtures.
BALL, BLACK & CO.,
Nos. 565 and 567 Broadway,
Corner of Prince-st.,
in addition to their large stock of rich goods, offer for sale a large assortment of Chandeliers and Gas Fixtures of every description, and of the newest styles,—both foreign and domestic manufacture.
NEW-YORK, July 28, 1860.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated
NOISELESS SEWING MACHINES.
THE BEST IN USE FOR FAMILY SEWING.
No. 495 Broadway, New-York.
No. 182 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Fairbanks' Standard Scales,
Adapted to every branch of business where a correct and durable scale is required. Call and examine or send for an ILLUSTRATED and DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR.
FAIRBANKS & CO.,
No. 189 Broadway, New-York,
Between Dey and Cortlandt sts.

Gas Fxtures.
We are now opening at our branch store, No. 42 East 14th-st., Union-square, a fine assortment of entirely new styles of
FRENCH FIRE-GILT CHANDELIERS,
BRACKETS, &c.,
Manufactured expressly for this establishment. Parties in search of choice goods will please call and examine the above, and also our
MIRRORS AND BRONZES.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.

All Prudent Travelers, whether by Ocean, Lake or River, are purchasing the Delano Life Preserving Garments. The price of a beautiful dress Vest is $7 50; a cheap insurance from drowning; ladies' and childrens' waists of all sizes. Remember the loss of the Central America, Arctic, Lyonais, Hungarian, Lady Elgin, and many others. See the New-York Tribune of September 15 for the accounts of the narrow escape of the steamer Arabia from sudden and terrible wreck on Faucet Rock, Cape Clear. Delano Life Preserving Coat and Vest Company, No. 256 Broadway, opposite the City Hall.

Peremptory Sheriff's Sale, by Order of the Supreme Court.
The attention of capitalists and others is called to the sale, by JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer, under the direction of John Kelly, Sheriff, &c., on TUESDAY, Sept. 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, of the first-class dwelling-house and lot No. 98 East 21st-st., Gramercy Park, containing all the modern improvements.
Sale absolute, to the highest bidder. The property is now rented for $1,800, but the purchaser will be entitled to immediate possession.

Trusses.—Dr. Marsh Continues to Apply his radical cure Truss with success in the treatment of Hernia. Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Suspension Bandages, silk elastic Stockings, Belts, Bathing Trusses and all surgical appliances applied. A lady in attendance in the female department. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, opposite St. Paul's church.

Wheeler & Wilson's
SEWING MACHINES,
No. 505 Broadway.
Approved alike by families, dress-makers, shirt-makers, gaiter-fitters, vest-makers and tailors generally, are the only machines that fully meet ALL the wants of the public. Send for a circular.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees. —This celebrated establishment is removed to No. 16 Bond-st. Twelve private rooms for the application of his Hair Dye—the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all. This is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

303 Canal-street. 303.
FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS.—Opening day for exhibition of new styles in children's HATS and CAPS is THURSDAY, the 20th instant.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, three doors west of Broadway.

Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing-Machine.
"Remarkable for its simplicity."—*Christian Advocate and Journal.*
Price $30. Office No. 508 Broadway.

Hill's Hair Dye 50 cents, Black or Brown, Depôt No. 1 Barclay-st., and sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine stores. Infallible Onguent for the hair. Inimitable hair-cutting at No. 1 Barclay-st.

The Stereoscopic Emporium.
E. ANTHONY, No. 501 Broadway. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS for amateurs and the trade.

Misses' and Children's Hats, the largest and most elegant variety in this City. Gent's and Boy's Hats and Caps ditto. KELLOGG, No. 381 Canal-st.

Iron Work for Buildings.—Iron Store and Bank Fronts, Columns, Girders, Beams, Door Shutters, Stairs, Vaults, &c. Every description of Fine Iron Work for building purposes, manufactured at JAMES L. JACKSON & BROTHER'S Iron Works, 29th-st., 2d-av., and 29th-st., New-York.

Finkle & Lyon Sewing-Machine Co.
All machines warranted to give better satisfaction than any others in market or money refunded. Agents wanted. No. 538 BROADWAY, New-York.

MARRIED.

YOUNG—CAPRON.—In this City, on Tuesday, Jan. 3, at No. 191 West 18th-st., by Rev. J. Poisal, EDWARD F. YOUNG to FANNY O., only daughter of the late Willet S. Capron, Esq., of Philadelphia.

MARKS—DOOLITTLE.—In this City, at the residence of the bride's brother, yb Rev. Thomas De Witt, D. D., Capt. JAMES MARKS, of Philadelphia, to Miss CORNELIA A. DOOLITTLE, of this City.

DIED.

STONE.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 18, JULIA A., relict of the late Wm. W. Stone, Esq., in the 63d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 290 West 19th-st., on Thursday, the 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.

CURTIS.—In this City, on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 18, ELEANOR MAUDE, eldest child of Alfred L. and Maria E. Curtis, aged 3 years, 6 months and 18 days.

Due notice will be given of the funeral.

WALLS.—In this City, on Monday, Sept. 17, Mrs. ANN WALLS, relict of the late William Warden Walls, in the 56th year of her age.

Her funeral will take place from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. John Darragh, Barrytown, N. J., on Wednesday, and the remains be taken to Rhinebeck M. E. Cemetery for interment.

SHAW.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 18, MARY ROBINSON SHAW, daughter of the late John C. Shaw, of this City.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, at her late residence, No. 80 9th-st., on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Jamaica, L. I., for interment.

MCLAUGHLIN.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 18, Miss ELEANOR H. MCLAUGHLIN, daughter of the late Rev. Edward McLaughlin.

The friends of the family, and the patrons of the school, are invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 85 West 44th-st.

WOODRUFF.—In this City, on Monday morning, Sept. 17, AUGUSTUS P. WOODRUFF, son of the late Thomas T. Woodruff, in the 36th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 40 University-place, on Wednesday afternoon, 19th inst., at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

FARON.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Sept. 17, JOHN FARON, Sr., Steam Engineer of the New-York Navy-Yard, in the 74th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, Morton Encampment Knights Templar, the Phœnix Chapter R. A. M., and the Masonic fraternity in general, also the Salem Encampment and Nassau Lodge I. O. of O. F., are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 48 Adelphi-st., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, 19th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. His remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

HUDNUT.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 18, after a lingering illness, MARGARET, wife of Alex. Hudnut, aged 26 years and 7 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, to-day, (Wednesday afternoon,) at 4 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 249 Clinton-st.

WEBSTER.—At Morrisania, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 18, in bright hopes of a blessed immortality, MARY A., relict of the late David Webster, aged 44 years.

Her friends and acquaintances, and those of her brothers, William and Elias Van Benschoten, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral without further notice, at 10½ o'clock, on Thursday morning, from her late residence, Morrisania. Carriages will be at the 26th-st. depôt, awaiting the arrival of the 1 o'clock train to convey friends to the burying ground.

BRADY.—At the residence of his uncle, Jacob Mackey, Esq., Spring Valley, Rockland County, N. Y., on Monday, Sept. 17, of consumption, WILLIAM P. BRADY, eldest son of William S. and Maria Brady, in the 19th year of his age.

His remains will be interred in Oak Hill Cemetery, Nyack, to-day, at 12 o'clock, noon.

MASON.—At Rutland, Vt., Sept. 17, of consumption, MARIA D., daughter Rev. Francis Mason, aged 20 years and 6 months.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS, BY TELEGRAPH, OF THE LEGALIZED LOTTERIES,
WOOD, EDDY & CO., MANAGERS
of the
DELAWARE, KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES,
AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.
The undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Governor of the State of Delaware to superintend the drawings of the Delaware State Lottery, do certify that the following are the numbers drawn this day:
DELAWARE LOTTERIES.
Extra Class No. 445, Sept. 18, 1860.
63, 23, 43, 45, 64, 15, 57, 65, 6, 29, 68, 16, 66, 48.
Class No. 446, Sept. 18, 1860.
61, 46, 55, 41, 66, 58, 73, 50, 51, 23, 59, 68.
Witness our hands, at Wilmington, Del., Sept. 18, 1860.
GEO. C. GORDON,
JOSEPH SEAL,
JAMES DUNCAN.
Circulars, containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge by sending to
WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Wilmington, Del., or St. Louis, Mo.

THE HERMIT OF THE OTTAWA. By JAMES REYNOLDS, will be commenced in the NEW-YORK WEEKLY to-morrow.
THE HERMIT OF THE OTTAWA. By JAMES REYNOLDS, will be commenced in the NEW-YORK WEEKLY to-morrow.
THE HERMIT OF THE OTTAWA. By JAMES REYNOLDS, will be commenced in the NEW-YORK WEEKLY to-morrow.
THE SECRET DESTROYER will be commenced in the NEW-YORK WEEKLY to-morrow, by JAS. REYNOLDS.
THE SECRET DESTROYER will be commenced in the NEW-YORK WEEKLY to-morrow, by JAS. REYNOLDS.
THE SECRET DESTROYER will be commenced in the NEW-YORK WEEKLY to-morrow, by JAS. REYNOLDS.
The NEW-YORK WEEKLY will be ready to-morrow containing the commencement of a new and beautiful story, entitled the HERMIT OF THE OTTAWA.
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The NEW-YORK WEEKLY will be ready to-morrow containing the commencement of a new and beautiful story, entitled the HERMIT OF THE OTTAWA.

J. M. DOE & CO., MANUFACTURERS AND
Wholesale dealers in
CABINET FURNITURE,
Have decided to open their large stock to the public and will hereafter sell at RETAIL as well as at Wholesale.
They offer FURNITURE FOR DRAWING-ROOMS, PARLORS, CHAMBEBS, &c., both rich and plain, of original patterns, made by their own workmen from kiln-dried stock.
Their great facilities for manufacturing will enable them to sell at the LOWEST PRICES!
Warerooms, Nos. 96 and 98 East HOUSTON-ST.,
Fourth door East of Bowery.

DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
BREAKFAST SETS, &c., &c.,
In plain white or richly decorated
FRENCH CHINA,
For sale in great variety.
Also, sets painted to order, with Coats of Arms, Crests, or Initials.
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
No. 631 Broadway.

CURE FOR HERNIA OR RUPTURE.
WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS
Is a great improvement, clean, light, no back pad, perfectly safe, sure to hold; is a combined inward and upward action. Call and see it at No. 25 Bond-st.
GREGORY & CO., Sole Proprietors.
Send for a pamphlet.

GAS FIXTURES! GAS FIXTURES!!
The attention of buyers of
CHANDELIERS,
BRACKETS, &c., &c.,
for Gas, is solicted to our unrivaled assortment.
W. J. F. DARLEY & CO.,
No. 631 Broadway.

FRENCH FANCY GOODS.
Suitable for presents to gentlemen and ladies, new and very beautiful styles just received from Paris, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

STODART PIANOS.
GRAND, SQUARE AND PICOLO.
The best manufactured.
Warerooms.
No. 506 Broadway.

FANS—PARIS FANS.
New and beautiful style, just received, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

USEFUL AND ECONOMICAL.—HEGEMAN & CO'S Benzine for the instant removal of grease spots, paints, &c., &c., and for cleaning gloves, silks, ribbons, &c., equal to new, without injury to color or fabric. Sold by druggists; only 25 cents per bottle. See that you get the genuine article.

ENGLISH CARPETS.
LIST OF PRICES:
ENGLISH TAPESTRIES, 87½c.
3-PLY AND SUPERFINE, 50c. to $1.
OIL-CLOTHS, 30c.
INGRAIN CARPETS, 2s. to 4s.
Also an extensive assortment of Lowell and Hartford 3-ply and superfine Ingrains, Venetian Carpets, &c., at the Cheap Carpet Store,
B. BEATTY'S,
No. 8 4th-av., near the Cooper Institute.

HECKERS' FARINA JELLY, A DELICIOUS dessert and the best substitute for animal food, enriches the tables of the Astor House, and all the principal Saloons. Heckers' Farina Boilers to prevent burning or scorching; Jelly Molds, of various sizes, forms and patterns; for sale at the Establishment, No. 3 New Canal-st., near East Broadway

PLATED TEA SETS, 6 PIECES FOR $20. —Some new styles, very rich, TEA SETS, 6 pieces for $20, usually sold for $35. A general assortment of fine PLATED WARE at equally low prices, at the old stand (30 years in one place) of LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.

R. R. R.
GOOD NEWS.
GOOD NEWS.
THE TRUE BALM OF GILEAD
AND
THE PHYSICIAN THERE.
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS,
THE MEDICINE OF MEDICINES,
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS,
THE MEDICINE OF MEDICINES,
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,
RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT.

The question is not, what malady and evil they *can* cure, but what can they *not* cure?

There are four quarters of the world, and in each are to be found the world-famed
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS,
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,
RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT.
VOICES FROM SOUTH AMERICA IN THE SPANISH AND BRAZILIAN TONGUES.

In the Empire of Brazil, the cures effected have been more than miraculous. The great City of Rio Janeiro blesses the day when "Radway's" celebrated remedies were first introduced into the Empire.

Hon. Henry A. Wise, late Ambassador to Brazil, states that no other medicines were used by the Emperor in his family, and that during four years' residence, he himself was preserved from death by the use of Radway's medicines. He states that the use of the Radway Pills and Ready Relief among all classes has saved thousands of lives every year.

In Spanish America,
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS,
RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT,
Are of universal use. The old Republic of Columbia, of which Bolivar was once President, is now divided into three Republics—Venezuela, of which Caraccas is the capital; New-Granada, of which Bogota is the capital; and Ecuador, of which Quito is the capital.

Gen. Jose Villamil, the Commander-in-Chief of the army in Ecuador, writes us that RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, REGULATING PILLS and RENOVATING RESOLVENT, kept the army in perfect health. The army surgeons and physicians used these medicines with such perfect success in the Hospitals as to report every soldier in the army (not disabled by broken bones) ready for duty. No disease or sickness can withstand the healthful influence of these remedies. They not only infuse health and strength in the enfeebled and worn-out body, but they instill within the hearts and blood of all who use them, courage to persevere and conquer.

Gen. Villamil's letter can be seen at Dr. RADWAY'S & CO.'S Office.

THE PRIESTS OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH,
When honored by a grateful populace for cures deemed miraculous, have smiled, while they drew from pockets inside their sacred vestments bottles labeled "Radway's Relief," or "Radway's Pills," denying by the act that they had used other than human agencies, blessed by Divine Providence.

A high civil functionary at Quito writes as follows: "God knows that the sufferings of the people of Ecuador have been very great through the seasons of turbulent civil war, but they have been shorn of their severity by what seemed to be a messenger of Heaven, but who was in reality only the agent of Dr. Radway, of New-York. He dispensed 'Ready Relief,' 'Renovating Resolvent' and 'Regulating Pills' to thousands—ay, by tens of thousands, and as if it had been the Brazen Cross of the old Israelites, all who looked upon it lived. So here, all who used Radway's great medicines were saved. The wounded soldier used it, and was healed."

In Laguayra, the seaport of Caraccas, on the other side of the Andes, and according to the late Baron Humboldt, who visited it in 1804, *the hottest place in the world*, the cures were most extraordinary. According to a report made by the commander of that place, blind people were made to see, sore eyes were cured as if by magic, by the Resolvent of Dr. RADWAY. Scrofula, and all diseases of the skin gave way to its use and were cured forever.

The physicians of Venezuela were amazed at the success of "Radway's Pills," Ready Relief and Resolvent. They saw as trophies, the bed-ridden for 15 years made well. Cripples of old standing, walking down to the mole and pitching their crutches into the sea. Congestion of Lungs and Liver made well in three days. Dyspepsia cured in 48 hours, and chronic diarrheas of months' standing cured most successfully in one week. By Radway's Pills and Relief even those minor evils of Headache, Heartburn, Tooth-ache, and Colic were relieved in a few minutes. Restless and nervous persons who had lost sleep, were restored to a healthful, refreshing sleep as soon as their heads touched the bed, after using the Radway Pills and Ready Relief. Bad dreams cured altogether. Ear-ringing ended; and wretched, depressed feelings of long continuance were changed to joyful and hopeful aspiration.

The American Chargé d'Affaires, at Bogota, also wrote to Dr. RADWAY'S Agent a curious letter, under date of June 8, 1860. He says that he had witnessed some of the most remarkable cures, in Bogota, by means of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, RENOVATING RESOLVENT, and REGULATING PILLS. "Your Remedies did wonders. They conquered every disease of this climate. I felt proud of you as a countryman. The physicians of New-Granada have abolished their old practices, and are saving human life, and relieving human misery, by using your great Remedies."

GREAT CURES OF FEVER AND AGUE.
YELLOW FEVER,
DYSENTERY,
BITES OF SNAKES,
STINGS OF MUSQUITOES,
RHEUMATISM,
CURED BY
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.
DIARRHŒA AND COLIC.
GREAT CURES OF FEVER AND AGUE.
BILIOUS FEVER.
TYPHOID FEVER,
SCARLET FEVER,
WHOOPING COUGH,
CROUP,
INFLUENZA,
MEASLES,
STINGS OF MUSQUTOES,
RHEUMATISM,
GOUT,
LUMBAGO,
CURED BY
RADWAY'S READY RELIFE,
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS,
Quiets nervousness, and induces
SLEEP, SLEEP, SLEEP.

Dr. Wambrrie, of Curacoa, writes to the special agent of Dr. Radway as follows:—"This is one of the most unhealthy places in the world—medicines, of known value, that will cure diseases of the same character in other places, have no effect upon the sick here. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, REGULATING PILLS and RENOVATING RESOLVENT, prove a happy exception, for in every case where these miraculous medicines are administered, they cure the sick. I have cured the most terrible cases of yellow fever, fever and ague, typhoid fever, congestion of the liver, bilious fever, by the use of the READY RELIEF and RADWAY'S PILLS.

With the READY RELIEF and REGULATING PILLS Dysentery is harmless—Cholera becomes a past time, and the most violent SMALL-POX changes to a mild form of varioloid. The frightful Asthma is speedily reduced to easy unchecked breathing. In bites of snakes, stings of insects, a single application of the READY RELIEF neutralizes the poison, and soothes the irritated flesh. I have cured several cases of palpitation of the heart, rush of blood to the head, fits of various kinds, by a few doses of
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS,

THE WALKING SKELETON, COVERED WITH SORES AND RUNNING ULCERS.

Before the introduction of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT on the coast of South America, the streets of Callao, Valparaiso, Buenos Ayres, Rio, and other populous cities, were thronged with poor and decrepid, worn-out remnants of humanity, covered from head to foot with frightful sores and ulcers, discharging filthy and corrupt humors. The use of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT has purified, cleansed and healed the sick in every case. No more crippled and disabled lepers, no more foul and sore-eaten bodies, are to be seen in the public streets; for in RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT, aided in the more severe cases by the Ready Relief and Regulating Pills,

SCROFULA, SYPHILIS, SALT RHEUM, SKIN ERUPTIONS, FEVER SORES, WHITE SWELLINGS, NODES, ERYSIPELAS, SORE HEADS, SORE EYES, SORE MOUTHS, CANKERS, CANCERS, SEVERE CHRONIC COMPLAINTS, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, &c., ARE QUICKLY AND EFFECTUALLY CURED.

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS
AS A HOUSEHOLD DEITY.
In cases of dropsy, piles, diseases of the bladder, stone diseases, kidney complaints, chronic costiveness, congestion of the liver, heart disease, dyspepsia, indigestion, &c., a dose or two of RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS are as sure to cure as the rising and setting of the sun. They have never failed in a single case with sores and running ulcers.

THINK OF IT.
IF DR. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,
RENOVATING RESOLVENT,
AND
REGULATING PILLS,
have effected such wonderful and startling cures in the hot regions and tropical climates of the sickly torrid zone, how much more rapidly and effectively will they cure the same class of diseases in their milder forms in our temperate latitudes.

DISEASES CAUSED BY QUININE, CALOMEL, MERCURY, CORROSIVE SUBLIMATE, &C., CURED BY RADWAY'S PILLS AND RESOLVENT.
Let the poor distressed, saffron-colored, yellow-skinned victim of fever and ague, rheumatism, liver complaint, bilious fever sufferer, who has swallowed large portions of quinine, calomel, &c., resort at once to RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.
READY RELIEF and
RENOVATING RESOLVENT.
A few weeks' perseverance with these remedies will enable those poor decrepid mortals to walk fresh in the prime of health and strength.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS.
THE ONLY SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL, MERCURY AND QUININE.
The Radway Pills will take the place of all other pills. They are the only article of Pills that can eradicate or remedy the awful evils to humanity occasioned by the use of calomel, mercury and quinine.
They need but to be tried. They are so efficacious and so sure to cure, that they will become the household deity. They will take the place of the family physician, and save hundreds of dollars of useless expense, and preserve the health and prolong the life of every one that gathers about the family fireside.

A TWENTY-FIVE CENT BOX OF RADWAY'S PILLS BETTER THAN $100 PAID TO A PHYSICIAN.
These simple remedies, viz.: RADWAY'S PILLS, READY RELIEF and RENOVATING RESOLVENT, have accomplished cures in cases that have defied the sagacity and deep learning of our most esteemed City physicians.
Twenty-five cents in Pills pays better to the sick than $100 paid to celebrated Doctors!
One Cures Certainly. The other Accidentally.
A box of RADWAY'S PILLS has made many of those corrupted with disease jump from the grave, with a new lease of life in their hands.

BEAR IN MIND
that in the most aggravated cases of constipation, costiveness, inflammation of the bowels, or bilious colic, a dose of from 2 to 6 of Radway's Pills will produce a pleasant and healthy evacuation from the bowels in six hours.
In purchasing Dr. RADWAY'S REMEDIES, see that the signature of Radway & Co. is upon the outside label of each bottle and box.
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS, 25 cts. per box.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1 per bottle.
RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT, $1 per bottle.
Sold by Druggists everywhere, and at RADWAY & CO.'S Principal Office, No. 23 John-st., New-York.
IMPORTANT NOTICE.
Each box of Radway's Pills contains 30 pills, and each pill is warranted to produce a more healthful effect upon the sick than ten of any other pills in use.
RADWAY & CO., No. 23 John-st., New-York.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
Your attention is respectfully invited to our
PATENT CIGAR RACK,
for the
HAT,
it being the most convenient article yet invented for carrying Cigars.
For sale at the principal wholesale Yankee Notion, Dry-Goods, and Hat Houses in the City, or at our Office, No. 132 Broadway, (over the office of the Excelsior Insurance Company.)
Please call and examine, or send for a circular.
ROBT. GRIFFITH, Secretary,
Rockville Manufacturing Company.

TARGET PRIZES, PRESENTS, &c., &c.
A handsome assortment of goods suitable for
TARGET PRIZES,
PRESENTS, &c.
For sale, at the lowest prices,
By W. S. MURRAY, No. 23 John-st.

J. R. STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR.
WHEN OLIVE TAR IS INHALED, its healing balsamic odors are brought in direct contact with the lining membranes of the *Throat, Bronchial Tubes and all the Air-Cells of the Lungs.*
Relieving at once any pain or oppression, and healing any irritation or inflammation.
WHEN OLIVE TAR IS TAKEN UPON SUGAR, it forms an unequaled soothing and healing syrup for coughs and all throat diseases.
WHEN OLIVE TAR IS APPLIED, its magnetic or concentrated curative powers render it a most speedy and efficient
PAIN ANNIHILATOR.
Olive Tar is not sticky—does not discolor.
Fifty cents a bottle, at No. 442 Broadway, New-York, and by all druggists.

J. R. STAFFORD'S IRON AND SULPHUR POWDERS.
Are a soluble preparation of iron and sulphur, identical with that existing in the blood of a perfectly healthy person. Uniting with the digested food,
THEY REVITALIZE AND PURIFY THE BLOOD,
THEY IMPART ENERGY TO THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,
THEY INVIGORATE THE LIVER,
THEY STRENGTHEN THE DIGESTION,
THEY REGULATE THE SECRETIONS OF THE BODY,
AND ARE A SPECIFIC FOR ALL FEMALE WEAKNESSES.
PRICE ONE DOLLAR A PACKAGE.
At 442 Broadway, New-York, and all Druggists.

A PAMPHLET CONTAINING TESTIMONIALS FROM THE following and many other well-known prominent persons, will be sent to any address, *free by mail*:
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THURLOW WEED, Esq., Albany, N. Y.
GEN. DUFF GREEN, Washington, D. C.
COL. SAMUEL COLT, Hartford, Conn.
COL. CHAS. MAY, U. S. A.
REV. JOSHUA LEAVITT, Ed. *Independent*, N. Y.
REV. EDWARD BRIGHT, Ed. *Examiner*, New-York.
REV. D. W. CRONK, Agt., Am. Bible Union, N. Y.
REV. O. F. A. SPINNING, Butternuts, N. Y.
REV. DR. LEONARD, Exeter, N. H.
SEND FOR A PAMPHLET.

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SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 456 Broadway, near Grand-st.
FALL IMPORTATIONS OF CHOICE STYLES
MEDALLIONS, VELVETS, TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS,
THREE-PLY AND INGRAIN CARPETTS.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN OIL-CLOTHS, &c., &c.
Best styles English VELVETS, $1 25 to $1 60 per yard.
Best styles English TAPESTRY, 80c. to $1 per yard.

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            BALLOU'S
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FFFFF           YYYYY    SSSSSSS
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BALLOU'S PATENT
IMPROVED FRENCH YOKE SHIRTS,
Patented Nov. 1, 1859.
A NEW STYLE OF SHIRT, WARRANTED TO FIT.
Sent by express to any part of the United States upon receipt, per mail, of the following measures, which will insure a perfect fit, for $12, $15, $18, and $24 per dozen. No order forwarded for less than half a dozen shirts.
The measures are as follows:
Neck—The distance around it. *Yoke*—The measures from the points of each shoulder. *Sleeve*—The length from the centre of the back to the wrist, with the arm bent. *Breast*—Distance around the body, under the armpits. *Waist*—Distance around. Also, the length of the shirt.
By sending the above measures we can guarantee you a perfect fit of our new style of the
IMPROVED FRENCH YOKE SHIRT.
Also, Importers and Dealers in
MENS' FURNISHING GOODS.
BALLOU BROTHERS, No. 409 Broadway, New-York.
Wholesale Trade supplied on the usual terms.

"ROYALTY RAISING THE WIND"
Forms one of the Tales in the HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL, THIS WEEK. Ready on FRIDAY.

"THE CARLISLE HERITAGE"
Forms another of the Tales in the HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL, THIS WEEK. Ready on FRIDAY. Price 3 cents.

"GEN. G. P. MORRIS"
Forms the subject of Biography in the "Corner for Celebrities," in the HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL, THIS WEEK.

"BATTLEDORES"
Is the title of a new Poem by FITZ-JAMES O'BRIEN, in the HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL, THIS WEEK. Ready on FRIDAY.

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Is the title of a new Song—with piano-forte accompaniment—by D. D. GRISWOLD, one of our best native composers. "Annie Green" will be a household favorite with all players. Ready on FRIDAY, in the HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL. 3 cents.

THE HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL.
On FRIDAY, the first number of the HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL presents a bill of fare for variety and excellence unequaled in the history of American periodical literature. Fit to be read in every family. Price 3 cents. To be had of all news agents.

HAVING PURCHASED FROM THE NEW-YORK BELTING AND PACKING COMPANY the exclusive right to Charles Goodyear's invention of vulcanized rubber for billiard cushions, we hereby notify the manufacturers and purchasers of billiard tables that we will fill orders for billiard tables made with vulcanized caoutchouc or india-rubber cushions, and for the ordinary caoutchouc cushion, with a license to apply them to billiard tables. Hereafter every billiard cushion of vulcanized rubber will bear, imbedded in each cushion or strip, the name of Charles Goodyear, the patentee, and the date of the patent, and parties purchasing these cushions of us will be required to attach to every table, in a conspicuous place, a metallic plate, (which we will furnish,) bearing these words; "Charles Goodyear's Patent, granted June 15, 1844. Extended June 15, 1858." All parties manufacturing billiard tables with the ordinary vulcanized rubber cushions after this date, or parties using or vending the same without the above stamp, will infringe our right, and will be prosecuted accordingly. PHELAN'S PATENT COMBINATION CUSHIONS can only be obtained on tables manufactured by
PHELAN & COLLENDER,
Nos. 63, 65, 67, and 69 Crosby-st.
NEW-YORK, Aug. 21, 1860.

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And Combination Cushions.
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Sole manufacturers, 63 to 69 Crosby-st., New-York.

WE GIVE NOTICE TO THE MANUFACTURERS and purchasers of billiard tables that we have sold to Messrs. Phelan and Collender the exclusive right to the use and application of Charles Goodyear's invention of vulcanised caoutchouc, or india-rubber, for which a patent was issued to the inventor, dated June 15, 1844, and extended June 15, 1858, for billiard tables. And manufacturers of billiard tables are here notified that all future purchases of vulcanized rubber for billiard tables must be made from Messrs. Phelan & Collender; and all infringers on this right will be prosecuted by us to the full extent of the law.
NEW-YORK BELTING AND PACKING COMPANY.
AUG. 20, 1860.

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HARPER'S
NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.
No. CXXV.] CONTENTS. [OCTOBER.
THE QUAKER WIDOW. By BAYARD TAYLOR.
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TO RED RIVER AND BEYOND. (Second Paper.)
ILLUSTRATIONS.—Buffalo Chase—Joe Rolette—International Boundary Post—Pembina Fort—Pembina—Ball at Pembina—Strawberries—St. Joseph—Pembina Mountain—Prairie Fire—Mouse River—Fort Ellice—Junction of the Assiniboine and Qu'Appelle Rivers—Parting with the Doctor—Fording at the Sand Hills—South Bend at Mouse River—Golgotha—Devil's Lake—Return of the Hunters.
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FASHIONS FOR OCTOBER.
ILLUSTRATIONS.—Riding Habit—Pardessus.
The Stay-at Home Traveler can, in this number of the MAGAZINE, by aid of writers and artists, visit some of the least-known regions in three quarters of the globe. Mr. MARBLE will conduct him across the great Northwest plains of America, the present habitat of the buffalo, stretching to the "Red River and Beyond," introducing him to the half-breeds, who are the pioneers of civilization in those vast regions. Mr. ATKINSON will accompany him through the lofty mountains, and over the pastoral steppes of Northern Asia, making him at home in the camps of the Cossacks, the aouls of the Kirghis, and the tents of Tartar Sultans. Capt. BURTON will lead him half-way across the African continent, through the equatorial region unexplored by LIVINGSTONE and BARTH. These papers, with BAYARD TAYLOR'S genial "Quaker Poem," and HOPPIN'S graceful illustrations; Mr. SIMMS' stirring "Carolina Ballad;" Mr. HALL'S "Sketch of a Dinner at the Mayor's," memorable on account of the guests assembled; with the "Miscellaneous Papers," noted in the Table of Contents, make up a number of the MAGAZINE, which, the publishers trust, will prove acceptable to their readers.
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NEW-YORK MEDICAL COLLEGE AND CHARITY HOSPITAL.—Prof. JACOBI will commence his Course of Lectures on *Dentition* THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, at 12 o'clock.
Prof. DOREMUS will commence his Chemical Course by a Lecture on *Exosmose and Endosmose*, at 3 P. M.
Profs. GARDNER & BUDD will hold their Clinic for *Diseases of Females*, at 11, A. M.
R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D.,
Dean.

TO LIBRARIES, &c.—FOR SALE—A COMplete file of the DAILY TIMES, from commencement to date, well bound and perfect in every particular. Address C. B. H., Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

INSTRUCTION.

FRENCH PROTESTANT INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN, NO. 48 EAST 24TH-ST.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—The lessons for the sixth year will commence on TUESDAY, Sept. 18. Classics, mathematics, Spanish, German, English studies, besides the French, which is the language of the school; 17 teachers. No money or pains spared to render this institution as complete as possible. Gymnastics and equitation References, names of former pupils and their parents, &c., in circulars. There is a Primary Department.

Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

LADIES' ACCOMPLISHMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. APTOMMAS' new establishment, (conducted upon the principles of a private European family,) exclusively for the acquirement of accomplishments, and also to afford those who visit New-York for a limited space of time a home, where they may pursue their studies under eminent artists at their option, without being subjected to the ordinary rules and restrictions of boarding-schools. EVERY-DAY LESSONS, (fifty in the quarter,)

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No. 114 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

MURRAY HILL SEMINARY,
NO. 22 EAST 35TH-ST.

The Misses HOWLAND'S English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 17, when a punctual attendance of their pupils is requested.

Circulars and further particulars may be obtained on application to the Principals, or at the book-store of Messrs. FRANCIS & CO., No. 554 Broadway.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS

Respectfully inform parents and guardians that their English and French Boarding and Day School No. 54 West 11th-st., near 5th-av., will open Sept. 10. Classes will form on the 17th. Professors have been carefully selected from the most distinguished talent in the City. Private classes from 2 to 4 P. M. Circulars may be obtained at the principal book and music stores, and at No. 54 West 11th-st., where all applications will receive immediate attention.

MRS. WILLIAMES'
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL,
No. 26 West 39th-st., (near 5th-av.,)

Will reopen Sept. 17. A punctual attendance of the pupils is desired. Circulars may be obtained at Roe Lockwood & Son's, No. 411 Broadway, or on application at her residence.

SING SING
FEMALE SEMINARY,
REV. S. N. HOWELL, A. M.,
Principal,

Located on the Hudson, 30 miles from New-York. Next session begins TUESDAY, Sept. 18. Circulars, with references, &c., at the bookstores of Carter, Lockwood and Randolph, or address the Principal, at Sing Sing, N. Y.

R. A. SMITH'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
Lexington-av., near 37th-st.
Term commences Sept. 10.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE OF NEW-YORK.—President, Hon. DANIEL F. TIEMANN, late Mayor of New-York City; Secretary, JAMES F. HALL, of Wm. Hall & Sons.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE.—JACOB BEAKLEY, M. D., Dean of the Faculty, Professor of Surgery and Surgical Pathology; ISAAC MONROE WARD, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children, and Medical Jurisprudence; WILLIAM E. PAYNE, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Homœopathic Medicine; FRANKLIN W. HUNT, M. D., Professor of Clinical Medicine; MATHEW SEMPLE, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology; STEPHEN R. KIRBY, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics; JOHN D. LA MONTAGNIE, M. D., Professor of General and Descriptive Anatomy; WILLIAM W. RODMAN, M. D., Professor of Physiology and the Institutes; JAS. A. CARMICHAEL., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

The Faculty have leased the property on the northwest corner of 20th-st. and 3d-av., and in the rear of the Gramercy Hotel, a pleasant and eligible location, where every facility will be afforded for a thorough and complete course of instruction in all the branches pertaining to Medical science.

The Session will open on MONDAY, the 17th of October, and close on the 1st of March.

J. BEAKLEY, M. D., Dean of the Faculty,
No. 42 West 24th-st., New-York.

P. S.—Board can be had from $3 to $5 per week.

BROOKLYN COLLEGIATE AND POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE—In Livingston-st., between Court and Boerum sts. The Fall Term of this institute will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 10. For the education of boys ten years of age and upwards this institution presents unusual advantages. Its faculty consists of gentlemen possessing superior abilities in their profession, and is aided by a numerous corps of competent instructors. The institute edifice will satisfy everyone on inspection of the attention that has been given in its construction to the comfort and health of the pupils. Facilities for gymnastic exercises have been provided, and the aim of the Trustees is to meet as far as possible the requirements of the pupils in their mental, moral and physical training. Attention is invited to the catalogue of the Institute published annually, and containing all needful information as to its course of study, terms, &c. It can be had at the Institute, and at Babcock's bookstore, No. 246 Fulton-st., or by application to either of the undermentioned Trustees: Isaac H. Frothingham, President of the Board, (at the Nassau Bank, Brooklyn;) C. R. Marvin, M. G. Harrington, J. T. Martin, A. B. Baylis, A. S. Barnes, L. B. Wyman, J. S. T. Stranahan, S. B. Chittenden, George A. Jarvis, B. B. Blydenburgh, James How, J. E. Southworth, A. M. White, D. S. Landon, C. S. Baylis.

JOSIAH O. LOW, Secretary.

SELECT FRENCH AND ENGLISH PROTESTANT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 30 WEST 25TH-ST.,
Opposite Trinity Chapel.

This School, under the direction of Mlle. ROSTAN, of Paris, will be reponed on TUESDAY, Sept. 18.

A punctual attendance is earnestly requested, as the pupils will find it much for their advantage to be present the first day.

The course of instruction is thorough, comprehensive, and systematic, and designed to combine an accomplished English education with the practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages.

Special attention is also given to Music, Drawing and Painting; and all the classes are under the care of able and accomplished Professors and Teachers.

A small number of young ladies will be received in the family, and will be welcome to share in all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home

For further information, testimonials, &c., apply to Mlle. ROSTAN, No. 30 West 25th-st.

Circulars sent, if desired.

ACADEMY OF DANCING AND CALESTHENICS.—Mr. and Mrs. TRENOR reopen their well-known rooms, No. 65 West 34th-st., on WEDNESDAY, 26th inst.; No. 90 South 8th-st., Brooklyn, E. D., is now open. Mr. T. will be pleased to accommodate parties who may form classes at their residences, in private schools, or at either of the Academies. Call for circulars.

PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, N. Y.—The next term of this institution will commence on Wednesday, Sept. 12. Application for admission may be made to the Principal, A. CRITTENDEN, Esq., Prof EATON, or any of the Trustees. J. W. HARPER, Secretary.

Pupils from abroad will find ample accommodations in the family of Prof. Eaton, adjoining the Institute.

MESSRS. PARKER & BERTHET WILL reopen their school at No. 23 East 21st-st., corner of Broadway, Sept. 10. Pupils will be prepared for any college or the counting-room, and the studies conducted in French or English, at the parent's option. There is a Primary Department in charge of an experienced lady, and one of the Principals directs the exercises of the Gymnasium. Circulars at LOCKWOOD'S, No. 411 Broadway.

MISS E. LENDRUM'S BOARDING AND Day School for Young Ladies and Misses, No. 64 West Warren-st., Brooklyn, will be reopened on TUESDAY, Sept. 11. A very limited number of Boarding pupils will be received in the family. Circulars may be obtained at her residence.

WILLIAM H. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—Northeast corner of Broadway and 12th st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 10. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411, Crowen's, No. 699, Legre's, No. 826 Broadway, and at the residence of the Principal, No. 273 10th-st.

HOBART HALL, NO. 98 WEST THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST., for the Christian education of young ladies, Boarding and Day Scholars, will open MONDAY, Sept. 17, 1860. Rev. JOHN J. ELMENDORF, Rector.

PROF. N. H. GRIFFIN'S PRIVATE SCHOOL for boys at Williamstown, Mass., will reopen Sept. 27 Inquire of R. W. TOWNSEND, No. 110 Broadway, where the Principal may be seen on the 6th and 7th inst.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL REOPENS its Primary, Commercial and Classical departments, Sept. 10. For circulars, call at the University. ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

R. P. JENKS' SELECT SCHOOL FOR boys, No. 866 Broadway, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 10. Circulars at R. LOCKWOOD & SON'S, No. 411 Broadway.

MRS. A. COUTAN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 279 5th-av., corner of 31st st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 17.

MODERN STYLE OF SCHOOL FURNITURE.—Manufactured and for sale by N. JOHNSON, No. 490 Hudson-st., New-York. Illustrated Circulars forwarded on application, free, by mail.

MISSES MEEKER'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School, No. 32 West 40th-st., will reopen Monday, Sept. 17th. Miss MEEKER will be at home after Sept. 1.

P. M. W. REDFIELD'S FRENCH AND English High School, Nos. 1,127 and 1,129 Broadway, (Madison-square,) will reopen on Monday, Sept. 10. Boarders, day boarders and day scholars.

MAPLE HALL.—PROF. ANDREU'S BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, at Jamaica, L. I., 12 miles from New-York, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 10.

MRS. GIBSON, NO. 38 UNION-SQUARE, will re-open her Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, on MONDAY, Sept. 17.

J. H. PATTON'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS WILL reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 17, at No. 15 West 26th-st., (opposite Trinity Chapel.)

MISS M. W. LEGGETT WILL REOPEN her school, No. 273 10th-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 17.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 77 EAST 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square will reopen Tuesday, Sept. 18.

MILITARY ACADEMY, WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.—The Academical year will commence Oct. 2, 1860. Gen. M. I. LOCKWOOD, Principal.

M. W. LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 926 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., reopens Monday, Sept. 17.

NOTICE.—COMMERCIAL AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL, No. 75 Henry-st., New-York, will reopen Sept. 10. SOLOMON JENNER, A. M., Principal.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.—LECTURE ROOM and church furniture manufactured by ROBERT PATON, No. 24 Grove-st., near Bleecker-st., New-York.

INSTRUCTION.

MISS HAINES

Respectfully informs her friends and the public that her school will commence on THURSDAY, Sept. 20. A punctual attendance of her pupils is respectfully requested. Circulars can be obtained at her residence, No. 10 Grammercy Park, (East 20th-st.) Applications for the admission of pupils to her school can be made by letter until the 1st of September. After that date, Miss HAINES will be at home to attend to them in person.

THE SPINGLER INSTITUTE,
UNION-SQUARE AND FIFTH-AVENUE.

The object of this institution, from the beginning, has been to elevate the standard of education of young ladies. No pains or expense have been spared to accomplish it. Convenience and beauty have combined to make the scene of education alluring, and to exert a constant, insensible influence upon refinement and taste in manner and in mind. The admirable edifice, so long occupied, on Union-square, has now been entirely renovated, and was never before so beautiful and attractive. Parents and pupils are invited to visit it.

In addition to this, the celebrated mansion and grounds (six lots) on the 5th-av., corner of 34th-st., Murray Hill, have been purchased, in order to meet the increasing wants of the institution, and with special reference to the accommodation of the higher classes—candidates for graduation—and of young ladies wishing to pursue an advanced course in general reading, history, literature, languages, music or art.

The privileges and course of instruction will be almost identical at both places, under the supervision of the Principal, and conducted, to a great extent, by the same teachers; so that parallel classes will be only sections of the same, and that the seniors, at commencement, will graduate together. Interesting lectures and exercises will sometimes be prepared at each place, for the benefit of all the members of the corresponding departments or classes on the "Square" and on the "Avenue."

The edifices, in location, convenience, beauty and capabilities, are unsurpassed.

Arrangements have been made with Rev. James R. Boyd, lately one of the Principals of Maplewood Young Ladies' Institute, Pittsfield, Mass., to participate in the charge of the establishment at Union-square.

The corps of five-and-twenty instructors, in the various departments, are eminently experienced and skillful.

The appointments, library, apparatus, cabinets and gallery of paintings; the privileges in systematic, thorough elementary discipline; the lectures on natural, mental and moral science, on history, literature, evidences of Christianity and Æsthetics, in the French language, on physiology and physical training; the instructions in music and fine art—all are intended to be worthy of a University for young ladies in our City.

The love of the beautiful and refinement of taste in "art," are cherished by familiarity with some of the best models. The gallery of paintings on the 5th-av. embraces copies of the celebrated works in Rome, ordered from the most eminent copyist, Chevalier Chatelain.

Presentation copies of the VOYAGE OF LIFE, sent to missionary friends in various parts of the world, have been acknowledged by many valuable contributions to the cabinets and means of instruction of the institution. All such benefactions to its library, cabinets, or gallery, will be conveyed in perpetuity, as the property of the institution, for the benefit of those to come after.

The great aim of the Institution has always been to provide for daughters privileges of education equal to those of sons, in our Universities, Colleges, and Halls. It had its origin in a careful examination of educational endowments, both in Europe and America. In many instances, hundreds of thousands of dollars, and in some, millions, were invested in providing educational appliances of every variety, and on the most ample scale, for sons. It did not appear that there was in the world a single Institution for the education of daughters, with a well-distributed endowment of a hundred thousand dollars!

It is believed that there is not in the world at this day such an institution with a library of ten thousand volumes, a telescope worth five thousand dollars, and corresponding appointments in apparatus, cabinets and works of art, that would be deemed indispensable in a College for sons.

It is now seventeen years since this institution was commenced, and twelve since it was established on Union-square. Nearly 2,000 young ladies from our City and various parts of our country have enjoyed its privileges, and nearly 200 graduates from different States in the Union have received its diploma.

The result of this undertaking has been eminently successful. Other noble institutions in this region and elsewhere have, perhaps, done more even than this for the great object. The question is everywhere arresting attention: "Shall one-half of the human family enjoy equal privileges, and be as well educated as the other?" Not only in our City, but in various parts of the United States, the increasing interest in behalf of a higher order of education for young ladies has been gratifying in the highest degree. There is scarcely a State or Territory in the Union, from which deputations or correspondence have not been received here, with a view to the introduction, elsewhere, of some of the features of this system of education.

It is believed that an Institution, in all respects, worthy of this object, in our City, will be followed by endowments and benefactions for the same purpose, in every State and city in our Union. When this shall be accomplished, the great ultimate object of this enterprise will be attained.

The Institution is organized in three Departments, the Primary, the Academic and the Collegiate. Every provision is made for thorough and substantial instruction of the highest order, in every stage and department of education, and to guard the health of pupils and promote their comfort and happiness. Its regular, consecutive and thorough range of instruction by text-book and recitation, in all branches, from the elementary studies of the Primary Department, through the courses of the Academic and the Collegiate, is designed for the symmetrical development and discipline of the various powers of the mind, the formation of a good physical constitution, ease and grace of manners, and an amiable, useful, Christian character.

Great importance is attached to physical training. Spacious and convenient halls, with every necessary appliance, are provided for Calisthenic and other exercises, and ample means are furnished in other ways for healthful recreation.

French ladies reside in the family, and the privileges for the acquisition of colloquial French are as good, perhaps, as can be enjoyed anywhere, except in a foreign land.

Young ladies, with satisfactory testimonials from their pastor or previous teacher, or both, may be received at either place, or any class for which they are thoroughly prepared. At Union Square they will enjoy the well-known, happy influences of the family of Prof. Boyd.

In consequence of recent enlarged accommodations, the institution is now enabled to offer its eminent advantages on the following terms:

For day pupils—
Primary Department—At Union-sq., $50; at 5th-av., $80.
Academic Department—At Union-sq., $80; at 5th-av., $100.
Collegiate Department—At Union-sq., $100; at 5th-av., $120.
Members of Family—At Union-sq., $450; at 5th-av., $550.

Applications for circulars, or for admission, after Sept. 13, may be made personally at either place, or by letter.

GORHAM D. ABBOT, Principal.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE.

The next academic year of this popular Seminary, delightfully situated on the banks of the Hudson, two hours' ride from the City, will begin on the 18th of September. Persons desirous of securing the advantages of the superior intellectual, moral and physical training of this Institution, should apply immediately to L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Principals, Nyack-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

P. S.—The Annual Catalogue and Circular may be obtained of T. J. Crowen, Esq., No. 699 Broadway, A. S. Barnes & Co., John-st., or by addressing the Principals.

CLASSICAL GYMNASIUM,
No. 68 West 26th-st.
REV. N. E. CORNWALL, A. M., RECTOR.

A select school for boys in the rudiments of a liberal education, and young gentlemen more advanced in study. The annual course of study will begin on MONDAY, Sept. 24. Circulars at the principal book-stores, and, after Sept. 20, at the school rooms.

MRS. MACAULAY'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

will be reopened at No. 43 East 21st-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 17. Mrs. M. will be at home after Sept. 1, and will be happy to meet any who desire to arrange with her for the education of their children or wards.

MRS. LEVERETT,
NO. 32 WEST 18TH-ST.,

Will reopen her English and French Protestant Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies on THURSDAY, Sept. 20. Circulars, stating terms and course of instruction, may be obtained at her residence.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

No. 60 West 33d-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 10. Pupils received at all ages and prepared for college or business pursuits.

JOHN ARRELL, A. M., Principal.

THE MISSES ROHR AND MRS. TUFF'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 13 West 24th-st., near Madison-square,
Will be reopened on THURSDAY, Sept. 13.

MADAME F. REICHARD'S

French and English Boarding and Day School for young Ladies, No. 22 West 32d-st., near 5th-av., Will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 17.

For circulars, &c., apply as above.

RAVENSWOOD INSTITUTE, L. I.—ON THE banks of the East River; is perfectly secluded, and affords unusual facilities for training daughters, under strictly family influences, in a thorough and accomplished education. Visits are made in twenty minutes, by Mattano, from Fulton-slip, at 9, 1 and 4 o'clock; or by either of the ferries, and circulars had at Mr. BROWN'S, No. 819 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE, AT CLAVERACK, COLUMBIA CO., N. Y.—Mme. Stephani, the celebrated vocalist, will have charge of the Vocalization; Profs. Martin and Wood of the Piano. Term opens Sept. 14. $40 per term of 14 weeks pays board and tuition. Write for a catalogue.

Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 20 East 31st-st.—JAMES WEIR MASON. Personal instruction by the Principal, and thorough drilling in the English branches. Term begins Sept. 13. Circulars at Carter's, No. 530 Broadway, and after Sept. 6 at the school.

FEW INSTITUTIONS SO FULLY MEET *the wants of those educating daughters abroad, as the Young Ladies' Institute, Auburn, N. Y. Parents should learn its peculiar advantages from circulars, obtained of Ivison & Phinney, Derby & Jackson, C. M. Saxton & Co., New-York, or of the Principal.*

JOSEPH KARGE'S SCHOOL WILL OPEN September 17, at No. 1,214 Broadway, between 29th and 30th sts., for the instruction of boys in all the branches of a complete English and classical education, and in the French and German languages.

ANTHON'S (MR. GEO. C.) CLASSICAL, French and English School, (with gymnasium and Preparatory department,) No. 872 Broadway, corner 18th-st., opens Sept. 10. Circulars at Randolph's, No. 683, at Christern's, No. 763 Broadway, and No. 156 2d-av.

MRS. A. THIBAULT, FORMERLY OF No. 18 Washington-place, having removed to No. 36 West 31st-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, will be prepared to receive her pupils on Monday, Sept. 17.

CEDAR GLEN SEMINARY, SING SING, N. Y.—Young ladies boarded and educated; under ten, $125; above that age, $150. Circulars supplied by Mrs. FREEMAN, the Principal. Location unsurpassed.

MADISON ACADEMY—MADISON-AV., CORner 29th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 13. For terms apply as above, or at No. 163 Lexington-av. Rev S. R. DAVIS and D. P. LEE, Principals.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S DAY AND Boarding School, No. 141 West 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 10.

INSTRUCTION.

MADAME LE DUC'S ENGLISH AND French School for young ladies, will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 12. Apply for circulars at Madame LE DUC'S, No. 406 West 23d-st. Advantages unequaled.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.
PROFESSOR A. BAILLOT'S
ANTI-BOOK SYSTEM;

Or, nature's practical method for teaching languages. Classes for ladies, for gentlemen and for children.

NEW-YORK—Wood's Buildings, No. 563 Broadway.
BROOKLYN—No. 15 Court-st., opposite City Hall.
The classes for 1860-61, will begin on
MONDAY, OCT. 1,

and Prof. BAILLOT will be in attendance to receive subscribers, from the 20th September, in New-York every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 9 to 8 P. M.; every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from 3 to 8 P. M., and in Brooklyn every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from 8 to 12 A. M.

The reputation of Prof. A. BAILLOT, and of his system, has spread so far and wide in the community, that it is needless to enter into long details about the advantages and success of his method without books.

Perfect practical proficiency in reading, writing and speaking French is guaranteed in a course of 100 lessons.

A pamphlet, containing full particulars as to the system, days and hours of the classes, terms, &c., and giving references and testimonials, may be had at the rooms in New-York and in Brooklyn.

MISS HAVENS

Will resume her Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, on THURSDAY, Sept. 13.

Her school circulars may be obtained at any time at her residence, No. 250 Madison-av., between 39th and 40th sts., at the bookstores of Messrs. Lockwood & Son, No. 411 Broadway, and Mr. A. D. F. Randolph, No. 683 Broadway, and also of R. N. Havens, Esq., No. 17 Nassau-st.

Miss HAVENS will be at home after Sept. 1; previous to which date applications for the admission of pupils made to her by letter will receive her prompt attention.

GLENMORE SCHOOL OF ENGINEERS,
ON THE HUDSON.

References—Profs. Bache and Henry, Washington; Profs. Mahan and Bartlett, West Point, and others. Address, for circulars, B. F. GREENE, Director, &c., Glenmore, near Troy, N. Y.

ROBERT GOLDBECK'S
THEORY CLASSES. THEORY
Open TUESDAY, Sept. 25.

Terms, $5 a quarter. Apply at CHICKERING & SONS, No. 694 Broadway.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

The Misses DANFORTH will receive their pupils on MONDAY, Sept. 17, at No. 51 West 24th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

THE BROOKLYN HEIGHTS SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.—This Institution, established nine years ago, by the late Prof. Gray, will be opened on MONDAY, the 10th inst., under the charge of Dr. CHARLES E. WEST. The edifices have been thoroughly renovated, and spacious rooms are provided for the residence of young ladies from abroad in the family of the Principal. While the same thorough course of study will be pursued in the higher departments as under Prof. Gray, Dr. West will give special personal care and oversight to primary pupils. Brooklyn, No. 88 Montague-st.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S SCHOOL, NO. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., will be opened again on MONDAY, Sept. 10. The French Department (in which nothing but French is spoken) will be under the care of M. HENRI DELESCLUZE, a native of Paris, and a graduate of the University of Paris. Miss SARAH SEDGWICK will remain at the head of the Primary Department. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway; Crowen's, No. 699 Broadway; Christern's, No. 763 Broadway, and Price's, No. 884 Broadway.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 218 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, G. W. CLARKE, A. M., and JAMES FANNING, A. M., Proprietors and Principals, opens its eighteenth academic year on MONDAY, Sept. 10, 1860, when its pupils are requested to be punctually present. Catalogues, with particulars, may be had at the Broadway bookstores; Burnton's, No. 49 6th-av., and at the Institute.

CEDARCROFT BOARDING-SCHOOL—Near Boiling Spring, eight miles from Jersey City; HOWARD HINTON, A. M. Locality healthy and retired. Boys prepared for college or business. References, President Columbia College, Rector Trinity Church, N. Y., and present patrons Circulars at Crowen's, No. 699 Broadway, Address of Principal, No. 10 Cortlandt-st., N. Y.

A NEW LEAF TURNED.—GOLDSMITHONIAN penmanship taught by the author in six lessons, for $3, improvement guaranteed, private lessons given. Brooklyn pupils crossing the Fulton Ferry will take 5th-av. stages; South Ferry, Broadway stages. Academy Nos. 921 and 923 Broadway, corner of 21st-st. Commence this day. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH.

MRS. J. V. CAUCHOIS' ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 239 West 23d-st., (formerly No. 279 West 23d,) will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 10. A punctual attendance of her pupils is especially requested. A class of oil painting and refined Grecian art taught on Saturdays by Mme. Cauchois.

MESSRS. LESPINASSE AND ARTEAGA'S French day and boarding-school, Nos. 117, 119 and 121 Clinton-place, between 5th and 6th avs. Complete course of studies. New scholars are admitted only under 14 years of age. The Juvenile Department is under the special care of Mme. LESPINASSE.

STUDY OF YEARS REDUCED TO HOURS.—Prof. LONG, from London, (formerly of the Glasgow University,) Teacher of Writing on a new and original method, by which ladies and gentlemen are taught a superior hand in 12 lessons. Cards of terms may be had at his rooms, No. 861 Broadway.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—PROF. D. LAGROIX, No. 859 Broadway, has resumed his lessons in the French language. Schools and families attended to. Terms moderate, and unexceptionable references given. Apply on the second floor, from 9 to 10 o'clock A. M., or 6 to 8 P. M.

FRENCH CLASS AND PRIVATE LESSONS by Prof. FIRMIN, No. 278 6th-av., near 17th-st. Simple and brief method. Terms moderate. Schools and families attended to. The best references given. Children's class for $6. Apply from 9 to 10 A. M., or at 6 P. M.

MR. ROBERT GOLDBECK, THE PIANIST, begs that all communications regarding lessons be addressed to the care of CHICKERING & SONS, No. 694 Broadway, where he will also receive "personal" communications on Tuesdays and Fridays.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding-School for Boys.—The forty-sixth semi-annual session will commence Nov. 1, 1860. For circulars, address the Principal, D. S. ROWE, M. A.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL Institute, No. 244 West 19th-st., will open its FIFTEENTH year Sept. 10.

JOHN H. BROWN, A. M., Principal.

THE MISSES GREEN WILL REOPEN their school for young ladies on THURSDAY, Sept. 20, at No. 1 5th-av., first door from Washington-square.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE.—CIRCULARS, with terms, reference, &c., can be obtained by addressing A. NEWMAN, A. M., Principal.

NEW-YORK ACADEMY FOR YOUNG Ladies, No. 472 Broadway, will reopen TUESDAY Sept. 11. Miss M. Y. BEAN, Principal.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their Day School for Young Ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 18.

FRENCH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.—Mr. ELISEE CHARLIER, No. 1,002 Broadway, 1st door above 26th-st., east side.

MISS SCHENKBERG, NO. 26 EAST-20TH-ST., will reopen herschool on Monday, Sept. 17th.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—WITHIN AN HOUR'S RIDE OF THE City, a good house of from 10 to 12 rooms, with outhouses, and from one to ten acres of cultivated land, part in fruit. Persons desirous of selling such property will please address J. J. W., Station D, New-York City, with full particulars of the premises, neighborhood, churches, schools, &c.

COUNTRY PLACE WANTED.—THE ADVERTISER wishes to rent, with privilege of purchase, a country residence, well situated, shaded, fruit, water, &c., and from ten to twenty acres of land, within one hour of the City by railroad or boat. Address, with particulars, CHEMIST, No. 43 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—A VERY SMALL HOUSE WITH modern improvements, in a good neighborhood, for a term of years from the 1st of October or November, between Lexington and 9th avs., and north of Amity-st. Address stating full particulars, HOUSE HUNTER, Box No. 172 *Times* Office.

FIRST CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED.—Wanted, a first class furnished house, on the 5th av. or vicinity, with stable connected if possible; must be spacious and strictly first class. Apply to Mr. WOOD, at the Mayor's office, from 12 to 3 o'clock.

MURRAY-HILL FIRST-CLASS HOUSE WANTED.—The advertiser wishes to hire a furnished or unfurnished house (the latter preferred,) with all the modern improvements, located between 4th and 6th avs. Address Box 188 Post-office.

WANTED—A GOOD HOUSE, NOT LESS THAN 20 feet wide, high stoop, three or four stories high, in a good neighborhood, between 10th and 34th sts., and 2d and 5th avs.; rent not to exceed $1,000. Apply to W. JOHNSON, No. 713 Water-st.

A HOUSE.—WANTED, IN EXCHANGE FOR WELL-rented Brooklyn property, a good house in this City, ready for immediate occupancy; west side of the town preferred. Address BROOKLYN, Box No. 122 *Times* Office. Agents need not apply.

WANTED—A WELL FURNISHED HOUSE, OF moderate size, in a good location, by a small private family. Address Box No. 3,402 Post-office, stating terms and location.

POLITICAL.

COOPER INSTITUTE.

Hon. WM. L. DAYTON, of New-Jersey,
Will address the public of New-York at the
COOPER INSTITUTE
On WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 19,
At 7½ o'clock,
ON THE ISSUES OF THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN OF 1860.

GEORGE OPDYKE,
JOHN A. C. GRAY,
JOHN AUSTIN STEVENS, JR.,
HIRAM BARNEY,
SIMEON DRAPER,
DAVID DUDLEY FIELD,
Committee of Arrangements of the Republican Central Campaign Club.

ELEVENTH WARD REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—In compliance with the directions of the Central Committee, this Association will meet at No. 21 Avenue D, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 20th inst., for the purpose of electing Delegates to the County, Judicial, Congressional and Assembly Conventions. The poll will be open from 8 to 9½ o'clock P. M.

LEWIS H. WATTS, President.

C. DONALDSON, Secretary.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—The citizens of this District favorable to the election of JOHN COMMERFORD, are requested to meet, to forward said object, at Military Hall, Bowery, opposite Spring-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 20, at 8 o'clock. A. K. Baily, Joseph Applegate, George Williams, Lewis R. Case, Howel C. Vail, Annanias G. Barmore, Bernard Egan, Joseph Hague, Committee.

TEACHERS.

A PROFESSOR OR ASSOCIATE PRINCIPAL.—A Protestant French gentleman, a graduate of the University of Paris, who has had the last 17 years of a successful experience in teaching French, Spanish, Latin and Drawing, wishes to find a situation in a school of the first standing to teach the above branches. He has been 15 years residing teacher in one of the best boarding-schools near New-York City.

He can invest about one thousand dollars if a partial partnership is offered. The best references given. Address PROFESSOR, (care of Rev. A. Verren, No. 82 West 22d-st., New-York.

AS GOVERNESS.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG lady, at present in the country, desires a home in the City for the Winter, with a small family, (American preferred;) is capable of giving musical instruction to children; is quick and apt with her needle; can cut and make children's clothes. An interview can be had by addressing Mrs. JANE R. CANFIELD, lower Post-office.

AS TEACHER OR GOVERNESS.—A LADY, fully qualified to teach the English branches, French, and music, is desirous of obtaining a situation in a school or family—having experience in the education of young ladies. Can give the best of references. A location South or West would be preferred. Address C., Box No. 3,299 Post-office.

AS MUSIC TEACHER.—A FRENCH LADY, a perfect pianist and player, pupil from the first masters from Paris, wishes to give lessons for $10 per quarter; pupils advanced preferred. French private lessons, reading, writing and conversation, $10 per quarter. Address M. S., Union-square Post-office, Broadway Best references if required.

AS TEACHER.—A LADY, AN EXPERIENCED teacher of drawing and painting, desires an engagement in New-York or its vicinity; she is qualified to take the drawing and painting department in a large institute, and can refer to schools where she is at present engaged. Address to C. Z., care of Mark Potshaw, bookseller, No. 301 4th-av.

TUITION.—A LADY OF MUCH EXPERIENCE in tuition desires a reëngagement in a school or gentleman's family. Acquirements—Higher and ordinary branches of English, French, music, drawing, &c. &c. Pupils over 12 years of age preferred. Unexceptionable references given. Address TEACHER, A. Turnbull, No. 879 Broadway.

A RECENT GRADUATE OF HARVARD College desires a few private pupils to fit for College. References: President Felton and Rev. Dr. Walker, Cambridge; Rev. Dr. Lothrop, Boston; Rev. Dr. Osgood, Prof. H. Webster, Wm. C. Noyes, Esq., William Tracy, Esq., C. P. Kirkland, Esq., New-York. Address Box No. 901 Post-office.

DRAWING AND PAINTING.—AN ENGAGEment wanted as teacher in some institutes or private families, by an artist who has taught the above arts in some of the principal institutes and private families in this City. Best references given. Terms moderate. Address L. K., No. 45 Bleecker-st.

AS GOVERNESS.—A NEW-ENGLAND LADY desires a situation as resident governess in a family, to instruct in the English branches; also, the rudiments of French and Latin if required; unexceptionable references exchanged. Address GOVERNESS, Box No. 1,504 N. Y. Post-office.

AS TEACHER.—A YOUNG LADY OF SOME experience in teaching instrumental and vocal music, being highly qualified, desires to meet with a family where teaching would be equivalent to board. Best of references given and required. Address L. Y. R., Union-square Post-office.

AS GOVERNESS OR ASSISTANT TEACHER.—A young lady desires a situation either as visiting governess or assistant teacher; can teach with the English branches, Latin and French. Address M., Box No. 25, Elizabeth, N. J.

A GERMAN TEACHER OF MORE THAN twenty years' experience, would be pleased to receive applications for teaching the German language, either private or in institutions. Apply to Z., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

A PARISIAN LADY, EXPERIENCED IN teaching, wishes to form an engagement with a family in New-York City to teach her own language, German, and the rudiments of music, for her board. Address E. C. D., Post-office, Station D, New-York.

TUTOR.—A YOUNG MAN, A GRADUATE OF the New-York University, desires to receive some pupils to instruct in Latin, Greek and Mathematics, and also, if desired, in Music. The best references can be given. Address C. M. M., No. 51 West 20th-st.

A TEACHER.—WANTED, A YOUNG MAN TO teach English branches in a Seminary in New-Jersey. Salary $200 and board. Call immediately on Rev. G. G. SAXE, No. 24 Bible House, New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO SOUTHERNERS.
DRINKERS OF CONGRESS WATER.

Much spurious Mineral Water is sold as "CONGRESS WATER" by unprincipled persons or counterfeiters, who, when they dare not use that name, call it "Saratoga" Water; although "Saratoga" is only the name of the town in which the Spring is located.

To protect the public from such impositions we have ALL our corks branded thus

CONGRESS
C. & W.
WATER.

Any not having these words and letters on the Corks are Counterfeit; and the purchaser should prosecute the Seller for swindling.

Orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to us, at our Southern Dépôt of Congress Water, No. 98 Cedar-st., New-York City.

CLARKE & WHITE,
Proprietors Congress Spring.

Lists of dealers who procure Congress Water for their sales direct from our house, are kept at our office for distribution to those who desire to purchase genuine Congress Water in their own neighborhood. C. & W.

ST. CATHARINE MINERAL WATER.—This unrivaled remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Kidney Complaints, derangement of the Liver, Salt Rheum, and diseases peculiar to women, continues to work out marvelous cures.

See certificates from gentlemen of the highest respectability by sending for a pamphlet.

Natural Water, $3 per dozen.
Bathing water, $8 per dozen. C. L. MATHER,
Agent, Astor House and No. 533 Broadway.

STEAM YACHT FOR SALE.—A FINE YACHT in good order, with cabin room for 18 or 20 persons, will be sold low on immediate application to SMEDLEY & LENOX near the club-house, foot of Court-st., Brooklyn.

TO SHIRT BOSOM MAKERS.—STEVENS' Patent Bosom Folder, by which 150 dozen per day can be folded, in all sized plaits, from ⅛ inch upward. Price reduced. J. STEVENS, No. 599 8th-av.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—AT PRIVATE STABLE NO. 98 EAST 18th-st., near Irving-place, a favorite sorrel mare, 14½ hands high, of spirit and endurance, warranted sound and kind in harness or under saddle. Has been owned by two private gentlemen only since she was broken, and sold because owner will have no use for her. Also, if desired, a light wagon and harness. The whole at a bargain, for satisfactory reasons, as purchasers will find on obtaining particulars of groom in charge.

FOR SALE.—A VERY HANDSOME, LONG-tailed bay horse, sixteen hands high, six years old, suitable for a coup or for a gentleman's riding and driving horse, has speed and fine action, is offered for sale, the owner having no use for a single horse. To be seen for one week at Pelton's stable, 21st-st., near 5th-av.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., FOR SALE.—A beautiful sorrel blood mare, Sir Henry breed, sound and gentle; splendid both under the saddle and in harness; the owner is going to Europe. Also, for sale, a good saddle, bridle, harness and wagon. Apply to the groom, at the stable, No. 116 Clinton-place.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR PAIR OF CARRIAGE horses, perfectly sound, young, kind in all harness, and fast travelers; price, $600. A double set of carriage harness, in perfect order; being equal to new; price, $125. Apply at the stable, No. 49 East 13th-st.

STATIONERY.

KIGGINS & KELLOGG,
BLANK BOOK
MANUFACTURERS,
WHOLESALE BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,
Nos. 123 and 125 William-st., New-York.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

MUCILAGE!—(SUPERIOR ADHESIVE) MUCILAGE for Bank, office and general use, can be purchased by the City and Country Trade, lower for cash than ever, at BURNET'S Manufactory, Nos. 45 and 45½ Pine-st. Maker and inventor of Burnet's Patent Screw Bottle Cap.

DENTISTRY.

A CLEAN AND WHOLESOME APPEARANCE OF THE MOUTH IS THE STRONGEST LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION.—Pain and loss of teeth entirely prevented by my new method of filling, which is warranted. Teeth and fangs ingeniously removed without sensation. Old sets exchanged, fitted or repaired; and new sets in handsome style.

VINCENT W. BATE, Dentist,
No. 835 Broadway, corner of 13th-st.

L. MUNSTER, GRADUATED SURGEON-DENTIST, No. 50 West 29th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

ANDREW W. ROSE,
NO. 228 WASHINGTON-ST., NEAR BARCLAY.
WHOLESALE—ONE PRICE—CASH.
PROVISIONS, FISH AND GROCERIES.

New mackerel, salmon, blue-fish, shad, haddock, scale-fish, pickled herrings in bbls., ½-bbls., ¼-bbls., ⅛-bbls. and kits; George's cod-fish, smoked herrings, city hams, shoulders, beef, lard, prime cheese, choice butter, mess pork and groceries, all kinds; molasses, syrups, refined white and yellow sugars, fresh teas, &c. ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED. CITY GROCERS, COUNTRY MERCHANTS and DEALERS invited to call.

FURNITURE.

A BEDROOM SUITE OF ENAMELED furniture for $25, warranted. Also solid Chestnut Chamber Suites, plain and ornamental, at FARRINGTON'S warerooms, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established in 1848.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE, in all colors and styles, wholesale and retail, at $25 and upwards; also Mattresses and Paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

NORWAY SHAPES—ALL SIZES, BEST QUALity, for sale. C. E. HABICHT, Swedish and Norwegian Consul, No. 127 Pearl-st.

GUINESS'S PORTER—SUPERIOR QUALITY, imported and sold by C. E. HABICHT, Agent of A. Guinees, Son & Co., No. 127 Pearl-st.

AUCTION SALES.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
GREAT AUCTION SALE OF
166 VALUABLE LOTS,

On 11th and 12th avs., 77th, 78th and 79th streets, belonging to the estate of Frances Hendricks, dec'd.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Sept. 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchant's Exchange,

On 11th av., 8 lots on w. s., between 77th and 78th sts.
On 11th av., 8 lots on w. s., between 78th and 79th sts.
On 12th av., 8 lots on e. s., between 78th and 79th sts.
On 12th av., 8 lots on e. s., between 77th and 78th sts.
On 12th av., 2 lots on the s. e. corner of 77th st.
On 77th st., 52 lots on n. and s. s., between 11th and 12th avs.
On 78th st., 49 lots on n. and s. s., between 11th and 12th avs., (with mansion.)
On 79th st., 24 lots on s. s. between 11th and 12th avs.
On 79th st., 7 lots on n. s., 100 ft. east of 12th av.

The above valuable property, has been in the possession of the Hendricks' family for a long series of years, and is all eligibly situated for immediate use. The land slopes beautifully to the river, the water rights on which, embracing a front of 2½ blocks extending 400 ft. west of the 12th av., are of immense value, and will be sold in sections. 79th st., is 100 ft. wide, and is opened, graded, curbed, guttered and flagged to the river. This is probably one of the loveliest tracts of land now for sale in the City, and lies in the rear of the well known Burnham's Hotel and adjoining the land of His Honor Mayor Wood. The terms will be liberal, and large privileges will be allowed to purchasers. The title is unexceptionable, and one of the oldest on the Island.

SALE ABSOLUTE.

Maps and full particulars can be had at No. 7 Pine-st.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
IMPORTERS' SALE OF
SUPERB FRENCH AND ENGLISH FANCY GOODS,

By E. & F. H. SCHENCK, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 20th and 21st., at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 141 Broadway. The first great sale of the most superb fancy goods this season, comprising a large assortment of entirely new patterns and designs, just imported, consisting in part of

FINE BRONZES, SUPERB PARIAN FIGURES,
ELEGANT BRONZE ORMOLU AND MARBLE CLOCKS.
SEVRES AND FRENCH CHINA VASES.
DECORATED FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS.
SUPERB CUT AND BOHEMIAN GLASS WARE.
ELEGANT ORMOLU GOODS, SILVER-PLATED WARE,

And a large variety of other elegant fancy goods.

The goods will be on exhibition on Wednesday at the salesroom. Ladies and the public generally are invited to examine them. Purchasers can have their goods carefully packed and shipped at a small cost.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1860, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the ground, 17 beautiful cottage sites, located on the Hackensack Plank Road, 6 miles from Hoboken Ferry, within 10 minutes walk of the English Neighborhood Railroad station, and only 20 minutes' ride by the Northern Railroad from Jersey City. These lots vary in size from 1½ to 13 acres each, according to location. The land is in a high state of cultivation; on it is a large dwelling-house, a cottage house, farm-house, and necessary out-buildings, also several fine springs of the purest water, and is well stocked with choice fruit of various kinds. The location is beautiful and perfectly healthy, and the property will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder, to close the estate of Paul M. P. Durando, deceased, by order of the Commissioners of the Orphan's Court. Persons desirous of seeing the property can take the trains of the Northern Railroad at Jersey City, leaving at 5 and 9 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M., returning at 7:02 A. M., and 4:41 and 9:52 P. M., thus affording every facility for the accommodation of business men and gentlemen of leisure. 50 per cent. of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage for 3 years, at 7 per cent., and the title is indisputable. For further particulars apply to ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st., N. Y. Robert Campbell, Wm. De Wolfe, C. L. Blauvelt, Commissioners.

LANDS ON THE HUDSON RIVER AT AUCTION.—Will be sold at public auction, at Mooney's Hotel, Bull's Ferry, N. J., on SATURDAY, the 22d day of September instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, the farm formerly of Catharine C. Young, deceased situate on the west side of the Hudson River, between Bull's Ferry and Fort Lee, about one mile north of Bull's Ferry.

The homestead lot contains about thirty acres, and is eligibly situated on the Hudson River, with a front of 770 feet on the river, and forms a parallelogram nearly rectangular of about 1,700 feet deep. It is directly opposite 116th-st., in the City of New-York. The extension of the Hudson River Turnpike passes along the front. It is about six miles distant from the Hoboken ferry, and about 2¼ miles from the 42d-st. or Weehawken ferry, connected with both by the Hudson River Turnpike, one of the finest drives in the vicinity of New-York. Nearly one-fourth of the land lies below the hill along the river, sloping finely towards the Hudson. The residue is elevated, and commands extensive views of the Hudson, and over Manhattan Island, Long Island and Connecticut. Its south side adjoins the residence of John Van Wart, Esq.

Also, a wood lot of seven acres, on the hill, about sixty chains from the Hudson River, adjoining lands of Barent De Klyne, deceased.

A map of the property may be seen at my office.

A. O. ZABRISKIE,
No. 9 Exchange-place, Jersey City, (near ferry.)

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom, 23 Nassau-st.

ELEGANT SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 165 West 34th-st., elegant household furniture, all made to order by Roux and Marks, and of the most fashionable description, consisting of: Parlors—Superb carved rosewood suite, with medallion heads in bas relief of the Presidents of the United States, covered in flowered satin damask, cost $1,500; carved rosewood 7-octave piano, made by William Hall & Son, of superior tone; rosewood suite in green and gold silk brocatelle; gilt frame pier and mantel mirrors; two richly-carved rosewood encoignures, marble tops; rosewood satin-wood inlaid chess table; rich lace window curtains, velvet medallions, carpets and rugs. Extension-Room—Rosewood suite in green velvet, rosewood extension dining table, rosewood bagateile board, velvet carpet, lace curtains and lambrikins. &c. Dining-Room—Richly-carved oak buffet table and chairs, Brussels carpets. Bedrooms—Carved rosewood bedroom suite, consisting of bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, chairs and rocker, oil-cloths, velvet stair carpet and rods, hair mattresses, bolsters, pillows, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.

SPLENDID JAPANESE GOODS, LACQUERED WARE, INLAID CABINETS, JAPANESE AMOR FANCY ARTICLES, OPERA SCARFS, PAGODAS, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell by auction on THURSDAY, Sept. 20, and FRIDAY, Sept. 21, at No. 783 Broadway, next door to the corner of 10th-st., at 11 o'clock each day, an elegant invoice of Japanese Goods, just received from Japan via San Francisco direct. In this invoice will be found articles entirely new in this country, some of which are very unique. Among them are large cabinets mounted with silver, from Miaco; toilet boxes, glove do., pagodas, scarfs, opera do, antique porcelaine brazias, writing desks, elegant centre-table, trick-boxes, and tops, trays, complete Japanese amor fire-screens, embroidered with raised silk figures. egg-cups, gold-lined sackee bottles, and cups, shawl-boxes and trays; straw inlaid-work houses with sliding-doors. Also, Japanese vases, real china; about 4,000 real Japanese brooms, such as every one will desire to have. These goods will be on exhibition from Tuesday, 18th inst., until the sale at the above store, and every article is ordered to be sold for what it will bring, to try the market.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON DEY AND 28TH STS.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., will sell at auction, on MONDAY, Sept. 24, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

ON DEY-ST.—The five-story, brown-stone-front store and lot No. 48, north side, about 150 feet east Greenwich-st. Lot 19.5x77. The building covers entire lot and is in good order.

ON 28TH-ST.—The first-class, four-story and basement brown-stone front house and lot No. 9 West 28th-st., north side, about 150 feet west 5th-av. Lot 25x100 feet. House 25 by about 53 feet, is in complete order, and contains gas, (fixtures included,) Croton and all the modern improvements. Maps, terms, &c., at No. 7 Pine-st. New-York. By order of JAMES L. SCHOTT, GEORGE LITTLE,

Executors Estate of George Schott, Deceased.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-STREET LOTS.—SUPREME COURT—PARTITION SALE.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of A. P. Man, Esq., Referee, three valuable lots, with building thereon, situate on the northerly side of 37th-st., commencing 150 feet east of Madison-av., each 25 feet in width by 98 feet 9 inches in depth. For maps, &c., apply to the Auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF FRANCIS METALLIC LIFE-BOATS, and the materials for making the same, now on hand.—The above property will be sold at auction, at the Boat Factory, Greenpoint, on THURSDAY, Sept. 20, instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., without reserve, to close the concern.

The stock includes boats, wagon-bodies, galvanized iron, sheet and bar, spikes, nails, rivets, lumber, paints, &c.

For further particulars, apply on the premises, or to MARSHALL LEFFERTS, Treasurer, No. 92 Beekman-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.

H. H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL BY Auction on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19, at 12 o'clock, in front of store No. 23 Nassau-st., a black horse. 16 hands high, 6 years old, long tail, warranted sound, and kind in all harness and under the saddle; very stylish driver, and good horse.

A. S. RICHARDS, Auctioneer.

500 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS AT AUCTION—By RICHARDS & WHITING, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19, at 10½ o'clock, at store No. 44 Cortlandt-st., being a fresh and prime assortment of seasonable goods. Catalogues and samples on morning of sale.

J. P. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

500 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS at auction, on THURSDAY, Sept. 20, at 10½ o'clock, at store of J. F. DAVIS & CO., No. 16 Cortlandt-st. Fresh, seasonable goods for City and country trade.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT, NO. 90 Madison-av., next above the corner of 29th-st., west side. The location is as desirable as any in the City. The house was recently built and furnished in the best manner for the use of the owner. It will be rented on satisfactory terms to a private family only. For particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—NEAR 4TH-av.; 12 rooms, in perfect order, with the improvements; rent moderate, to a responsible private family. Apply to R. C. READ, No. 58 East 22d-st., from 12 to 2 P. M.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—NO. 197 Lexington-av., next above the corner of 33d-st. The house is in complete order, and well furnished throughout. Rent, $1,400. Possession can be given by the 1st and 10th October.

TO LET—THE FURNISHED HOUSE NO. 36 EAST 18th-st., near University-place. Possession given immediately. Address Box No. 712 New-York Post-office.

PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES.

USE MITCHILL'S SILVER OIL
ON YOUR SEWING MACHINE.
Price 25 cents per bottle.
CARLE & STRONG, Agents, No. 153 Water-st., N. Y.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, at the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., Franklin-square. All articles sold at the lowest factory prices. Paint Brushes of a very superior quality, constantly on hand. JOHN K. HOPPEL.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

BROOKLYN.—FOR SALE, THE BEAUTIFUL and valuable property located on Fulton and Classon avs., extending through to Lefferts-st., being one of the most attractive and desirable residences in the vicinity of New-York or Brooklyn, and presenting great inducements to any gentleman in search of such advantages. The place comprises about 26 ordinary full-sized lots, beautifully wooded and laid out, with a large and elegant house in superb order, with stable and every accommodation on the premises, and the whole surrounded by stone wall, built in the most thorough manner. For further information and permission to view the property, apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY, HIGH STOOP and basement house, No. 94 West 27th-st. Lot 20 feet by half the block; contains baths, speaking tubes, gas-fixtures, &c., and in thorough order; very suitable for a physician or dentist. Will be sold at a decided bargain if taken within a fortnight. If unsold will be let at the rate of $750 per annum to the 1st of May. Apply to THOS. J. STEWART, No. 79 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE PROPERTY IN BROOKLYN.—The wharf known as "Mitchill's Wharf," situated between Jay and Adams streets; front on East River, 432 feet; on John-st., 413 feet; on Adams-st., 201 feet, and on Jay-st. 270 feet, together with sheds and buildings. For further particulars, apply to SAMUEL L. MITCHILL, No. 13 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—THE NEW BROWN-stone-front, three-story house. No. 62 West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Also, a four-story house in same street. Also, new house, No. 128 West 48th-st.; rent, $650. ANDREW LESTER & CO., No. 103 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—A CHEAP PROPERTY—THE DEsirable four-story, brown-stone front store and dwelling No. 255 9th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., rented for nearly $1,000 per year; built by days' work, in the very best manner. Apply, next door, of Mr. JELLIFF, this day.

WEST EIGHTEENTH-STREET.—FOR SALE—A modern English-basement house in 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., in complete order, with private hall stairway all the way up. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown stone-front houses, with the modern improvements; parlor and hall doors, and hall trimmings and stairs black walnut: situate No. 45 and 47 East 37th-st., between 4th and Lexington avs. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR A FARM OR COUNTRY SEAT—Four new brick houses on West 41st-st. Also, 20 choice building lots on Division and Green avs., Brooklyn, to exchange for City property. W. F. JORDAN, No. 18 Wall-st., Room No. 20.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND LOT, WITH STABLE in the rear. Lot 25x126.6. House 25x65; finished with all the modern improvements. Stable 25x32.6, with four stalls for horses, carriage house, &c. Inquire on the premises, No. 15 West 34th-st.

FOR SALE—FIVE TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT brick houses, in De Kalb-av., adjoining Skillman-st., Brooklyn, with all the modern improvements, just finished. Inquire of BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 227 Washington-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY brown stone-front House, replete with the modern improvements, and best style of finish; situated on Lexington-av., southeast corner of 39th-st. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—ON FAVORABLE TERMS, AND IN quantities to suit purchasers, about 50 acres, or eight entire blocks, situated between 3d and 7th avs. and 54th and 56th sts., Brooklyn, within 30 minutes' of New-York. For maps, &c., inquire of L. T. BERGEN, No. 30 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE CONVENIENT THREE-STORY and basement high-stoop brick house No. 47 East 31st-st., between 4th and Madison avs. Terms easy. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE.—A THREE-STORY HOUSE IN 31ST-st., pleasantly situated with all the modern improvements, and in complete order. For terms, &c., apply to E. F. DE LANCEY, Nos. 8 and 10 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—A FOUR-STORY BRICK HOUSE ON northeast corner of 62d-st. and 3d-av. For further information inquire on the premises.

TO LET.

TO LET WITH STEAM POWER—THE whole of or rooms in the handsome substantial building now being erected on the corner of Bank and West sts., being 152 feet on West and 60 feet on Bank sts., and four stories high. Also, (possession immediately,) a room 30x100 feet in the building adjoining, with power. Apply to GUILIAN HOOK, No. 17 Park-place, or M. F. SCHUREMAN, on the premises.

TO LET—THE "GASSNER MANSION," TOGETHER with a large plot of ground, situated on 76th-st. and 11th-av., overlooking the Hudson River, and one of the most desirable locations on Manhattan Island. House in good order, rent cheap, possession immediately. Apply to PERKINS & BROTHER, No. 98 Bowery.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE HOUSE AND store No. 7 Bond-st., near Broadway, with immediate possession; well located for any business purpose. Apply to C. W. FARNHAM, No. 518 Broadway, or at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET—THE NEW FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone front house between 5th and 6th avs., on north side of 45th-st.; all the modern improvements. Also, the new three-story high-stoop house No. 128 West 48th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; rent $650.

ANDREW LESTER & CO., No. 103 Chambers-st.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE DWELLING-HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, with or without the furniture: the present occupants, man and wife, would not object to board with the family. Immediate possession given if required. Inquire on the premises, No. 34 Pike-st.

TO LET, LEASE, OR FOR SALE—THE store Nos. 112 and 114 William-st., suitable for any business, with immediate possession. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE HOUSE NO. 153 West 24th-st., with all the modern conveniences, and immediate possession. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock; or at No. 93 East 27th-st.. of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE BIBLE HOUSE.—Desirable offices in the Bible House, Astor-place; also, a suite of three offices, fronting on 3d-av. These offices are all heated without extra charge.

ROOM TO LET WITH OR WITHOUT steam-power—a room 60 by 40 feet, in a new building, well lighted all around. Apply on the premises, No. 62 Cannon-st., or at No. 63 Murray-st.

TO LET IN SANDS-ST., BROOKLYN—THE two-story basement house No. 138 Sands-st.; in complete order; rent $425, with gas fixtures. Apply to S. HONDLOW, Montague-st. near Court-st.

TO LET—NO. 15 EAST WASHINGTON-PLACE, second block from Broadway. House in good repair. Apply at No. 11 West 22d-st., between the hours of 8 and 10 A. M., or 5 and 7 P. M.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of East 24th-st. Engine 1,000 horse power. Also, lot of machinists' tools for sale.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

NORTH RIVER PROPERTY FOR SALE.—"Clifton Point," at Rhinebeck, Dutchess County, on the easterly Bank of the Hudson River, distant from New-York 90 miles, and containing 174 acres of land. The premises occupy a bold and commanding promontary, having several fine sites in addition to that upon which the mansion is built. The Cattskill Mountains at the northwest, and the Roundout Kill at the southwest, with the expanse of water between, form a series of lake and water views varied and beautiful. Water frontage is ample, and shore bold. The Hudson River Railroad passes partly through a tunnel belonging to the property, affording uninterrupted access to the river. The lawns are deeply shaded, and river woods beautified by walks tastefully cut through them. Lands of best quality, and garden remarkable for its productiveness. Situated in a most healthful region, in the midst of superb river and mountain scenery, and surrounded by a refined and elegant neighborhood, this property affords as well a home to those seeking retirement, as occupation to the more actively disposed. Terms easy. Apply to FREEBORN GARRETTSON, the owner, on the premises, or to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Counsellor, &c., No. 74 Wall-st., New-York.

A COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM FOR SALE.—The natural beauties and capacities of the site and grounds are unsurpassed, having extensive landscape and water views. To a gentlemen of business or leisure it affords unusual attractions, as it is readily accessible to the City by rail and steamboat many times daily. Buildings extensive, and the gardens, orchards and graperies abound in all varieties of fruit. It will be sold cheap to a good purchaser, as the owner is about to leave the country for a foreign residence. Address OWNER, Box No. 2,137 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE.—250 ACRES OF LAND WITHIN 56 miles of the City, in one of the most beautiful and healthy regions of the State of New-York, combining a landscape of rare beauty, diversified with mountain, valley, lake and forest. Abundance of fruit, fine fishing, good, commodious farm house, barn and stabling. About one-half the land is arable, suited to grass or grain. For terms address S. CALDWELL, Bellvale, Orange County, New-York, or on the premises, Greenwood-Lake, in the vicinity; or refer to

J. S. CALDWELL, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND—A handsome cottage, beautifully situated on a lot of an acre, on New-York-av., within 6 minutes' drive of the steamboat landing. Good garden, fine shade trees, a variety of fruit, stable, coach-house, well, &c. Apply to WOTHERSPOON, KINGSFORD & CO., Post Buildings, Hanover-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FIFTY COUNTRY SEATS, VILlage residences, farms and villa sites—a great variety—fine views, beautifully situated, within an hour of Cortlandt-st., for rent and for sale, by H. B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, from 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, from 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A NEAT COTtage-house, and farm of 30 acres, well improved, handsomely located in a pleasant village, about 70 miles from New-York. S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st.

FARMS.

FRUIT FARM FOR SALE—ABOUT TWO hundred acres of the finest land in Cayuga County in good condition, and beautifully situated on the Lake Shore. It is part of a large fruit farm, the principal orchards of which are reserved; but the portion offered includes the farm-house and barns, and 3,000 thrifty young apple and pear trees of the best varieties. Price $100 per acre for the whole, or $100 to $500 for selections. Apply at the *Journal of Commerce* Office, No. 91 Wall-st., New-York City, or to RICHARD HALE, on the premises, Aurora, Cayuga County, N. Y.

FOR SALE—AN IMPROVED FARM OF 120 ACRES, (frame house and never-failing spring on it, partly fenced and under cultivation, soil excellent,) in Iowa, about 20 miles from the capital of the State, Iowa City, will be exchanged for dry goods or groceries. Title perfect. Address H. F., Box No. 4,712.

FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR City property; 90 acres; it has good house and outbuildings; within 20 miles of this City, half mile of steamboat landing, three miles of railroad station, in New-Jersey. Apply to W. S. CHAMBERLIN, No. 70 Robinson-st.

FOR WARMING CHURCHES, HOUSES, &c., get Bartlett's Patent Heaters for Wood or Coal. They are economical and free from gas.

BARTLETT & LESLEY, No. 424 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELER'S CREDITS
FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY
AND ABROAD.

FOR SALE.

State of Missouri Guaranteed 7 per cent. Bonds.
Illinois River Railroad 1st Mortgage 10 per cent. Bonds.
Mich. South. and N. Indiana 2d Mtg. 7 per cent. Bonds.
Lake Erie and Wabash 2d Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds.
Fulton County (Ill.) 7 per cent. Bonds.

The Supervisors of the County of Fulton (Ill.) have, at its present September Term, levied a tax to pay the interest on all her County Bonds that fall due July 1 and Aug. 1, 1861. Also, in addition, a half-mill tax on all the taxable property of the County, as a Sinking Fund for the redemption of her Bonds. Apply to
GEO. T. M. DAVIS, No. 47 Exchange-place.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND
No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Grant LETTERS OF CREDIT for mercantile purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the principal towns and cities of EUROPE. Also, on Alexandria, Cairo, Beyrout, Jerusalem, Algiers, &c. Bill on Paris and Sterling Bills, in sums to suit.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
AUCTIONEER AND STOCK BROKER
No. 52 William-st. INSURANCE STOCKS and other securities at private sale. STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold at the Brokers' Board. Price current issued semi-monthly.

WILLIAM HOGE & CO.
Have removed to
No. 58 WALL-STREET.
LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED FOR TRAVELERS, and available in any part of Europe, and Bills at Sight and 60 days on OVEREND, GURNEY & CO., London.

TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE BLACK RIVER AND UTICA RAILROAD COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, granted by Hon. Wm. F. Allen, Justice thereof, dated Sept. 13, 1860, that the outstanding bonds and coupons of the Black River and Utica Railroad Company, secured by the mortgage of the Railroad of said Company, and the names and residences of the persons claiming to be the holders and owners thereof, are required to be presented to the subscriber, the Referee appointed by said order to ascertain and report the amount of said bonds and coupons and their numbers, and the amount due thereon respectively, and the persons to whom the amount that shall be bid and paid on the sale of the mortgaged premises shall be paid, and that such presentation shall be made to the subscriber at his office, No. 32 Genesee-street, in the City of Utica, on or before the 25th day of October, 1860. The following is a part of the above mentioned order: "It is further ordered, that all persons having or claiming to hold such bonds or coupons, who shall neglect to present the same to said Referee on or before the said 25th day of October, shall not be entitled to receive any portion of the amount that shall be bid or paid on said sale, but shall be barred and precluded from any dividend thereon." Those persons who have heretofore given statements to A. M. Beardsley, Esq., attorney for the mortgage trustees, of the bonds owned or held by them, will take notice that they are nevertheless required to present their said bonds and coupons to the subscriber, according to the above notice.
ALEXANDER SEWARD, Referee.
Dated UTICA, Sept. 15, 1860.

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE DUBUQUE AND PACIFIC R. R. Co., No. 44 Exchange-place,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 14, 1860.

NOTICE.—THE BONDHOLDERS, STOCKHOLDERS and creditors of the Dubuque and Pacific Railroad Company are hereby notified, that, according to a decree entered by the bondholders, and granted by the District Court of Dubuque County, Iowa, at the August term, the Dubuque and Pacific Railroad has been absolutely sold and foreclosed for their benefit, under the compromise arrangement entered into and accepted at the Bondholders' meeting, held at this office, July 6 and 7, 1860. The franchises and rights, together with the lands of the Dubuque and Pacific Railroad Company, have been conveyed to the new organization, the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad Company, and the Trustees (who are Provisional Directors of the new Company) are prepared to make the exchange of all evidences of the indebtedness, in accordance with the decree of Court. The election of the Directors of the new Company being near at hand, it is very important that each interest should be represented. Bondholders are respectfully requested to send to this office their bonds, and receive preferred stock of the new organization at as early a day as possible. Pamphlets containing all the particulars of the foreclosure suit, articles of incorporation of the new Company, &c., &c., can be had upon application at this office.
M. K. JESUP,
HERMANN GELPCKE, } New-York.
PLATT SMITH,
W. W. HAMILTON, } Dubuque.
Trustees of the Dubuque and Pacific R. R. Co. and Directors of the Dubuque and Sioux City R. R. Co.

OFFICE OF THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 18 WILLIAM-STREET—NEW-YORK, Sept. 10, 1860.—The holders of the Second General Mortgage Bonds of this Company are hereby notified that the Treasurer will, after the 30th inst., fund all unpaid coupons of said class of Bonds of earlier date than November, 1859, and the 4 coupons of November, 1859, May and November, 1860, and May, 1861, by giving in exchange therefor, the Second General Mortgage Bonds of this Company at par. For all coupons offered in full sets the Bonds given in exchange will bear interest as of November, 1860.

The holders of the Plain Unsecured Bonds of this Company are hereby notified that after the 30th inst. the Treasurer will exchange First Mortgage Bonds of the Detroit, Monroe and Toledo Railroad for said Plain Bonds at par. For the coupons now due thereon scrip will be issued convertible in like manner.
HENRY KEEP, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND.—OFFICE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE Company, No. 16 Wall-st., Jan. 12, 1860.

Capital	$150,000
Surplus over	147,000

This Company has to-day declared a dividend of Seven and a Half Dollars per share, payable to Stockholders on demand.

They have also declared an interest Dividend of Six per Cent. upon their outstanding Scrip, payable on Tuesday, on the 14th day of February next, in cash.

They have further declared a Scrip Dividend on the earned premiums of the year, ending the 31st day of December, 1859, of Fifty per Cent., the certificates deliverable to parties entitled thereto, on Tuesday, the 14th day of February next.
ROBERT S. HONE, President.
DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK, PROVIDENCE, & BOSTON RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 37 William-st., New-York, Sept. 12, 1860.

THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THIS COMPANY are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held, in the Company's office, in the City of Providence, Rhode Island, on TUESDAY, 25th of September next, at 10:30 A. M. The poll will be open from 10:30 to 11:30 o'clock A. M. The transfer books will be closed from Sept. 13 to Oct. 1.
W. R. PALMER, JR., Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, NO. 96 Warren-st. Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on sums from $1 to $500, and 5 per cent. on sums over that amount.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., also on Monday, Thursday and Saturday evenings from 4 to 7 P. M.

N. B.—Money to loan on Bond and Mortgage.
JOHN CASTREE, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE McNary Knitting Machine Co., Room No. 17, No. 40 Exchange-place, Sept. 11, 1860.—A special election of five Trustees for the McNary Knitting Machine Company will be held at above named place on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock M., in conformity with the order of the Board. WM. H. NEWTON, Secretary.

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE COMPANY.—The Directors of this Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent., payable on and after the 15th inst., at the Pacific Bank. The transfer books will be closed until the 15th inst.
J. CAMPBELL, JR., Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 10, 1860.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK, NEW BOWERY, corner of Chatham-square. Open daily, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and from 4 to 7 P. M. Deposits from 25 cents to $5,000 received. Six per cent. interest paid. All sums deposited on or before Oct. 1, draw interest from that date.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
J. P. COOPER, Sec. CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treas.

OFFICE OF THE PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO., BROOKLYN, Sept. 11, 1860.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Eight per cent., (8,) payable on demand at their Branch Office, No. 62 Wall-st., New-York.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

GROCERS' BANK, New-York, Sept. 18, 1860.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS and Inspectors of Election for this Institution will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, 1st day of October next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, noon. By order of the Board. SAML. B. WHITE, Cashier.

CALIFORNIA FUNDS AND COUPONS bought or collected by A. BELMONT & CO., No. 50 Wall-st.

LAND-WARRANTS WANTED—BY GWYNNE & DAY, No. 12 Wall-st., Office of *Metropolitan Bank-Note Reporter*.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE on improved property in this City, by Estate of STEPHEN WHITNEY, No. 65 Merchants' Exchange.

NEW-ORLEANS AND MOBILE FUNDS by AUGUST BELMONT & CO., No. 50 Wall-st.

MEDICAL.

BRANDRETH'S VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL PILLS

Cure Apoplexies, Bilious Diseases, and diseases generally. How? Because they purify the blood, and remove all obstructions from the bowels and circulation. Their timely use has saved many a life.

Sold at No. 294 Canal-st., (not the corner of Broadway,) but, No. 294 Canal-st., Brandreth House,
No. 4 Union-square,
CAMPBELL'S, corner 8th-av. and 28th-st.,
And by all respectable dealers. Price 25c. per box.

DR. R. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE New-York University, (Medical College) and College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs. Thirty years in successful practice, three of which were at the hospitals of this City, enable him to treat successfully such cases as have baffled the inexperienced, or those not having had such opportunities of acquiring a thorough knowledge of the treatment of diseases. Strictures, impotency, and all kindred affections treated on scientific principles. N. B.—Dr. C. would here remark that he is the only graduate of either of the above institutions practicing in his specialty in this City. His diplomas can be seen in his office. Hours, from 8½ A. M. to 8½ P. M.

DR. LARMONT'S WORK—FORTIETH EDITION—Upon Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhœa, Strictures, and all Genito-urinary Diseases, was the first, years ago, to expose cauterization, and prove by his cured patients its danger. The book should be in the hands of every person in health or disease. Those who had suffered from the unsuccessful treatment of less experienced physicians know the value of his services. Offices, No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York; hours, 9 to 6 daily, and 7 to 9 THURSDAY EVENINGS. Book, $1. Sold and mailed free by the author, and H. G. Lawrence, No. 1 Vesey-st.

MEDICAL.

THE FRIENDLY GUIDE TO HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

That popular medical work, "HUMAN FRAILTY, OR PHYSIOLOGICAL RESEARCHES," direct from Dr. Barrow, No. 194 Bleecker-st., (four doors from Macdougal,) New-York, on receipt of 25 cents in postage stamps: sent free everywhere. It is beautifully illustrated with one hundred engravings on steel, containing opinions from the most eminent medical authorities.

TRIESEMAR.

Protected by Patent Official Seal of Great Britain, Diplome de Ecole de Pharmacie de Paris, Imperial College of Medicine, Vienna. TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2 and 3, prepared in the form of an agreeable lozenge, and can be carried in the waistcoat pocket. Sold in tin cases, divided into separate doses, as administered by Velpeau, Sellemance, Roux, Ricord. TRIESEMAR No. 1 is the remedy for Relaxation, Spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences arising from indiscriminate excesses or too long residence in hot climates; and whatever may be the *cause* or *disqualifications* for marriage, they are effectually subdued by this wonderful discovery.—TRIESEMAR No. 2 has entirely superseded the use of copaivia and cubebs. TRIESEMAR No. 3.—Purifies the diseased humors from the blood, and expels all corruptions and impurities from the vital stream, and is, in fact, the never-failing remedy for that class of disorders which are too often treated with mercury, to the inevitable destruction of the constitution, which all the Sarsaparilla in the world cannot remove.

Small cases	$3
Medium cases, 4 times quantity of small	9
Large cases, 4 times quantity of medium	27

Upon receipt of amount, and statement of case, the medicines forwarded to any part of the world, by Dr. H. A. BARROW, No. 194 Bleecker-st., four doors from Macdougal, New-York. Sold also by F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 115 Franklin-st., New-York, and by J. WORTHINGTON, No. 206 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Dr. BARROW'S hours of consultation are from 11 till 2, and from 4 till 8. Sundays, till 2.

HAMMOND ON SPERMATORRHŒA.
NEW TREATMENT.

We call the especial attention of Invalids and professional readers to the only reliable work on Spermatorrhœa, &c., published. "Dr. HAMMOND's book is worth every one's owning,"—*New-York Home Journal*. His System of Treatment clearly demonstrates that all affections of the Seminal, Nervous, Sexual and Urinary Organs can be treated with entire success, SAFELY and PROMPTLY, by mild and efficient means, without loss of time; being based upon strictly scientific principles which renders failure impossible. Price $1, mailed free; small edition, 50 cents. Author's address, No. 658 Broadway, first floor, up stairs, New-York; from 9 to 3, and 6 to 9 evening. Consultation en Français. Sold by
ROSS & TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.
LAWRENCE, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House.
GODFREY, No. 831 Broadway.
OKIE, DAYTON & JONES, No. 29 Ann-st.
TRENWITH, 107 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.

A SURE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.
A SURE CURE FOR GOUT,
A SURE CURE FOR NEURALGIA.
A SURE CURE FOR TIC DOULOUREUX.
The Great French Remedy—Dr. Roban's Rheumatic Cure.

It is a well established fact of the thousands of cases, even those of long standing which have assumed a chronic form, and universally pronounced incurable, not in a single instance, has it been known to fail of effecting a
RADICAL CURE.
Sold at Dr. Roban's Principal Office, No. 692 Broadway. Wholesale Depot, No. 9 Morris-st., and by Whitehead & Brothers, No. 152 Greenwich-street. Price $1 00 per Bottle.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU!—For diseases of the Bladder, Kidney, Gravel, Dropsy, &c., &c.

HELMBOLD'S Extract of Buchu for Secret and Delicate Diseases.

HELMBOLD'S Extract of Buchu for Nervous and Debilitated sufferers.

HELMBOLD'S Extract of Buchu for Loss of Memory, Loss of Power, Dimness of Vision, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves and Universal Lassitude of the muscular system.

HELMBOLD'S Extract of Buchu for all distressing ailments—Obstructions, Irregularities, Excess in married life, or early indiscretions, &c., and all diseases of the sexual organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause they may have originated, and no matter of how long standing.

HELMBOLD'S Extract of Buchu is pleasant in its taste and odor, and immediate in action. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5 delivered to any address.
Depôt No. 104 South 10th-st., Philadelphia.
D. S. BARNES & CO., No. 13 Park-row,
Agents for New-York.

HOW TO CURE SECRET DISEASES.—HOW TO CURE FEMALE COMPLAINTS. HOW TO CURE ORGANIC WEAKNESS, HOW TO CURE NERVOUS DISEASES, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD AND URINARY ORGANS.

See PATIENT'S GUIDE, containing advice and mode of cure, with
PLEASANT REMEDIES.
At little cost and no exposure.
Price 10 cents.
Sold by H. G. LAWRENCE, No. 1 Vesey-st., or mailed free on receipt of 4 postage stamps. Address Box No. 1,028 Philadelphia Post-office.

DR. WATSON TREATS ALL FORMS OF a certain class of disease with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are safe, and cause no interruption from business. Dr. WATSON'S work—"The Cause and Cure"—has been pronounced by the reviewers the best popular compendium of all diseases of a private nature, including spermatorrhœa and debility, the results of early abuse, excess and other causes. "Should be read by all persons previous to marriage."—*Medical Gazette*. Fine colored plates. Price $1. Sold by CHARLES MILLER, No. 436 Broadway, New-York, and by the author at his private residence, No. 459 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

DR. WARD, NO. 483 BROADWAY, PERFORMS the only permanent and satisfactory cure of private diseases. Remember, afflicted, that by consulting Dr. WARD you will immediately experience that Richard's himself again. All other remedies conquered by Dr. WARD'S UNFORTUNATE'S FRIEND. Price, $1, with book. Female diseases successfully treated. His monthly Pills, $1 per box, never fail of effect intended. Try them, ladies, in case of necessity. Office, No. 483 Broadway, adjoining Wallack's Theatre, up stairs. Arranged that patients never meet. Attendance till 10 P. M. Come, send or write.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 COPIES OF a Medical Book for gratuitous circulation, by a *sufferer*, who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, loss of memory, and dimness of sight, resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in a medical work, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of consumptives and nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will, therefore, send free to any address, on receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box No. 579 Post-office, Albany, N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DISEASES OF females exclusively treated by Dr. THIERS. Remedies for female derangement from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed in all cases. Consultation and letters strictly confidential. Patients from a distance provided with board, nursing and exclusive attendance. Advice and medicine per mail. Send stamp for circular, and escape quackery. Office address No. 74 Bleecker-st., (near the corner of Broadway, west side,) New-York.

A LADY'S FRIEND!—DR. VANHEEKEREN, No. 645 Broadway, above Bleecker-st., attends female diseases, and removes obstructions by medical and surgical treatment. Hours, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Charges moderate! We recommend Dr. VANHEEKEREN in every respect to the ladies as a regular physician and a true friend to their sex. Advice strictly privately or by letter. Address Box No. 3,772 Post-office, New-York.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases; 29 years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures; all who suffer from the maltreatment of medical pretenders, may rely on receiving honorable treatment. Dr. J. is a legally qualified physician and surgeon. Charges moderate.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO—*United States Circuit Court.*—EDWIN LUDLOW, Trustee, &c., Complainant *vs.* THE CLINTON LINE RAILROAD COMPANY and P. LAVIN, Defendants—In Chancery.—Pursuant to an alias order of sale to me directed, from the Court above named, in the case above entitled, pending in said Court, I shall offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the public house, called the "Mansion House," in the village and town of Hudson, Summit County, Ohio, on the 11th day of October, 1860, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, the following described premises and property of the Clinton Line Railroad Company, situate, and being in the Counties of Summit, Portage, Geauga, and Trumbull, in the State aforesaid, viz.: the railroad of said Company, the right of way and land occupied thereby, together with the superstructure and tracks thereon, and all rails and other materials used thereon or provided therefor—the bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, depôt grounds and buildings thereon, engines, tenders, cars, tools, materials, machinery, and all other personal property, (including a quantity of stone, both dressed and undressed) of the Clinton Line Railroad Company; and all said Company's right thereto, and interest therein, together with the tolls, rent and income to be had or levied therefrom; and all franchises, rights and privileges of said Company to, or concerning the same.

The real estate and mixed property are appraised at seventy thousand dollars.
WM. COLLINS, Special Master, &c.
RANNEY BACKUS and NOBLE, and WORTHINGTON and MATTHEWS, Solicitors for Complainant.

TO WARD McLANE, JAMES C. WILLET (ex-Sheriff), Geo. Merilles, Livingston Freborn, Charles Smedes, Geo. Mowbray, John Stagg, Webster & Oatman, American Hair Co.; George J. Strauss, Charles Bailey and whomsoever else it may concern. Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19, 1860, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Empire Works, foot of East 24th-st., New-York, the following packages to pay storage and charges: 1 patent grain dryer; 367 barrels of guano; 1 box of machinery; 1 slate cutting machine; 3 boxes chemical apparatus and crockery; 1 match splint machine; 1 picker; 1 whipper; 1 hand lathe; 3 pair wire rolls and belting; 1 vice; 2 wire drawing blocks and bench; 1 steam worm; lot of old tanks and barrels. SAMUEL LEGGETT, Superintendent.
SEPT. 7, 1860.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN, BY order of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, appointed Receiver of the property of the firm of "Dudgeon & Lyon," of the City of New-York, hereby gives notice to all persons who have claims against said firm to present them to him at his office, at the Morgan Iron Works, at the foot of 9th-st., East River, New-York City, without delay. Dated, New-York, Sept. 14, 1860.
GEO. W. QUINTARD, Receiver.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT will meet on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 8 City Hall. All parties interested will please attend without further notice, relative to the matter of Engine Co. No. 35.
JOHN T. HENRY, } Committee on
JAMES BAGLEY, } Fire Department,
JOHN H. BRADY, } Board of Aldermen.

NOTICE TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—That I, the undersigned, forbid any and all persons from trusting or crediting on my name or account to any person or persons, of any name or connection whatever, as I will not pay any debts of their contracting, without a written order from me, from this date, Sept. 15, 1860. SAMUEL HALL, late of Nos. 127 and 129 West 10th-st., and No. 8 Grove-st., New-York.

THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE WILL meet on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 8 City Hall. All parties interested will please attend without further notice.
CHAS. G. CORNELL, } Committee on
GILBERT M. PLATT, } Finance,
GEORGE STARR, } Board of Aldermen.

STEAMBOATS.

SEPTEMBER.
SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS, OCEAN HOUSE, PLEASURE BAY AND BRANCH PORT.
Fare 35 cents.
The steamer
LONG BRANCH,
CAPT. J. P. CORLIES,
Will run as follows from foot of Robinson-st.:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE BRANCH PORT.
Monday, Sept. 17, 9½ A. M.	Monday, Sept. 17, 2½ P. M.
Tuesday, 18, 10 "	Wednesday, 19, 11 A. M.
Thursday, 20, 11½ "	Friday, 21, 7 "
Friday, 21, 12½ P. M.	Saturday, 22, 1 P. M.
Sunday, 23, 8½ A. M.	Sunday, 23, 3 "
Monday, 24, 9½ "	Monday, 24, 2 "
Tuesday, 25, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, 26, 11 A. M.
Wednesday, 26, 3½ "	Thursday, 27, 12 M.

FALL ARRANGEMENT.
FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT AND NEW-YORK STEAM FERRY COMPANY.—On and after Sept. 1, 1860, the iron steamer FLUSHING will run daily, Sundays excepted. Leave Flushing at 7:45, 11 A. M., and 3 P. M.; leave Fulton-Market slip at 9:30 A. M., and 1 and 5 P. M., landing each way at College Point. Sunday Schools, pic-nics and excursion parties taken at reduced rates on application to the undersigned at Fulton Wharf, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M., daily.
WM. M. SMITH, Superintendent.

SEPTEMBER.—SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIRHAVEN, AND RED BANK.—The new and splendid steamer HIGHLAND LIGHT, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will run as follows from foot of Robinson-st.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Mon., Sept. 17, 4½ P. M.	Tues., Sept. 18, 8 A. M.
Wed'y, Sept. 19, 7 A. M.	Wed'y, Sept. 19, 11 A. M.
Thurs., Sept. 20, 7½ A. M.	Thurs., Sept. 20, 11½ A. M.
Friday, Sept. 21, 8 A. M.	Friday, Sept. 21, 12 M.
Sat., Sept. 22, 1½ P. M.	Mon., Sept. 24, 10 A. M.
Tues., Sept. 25, 11 A. M.	Tues., Sept. 25, 3 P. M.
Wed'y, Sept. 26, 12 M.	Wed'y, Sept. 26, 4 P. M.
Thurs., Sept. 27, 12½ P. M.	Thurs., Sept. 27, 4½ P. M.
Friday, Sept. 28, 6½ A. M.	Friday, Sept. 28, 2 P. M.
Sat., Sept. 29, 3½ P. M.	Mon., Oct. 1, 7½ A. M.
Mon., Oct. 1, 3½ P. M.	Tues., Oct. 2, 8 A. M.

FALL ARRANGEMENTS.—CHANGE OF TIME.—THE PEOPLE'S LINE FOR BRIDGEPORT.—Fare 50 cents; meals on board. The new steamer JOHN BROOKS, Capt. JOHN BROOKS, Jr., on and after TUESDAY, Sept. 18, 1860, will leave New-York from Peck-slip, East River, for Bridgeport, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 M., arriving in Bridgeport in time to take the Housatonic, Naugatuck and New-Haven Railroad trains. Returning, will leave Bridgeport from Railroad Wharf, for New-York, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 10½ A. M., on arrival of the Housatonic, Naugatuck and New-Haven Railroad trains. Freight taken at the lowest rates. T. LOCKYER & CO., Agents, No. 118 South-st., New-York.

DAY BOAT FOR WEST POINT, CORNWALL, NEWBURGH, MILTON AND POUGHKEEPSIE.—The steamboat ALIDA will leave Jay-st. Pier daily at 8:30 A. M., (touching at 30th-st.,) arriving at Poughkeepsie at 1 P. M., leaving Poughkeepsie at 2 P. M.; returning to the City at 6:30 P. M. Passengers for Albany, Troy, Saratoga, or any point West, can make sure connection at Poughkeepsie. Baggage transferred free. Fare 75 cents.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—DAILY LINE—FARE 50 CENTS.—The steamer CATALINE, Capt. WILLIAM A. VAIL, will leave Oliver-slip, East River, EVERY DAY, at 12 o'clock, noon, running in connection with the Housatonic Railroad. The steamer BRIDGEPORT will leave Peck-slip every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 12 o'clock, noon, arriving in time to connect with all the Express trains.
GEO. W. CORLIES, Agent.

QUICK WORK!—THE FAVORITE STEAMER ARMENIA, whose polite and enterprising captain is well known to the traveling public, has been refitted with a new shaft and many other improvements, and will take her place on the route on Wednesday morning, 19th inst., leaving Harrison-st. pier, as usual, at 7 o'clock A. M., for Albany.

FOR HARTFORD.—THE STEAMERS CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE, from Peck-slip, East River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 4 P. M. Cabin fare, $1 50; deck, $1. For further information inquire of Saxton & Seabury, No. 112 South-st.
D. A. MILLS, Agent.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.—THE AURORA leaves Jay-st. Pier, at 8 A. M., EVERY DAY, landing at Yonkers, Hastings, Dobb's Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Grassy Point, and Verplanck's. Returning, leaves Peekskill at 1¼ P. M. Touches at West 10th (Amos-st.) and 30th-st.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.—Steamer DANIEL DREW, from Jay-st., EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 7 A. M., connecting at Albany with trains for Saratoga and the West.

CHANGE OF TIME.—STEAMER BROADWAY leaves New-York from Pier foot of Jay st., touching at Christopher, every AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock, for Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing and Haverstraw.

FOR CHARTER.—THE STEAMBOAT ALICE PRICE will be chartered until the closing of the North River either for a regular route or for towing. Apply at No. 191 Fulton-st., corner of Church-st., second floor.

FOR SAG HARBOR, ORIENT, AND GREENPORT.—The MASSACHUSETTS, Capt. HAVENS, having unsurpassed passenger accommodations, will leave Pier No. 32 James-slip, East River, TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 5 o'clock.

FOR WEST POINT, NEWBURGH AND POUGHKEEPSIE.—Steamer THOMAS POWELL, from foot of Jay-st., North River, EVERY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock.

RAILROADS

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.—FARE TO ALBANY $2.—On and after Monday, June 25, 1860, trains will leave 26th-st. station, New-York, as follows: For Williams' Bridge, and all way stations, 7:40 and 11 A. M., and 8:30 P. M.; for White Plains, and all way stations, 2:30, 4 and 5 P. M.; for White Plains, and all way stations, 6:15, from White-st. depôt; for Croton Falls, from 26th-st. depôt, 8:15 A. M., stopping at Williams' Bridge and stations above; for Dover Plains, from 26th-st. depôt, 4:30 P. M., stopping at White Plains and stations above—(this train runs to Millerton every Saturday evening;) for Albany, from 26th-st. depôt, 10:15 A. M., Express Mail train, stopping at White Plains, Bedford, Croton Falls, and stations north. Returning, will leave Williams' Bridge, stopping at all way stations, 6:40 and 9 A. M., and 1 P. M.; White Plains, stopping at all way stations, 6 and 7 A. M., 4:15 and 7 P. M.; Dover Plains, stopping at all stations north of Fordham, 6 A. M.; this train leaves Millerton every Monday morning at 5:25; Croton Falls, 5 P. M., stopping at all stations north of Fordham; Albany, 9 A. M., stopping at all stations north of White Plains.
JOHN BURCHILL, Assist Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY AND TROY, CONNECTING WITH TRAINS NORTH AND WEST.—On and after Monday, Sept. 17, 1860, trains will leave Chambers-st. as follows: Through Express trains at 7 and 11 A. M., and 5 P. M.; Albany Mail Train at 7.20 A. M.; Sleeping-car train, 9:20 P. M.; (Sundays included;) Way trains for Sing Sing 9:45 A. M., and 4:15, 7 and 10.45 P. M.; for Tarrytown, 3:35 P. M.; for Peekskill, 5:30 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie, 1:15 and 3:20 P. M.; Emigrant Train from 31st-st., 6:35 P. M. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:45 (Sundays included) at 8:45 and 11:30 A. M., and 3:45 and 8:30 P. M.; Albany about 30 minutes' later; leave Albany for New-York, 5 P. M., (Sundays included.)
A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.—Summer arrangement for pleasure travel. Trains leave 26th-st. station as follows:

10:15 A. M.—Express for Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Sharon Springs, Niagara Falls, Lake George, Lebanon Springs and Lake Mahopac, connecting at Albany with New-York Central Railroad for Sharon Springs, Niagara Falls, and all places West. Also, with trains for Saratoga and all points North.

8:15 A. M.—For Croton Falls, connecting at Golden's Bridge with stages for Lake Waccabuc, and at Croton Falls with stages for Lake Mahopac.

4:30 P. M.—For Dover Plains, connecting at Golden's Bridge with stages for Lake Waccabuc, and at Croton Falls with stages for Lake Mahopac.
JOHN BURCHILL, Ass't Sup't.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—Dunkirk Express at 7 A. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, and Canandaigua and principal stations. Mail at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and intermediate stations. This train remains over night at Elmira. Way, at 3:45 P. M., for Middletown, Newburgh, and intermediate stations. Night Express, daily, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua and principal stations. The train of Saturday stops at all Mail-train Stations, and runs only to Elmira.
CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD—For Long Branch, Shrewsbury, Red Bank, &c. On and after September 10, cars will leave Long Branch daily, at 7 A. M., connecting with steamboat TAMINEND, for New-York. Returning, the TAMINEND will leave foot of Robinson-st. at 4 P. M., connecting with cars for the above places.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST, FROM JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line.—Leaves New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M.; 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3; 12 M., fare $2 25. Through baggage checked in 7 A. M. and 6 P. M.

LONG ISLAND R. R.—TRAINS LEAVE SOUTH Ferry, Brooklyn, for Greenport at 10 A. M.; North Islip, 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. Syosset, 12 M. and 4:30 P. M.; Hempstead, 10 A. M., 12 M., 3:30, 4:30 and 5:35 P. M.; Jamaica, 10 A. M., 12 M., 3.30, 4:30, 5:35 and 6:46 P. M.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

BIBLE HOUSE—NO. 3—BIBLE HOUSE.
FOURTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK.
Use the celebrated VESUVIUS COOKING AND HEATING RANGE. The heat which from ordinary ranges goes to waste up the chimney is saved, and made available to warm the rooms above, without in the least lessening its convenience or efficiency as a kitchen range. The ETNA HEATER is designed to set in the front basement fire-place, to warm the basement, parlors, and rooms over the parlors. For efficiency, economy, durability, and safety, they are unequaled. Abundant references furnished on application.
SPAULDING & STRATTON,
3 Bible House, 4th-av., Manufacturers and Proprietors

121. IRON WAREHOUSE 121.
SAMPSONS & BALDWIN,
NO. 121 GREENWICH-ST., NEW-YORK,
Have in store and offer for sale a full assortment of
SWEDES AND HAMMERED IRON,
REFINED AND ENGLISH IRON,
BAND, SCROLL AND HOOP IRON,
OVAL, HALF-OVAL and HALF-ROUND IRON,
ANGLE AND T IRONS, WROUGHT-IRON BEAMS,
HORSE-SHOE IRON—PERU, "BBH," and STITTS,
HORSE-NAIL RODS—TVT, XLT and N BRANDS,
PLOW, SPRING, TIRE, CAST and GERMAN STEELS

MACHINERY.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS.
STEAM AND WATER GAUGES, &c., &c.
STEAM ENGINES from 4 to 100 horse-power, both NEW and SECOND-HAND, constantly on hand and for sale, with or without Boilers. Also, BOILERS, both NEW and SECOND-HAND.
STEAM and WATER GAUGES, INDICATORS, LUBRICATORS, LOW-WATER ALARMS, &c., &c., &c.
Also, WIRE ROPE, for various purposes.
CHAS. W. COPELAND,
No. 122 Broadway, New-York.

C. PATCH & CO., SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES and Trimmings of every description, wholesale and retail. H. E. WELTON & CO., Agts 453 B'way.

SHIPPING.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.
ATLANTIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
NEW-YORK AND GALWAY LINE.
TOUCHING AT ST. JOHN'S, N. F.,
To land Passengers, and receive the Royal Mail and Government Dispatches.

The Steamers comprising this Line have been approved by the Admiralty, and are the
NEW IRON SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS

CONNAUGHT	4,400 tons burthen.
LEINSTER	4,400 tons burthen.
MUNSTER	4,400 tons burthen.
ULSTER	4,400 tons burthen.
PARANA	4,400 tons burthen.

The next departure will be the CONNAUGHT, from Boston, on TUESDAY, Oct. 23, to be followed by the PRINCE ALBERT, from New-York, Nov. 20.

From Pier No. 37 North River.

Rates of passage to any part of Ireland, on a Railway, and to the principal cities of England and Scotland:

First Class, $100, $90, and $75, according to stateroom accommodations. Third Class, $30, including cooked provisions.

And to St. Johns, N. F.: First Class, $35. Third Class, $20.

Children under 12 years half price; under one year free. Third Class passengers are required to furnish beds and tins.

Persons taking passage from New-York for the steamers sailing from Boston, will receive free passage from New-York to Boston.

The steamers of this Company have been constructed with the greatest care as regards safety and comfort, combined with model and propelling power, and are built with water-tight compartments. They are confidently expected to surpass, in speed and rough weather qualities, any vessels ever built, and are replete with elegancies and conveniences.

An experienced surgeon is attached to each ship. Persons wishing to send for their friends, can obtain return tickets at the following greatly reduced prices:

In third cabin, from Galway, $30. In third cabin, from any town in Ireland on a railway, $32 50. In third cabin, from the principal cities of England and Scotland, $35.

For freight or passage, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
Nos. 54 and 55 South-st.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
On SATURDAY Oct. 13.
The United States Mail Steamship
ARAGO.
D. LINES, Commander,
Will sail from pier No. 37, North River, foot of Beach-st., on SATURDAY, Oct. 13, at noon.

This steamship (unsurpassed for safety and comfort) has double engines under deck, enclosed by water-tight compartments, which, besides other results, tend, in the event of collision or stranding, to keep the pumps free to work, and secure the safety of vessel and passengers.

Passage in Second Cabin, $75 and $60.
For freight or passage, apply to
SAMUEL M. FOX, } Agents,
GEO. MACKENZIE, } No. 7 Broadway.
The steamer FULTON will sail Nov. 10.

STEAMER OF SEPT. 22.
FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP
ILLINOIS,
Capt. P. E. TERRY, Commander,
will sail from Pier No. 3 North River, New-York, at noon, on SATURDAY, Sept. 22, with mails, passengers and specie for England and France.

First Cabin, to Havre	$80; to Southampton	$75
Third Cabin, to Havre	35; to Southampton	30

D. TORRANCE, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.
The steamship VANDERBILT sails October 20.

STEAMER OF OCTOBER 6.
FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
The United States Mail steamship
ADRIATIC,
JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Commander, will sail from the foot of Canal-st., on SATURDAY, October 6, with mails, passengers, and specie, for the above ports.
For freight or passage, apply at the office of the North Atlantic Steamship Company, Room No. 4, No. 88 Wall-st. I. P. STEPHENS, Secretary.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$130
Second Cabin Passage	75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$110
Second Cabin Passage	60

The ships from New-York call at Cork Harbor.
The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.
PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Moodie.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.
SCOTIA, (now building.)
These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head, green on starboard bow, red on port bow.
ASIA, Lott, leave New-York Wednesday, Sept. 26.
EUROPA, Anderson, leave Boston Wednesday, Oct. 3.
PERSIA, Judkins, leave N. York Wednesday, Oct. 10.
ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston Wednesday, Oct. 17.
AFRICA, Shannon, leave N. York Wednesday, Oct. 24.
CANADA, Moodie, leave Boston Wednesday, Oct. 31.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, jewelry, specie, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

TAPPSCOTT'S LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS.
The subscribers continue to grant certificates of passage to or from Liverpool by their favorite line of packets, comprising in part the following ships, viz.:
WM. TAPPSCOTT, EMERALD ISLE, ALBION,
DREADNOUGHT, MIDDLESEX, VICTORY,
BENJ. ADAMS, CONSTELLATION, JNO. J. BOYD,
WEST POINT, SWITZERLAND, PHŒNIX,
UNDERWRITER, SHAMROCK, CAMBRIA,
Making, together with others, a ship every five days. The subscribers are also agents for the X LINE OF LONDON PACKETS, for all of which they grant certificates on liberal terms.
REMITTANCES TO IRELAND, &c.
T. & CO. also continue to issue drafts payable on demand throughout England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales. Send or call for circular. Circulars, with all particulars, may be had on application. If by letter inclose a postage stamp, to
TAPPSCOTT & CO., No. 86 South-st., New-York.
TAPPSCOTT, SMITH & CO., Liverpool.

THROUGH FREIGHT ARRANGEMENT.—For NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, CITY POINT and RICHMOND, connecting with Norfolk and Petersburg and Southside Railroads for LYNCHBURG, BRISTOL, MEMPHIS and intermediate stations. Freight received every day and through receipts furnished at Pier No. 13 North River.

Steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. SKINNER, leaves every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M.

Steamship ROANOKE, Capt. COUCH, every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., calling at Old Point Comfort, to land passengers.

Steamship YORKTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.

Freight to Portsmouth or Norfolk, 7 cents per foot; to City Point, 8 cents, and to Richmond, 9 cents.

Passage to Norfolk, (stateroom and meals included,) $8; to Petersburg or Richmond, $10.

Excursion tickets to Norfolk and back, $13; to Petersburg or Richmond, $15.
LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYDS STEAMSHIP BREMEN, H. WESSELS Commander, carrying the United States mail, will sail on
SATURDAY, Sept. 29, at 12 o'clock, P. M.,
FOR
BREMEN, VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
Taking passengers for
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
At the following rates:
First cabin, $100; second cabin, $60; steerage, $35.
For freight or passage apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 82 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND THE SOUTH.—THE steamship HUNTSVILLE, Capt. JNO. A. POST, will leave Pier No. 12 North River, on THURSDAY, Sept. 20, at 4 P. M.

Passage to Savannah, with accommodations unequaled, $15; through tickets to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $25; Memphis, $31 75; Nashville, $29 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Chattanooga, $25; Eufala, $24; Albany, $23; Columbus, $21; Atlanta, $21; Macon, $20; Augusta, $17 50, including carriage fare in Savannah.
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st., and No. 335 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND OTHER PORTS, AS BELOW.—The first-class side-wheel steamship ALABAMA, Capt. GEO. R. SCHENCK, will leave on SATURDAY, Sept. 22, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 4 N. R. Through tickets can be had for the following places:

To New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $25; Columbus, $21; Albany, $21; Atlanta, $21; Eufaula, $24; Chattanooga, $25; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Memphis, $31 75; Augusta, $17 50; Macon, $20; Savannah, $15.

For freight and passage, apply at No. 13 Broadway.
SAMUEL L. MITCHILL & SON.

FOR SAVANNAH.—THE FIRST-CLASS, SIDE-wheel steamship STATE OF GEORGIA, Capt. J. J. GARVIN, will sail from Philadelphia for Savannah, on THURSDAY, Sept. 20, at 10 o'clock A. M. Superior staterooms may be secured by applying to A. HERON, Jr., No. 126 North Wharves, Philadelphia. The steamer KEYSTONE STATE will sail as above for Charleston, Sept. 25, at 10 o'clock A. M.

STEAMER ADRIATIC.—FOR SALE CHEAP, a first-class ticket for Oct. 6. Inquire at No. 169 Broadway, Room No. 4.

U. STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, NO. 262 BROADWAY.—Passports issued through J. B. NONES. Adopted citizens must produce certificates.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHRISTIAN SMITH, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of John H. Hedley, No. 59 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of February next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 14, 1860. JAMES G. ABBOTT, Executor.
au15-law6mW*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SAMUEL BURCHILL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his residence, Third-avenue, corner of One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 22d day of September next.—Dated New-York, March 20, 1860. ISABELLA BURCHILL,
mh21-law6mW. Administratrix.

INSURANCE.

STUYVESANT INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE, 151 BOWERY, South-east cor. of Broome-st.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 14, 1860.
CAPITAL $200,000, SURPLUS 62,000.
This Company having reinsured the Homestead Fire Insurance Company, policy-holders of the said Company are respectfully requested to bring their policies to the office of the Stuyvesant Insurance Company and have the substitution noted on their policies of insurance, or have them cancelled as the insured may elect.
BENJ. J. PENTZ, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF C. S. SLOANE & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
C. S. SLOANE.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 19, 1860. S. D. HOPKINS.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
THIS WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 19, at 8 o'clock
First night of Verdi's world renowned Opera of
THE SICILIAN VESPERS.
First appearance this season of the favorite Prima Donna
MME. PAULINE COLSON,
First appearance this season of the popular tenor,
SIG. STIGELLI,
First appearance in New-York of
Mons. GENEBREL,
Premiere Basso of the Imperial Academy of Music in Paris, and the Grand Opera, New-Orleans.
Second appearance of the great baritone,
Signor FERRI.

CARD—The directors of the Academy of Music have the satisfaction to announce to their patrons and the public, that they have succeeded in making an arrangement for a limited number of nights with the celebrated French basso,
Mons. GENEBREL,
from the Imperial Academy of Music in Paris, on his way to New-Orleans, who will have the honor of making his début this evening in the important part of John of Procida, in Verdi's grand opera of
THE SICILIAN VESPERS.
THIS WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 19, at 8 o'clock,
First night this season of the new and celebrated Opera of
THE SICILIAN VESPERS.
Music by Verdi, the poem by Eugene Scribe.
THE SICILIAN VESPERS
Was expressly composed by Verdi for the Grand Opera in Paris, and is universally acknowledged as being the grandest and most effective Opera of this celebrated composer.
THE SICILIAN VESPERS
Will be produced at the Academy of Music,
WITH NEW SCENERY AND PROPERTIES.
By Sig. Hannibal W. Calyo, from the original models of the Grand Opera in Paris, obtained through the kind permission of his Excellency Monsieur le Ministre de la Maison de l'Empereur, M. Achille Fould.
THE UNIQUE AND PICTURESQUE DRESSES,
Presenting a most faithful picture of the costumes of the thirteenth century, have been made in Paris, by Mons. LeRoy, costumer of the Grand Opera, and Signor Bruschi, from the principal theatres in Italy.
THE NEW ACCOUTREMENTS AND PROPERTIES are from the celebrated manufactory of Monsier Granger, armorer to His Majesty the Emperor of the French.
PRINCIPAL CHARACTERS.

The Princess Elena	Mme. COLSON
Arrigo	Sig. STIGELLI
The Governor of Monforte	Sig. FERRI
Procida, Chief of the Conspirators	Sig. GENEBREL

SECONDARY CHARACTERS
By Mme. Reichardt, Signors Lotti, M. Barili, Crouza, Maffeo, Gimenes.
GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.
Musical Director and Conductor............Signor MUZIO.
On THURSDAY, Sept. 20, at 8 o'clock,
Second appearance of the great dramatic Prima Donna,
Mme. INEZ FABBRI,
Whose first appearance at the Academy, on MONDAY NIGHT, was received with so much enthusiasm in her rôle of VIOLETTA in Verdi's popular opera of
LA TRAVIATA.
Mme. INEZ FABBRI
In her great rôle of VIOLETTA.
SIG. STIGELLI (his second appearance)..........as Alfredo
SIG. FERRI (the great Baritone)..........as Germont
Musical Director and Conductor..........MAX MARETZEK
On SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 22,
GRAND GALA NIGHT.
The sale of seats for the SICILIAN VESPERS and for LA TRAVIATA, will commence THIS MORNING, at 8 A. M., at the Box-Office of the Academy of Music, at Sibell's stationery-store, No. 12 Wall-st., and at Breusing's, No. 701 Broadway.
MISS ADELINA PATTI
in a new rôle.
The Director takes great pleasure in announcing that Miss ADELINA PATTI will shortly appear as Linda, in Donizetti's masterwork of
LINDA DI CHAMOUNIX.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
The Directors of the Academy of Music take great pleasure in announcing that they are in treaty with the celebrated artists
MONSIEUR PHILIPPE,
MONSIEUR GENEBREL,
And others, for a few nights of
FRENCH OPERA,
At the Academy of Music. Full particulars in future announcements.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
CORTESI ITALIAN OPERA TROUPE.
TUESDAY. THURSDAY. SATURDAY.
Madame CORTESI has the honor to thank the public for the support which they so liberally accorded her on her first evening, and sincerely trusts that she may fully merit it. She begs leave to announce that Racine's Opera of
MEDEA
is at present in active preparation, and will speedily be produced.
SECOND EVENING'S PERFORMANCE,
THURSDAY, Sept. 20,
Donizetti's grand and popular Tragic Opera,
IL POLIUTO,
will be given, supported by
MADAME CORTESI,
SIGNOR MUSIANI, SIGNOR AMODIO,
with others. SIGNOR NANNI,
Conductor..........CARL ANSCHUTZ
ADMISSION..........ONE DOLLAR
The public are respectfully informed that Reserved Seats in the Dress and First Circles and Parquette can be obtained from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M., without extra charge.
Family Circle, 25 cents, (entrance on Crosby-st.) Private Boxes from $8 to $10, according to location. Doors open at 7; commence at 8.
In the course of the following week Signor F. AMODIO, brother of the distinguished baritone, will make his first appearance in this country.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Mr. Wallack..........Lessee.
Mr. Lester Wallack..........Stage Manager.
Mr. WALLACK
has great pride and pleasure in announcing the
BRILLIANT COMMENCEMENT
of the
REGULAR SEASON.
TO-NIGHT,
AND EVERY NIGHT, TILL FURTHER NOTICE,
The great Comedy,
THE ROYALIST;
OR,
40 YEARS AGO.
To conclude with
FITZSMYTHE, OF FITZSMYTHE HALL.
The above programme will be illustrated by the combined talent of
Mr. Lester Wallack, Mr. Young,
Mr. Blake, Mrs. Hoey,
Mr. Walcot, Miss Mary Gannon,
Mr. Sloan, Mrs. Vernon, and
Mr. Norton, Miss Julia Tree.
Doors open at 7½; to commence at 8 o'clock. Places may now be secured at box office three days in advance.

WINTER GARDEN.
ON THIS EVENING, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 19,
THOSE DELIGHTFUL DELINEATORS OF
IRISH AND YANKEE
CHARACTERS,
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
Will appear in three of their best pieces:
FAIRY CIRCLE; OR, CON O'CAROLLAN'S DREAM,
By H. G. Plunkett.
To be followed by
IN AND OUT OF PLACE,
in which Mrs. WILLIAMS will appear in five different characters.
To conclude with
THE LIMERICK BOY.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
SECOND WEEK
and
GREAT SUCCESS
OF THE NEW AND BEAUTIFUL
FIVE ACT DRAMA,
By T. B. DE WALDEN, Esq.,
called
THE MONKEY BOY,
with
MISS LAURA KEENE
and
EVERY MEMBER OF THE COMPANY
In the cast.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance will commence at 8.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Sole Lessee and Manager..........JAMES M. NIXON
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 19, 1860.
MR. FORREST AS HAMLET.

Ghost	Mr. Conway	The Queen	Mme. Ponisi
Polonius	Mr. Fisher	Ophelia	Mrs. Conway
Claudius	Mr. Canoll	Player Queen	Mrs. Le Brun
Laertes	Mr. Donaldson	Pages	Melville & E. Pine
Horatio	Mr. Harkins	Actresses	L. Pine & Wright
Osric	Mr. Fenno	Rosencrantz	Mr. Harrison
1st Grave Digger	Mr. Martin	Guildenstern	Mr. Cooke
Player King	Mr. Morris	Marcellus	Mr. Becks

Orchestra Seats, $1; Dress Circle, 50c.; Family Circle, 25c. Doors open at 6¾; performance begins at 7¾, P. M.
Mr. FORREST'S Third Night, Friday, Sept. 21.

BOWERY THEATRE.
GEO. WOOD..........Manager.
IMMENSE SUCCESS
of the new and gorgeous
SPECTACULAR PLAY.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 19,
WOMAN.
Her Love! Her Faith! Her Trials!
SATAN ON EARTH;
OR, THE DEMON PAGE.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Sole Proprietors..........Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Lingard.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 19,
The performance will commence with
ROB ROY.
Rob Roy Macgregor..........Mr. E. Eddy
Concluding with GOLDEN AXE.
Doors open at 6¾; performances commence at 7¼ o'clock.

SCOTTISH GAMES
at
JONES' WOOD,
THURSDAY, Sept. 20.
Single tickets 25 cents; tickets admitting gentleman and ladies 50 cents.

BLONDIN! BLONDIN!!
The wonderful BLONDIN'S second ascension on the tight rope will take place FRIDAY, 21st inst., at Jones' Wood, at 4 o'clock. He will perform the most daring feats, and will ascend the rope blindfolded—his head enclosed in a sack. Tickets 25 cents.

HOOLEY & CAMPBELL'S MINSTRELS.
NIBLO'S SALOON.
CROWDED HOUSES! CROWDED HOUSES!
EVERY EVENING! EVERY EVENING!
Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cts.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY,
NO. 548 BROADWAY.
This unrivaled collection of
PAINTINGS AND STATUES,
now on exhibition. Open day & evening. Admission, 25c.

THE FALL EXHIBITION OF THE BROOKLYN HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, which will include the famous gigantic water-plant,
VICTORIA REGINA,
will take place at
MONTAGUE HALL,
Court-st., opposite City Hall, on
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 19,
at 4 o'clock P. M., continuing open on Thursday and Friday. A band of music will perform each evening. Admittance 25 cents.

A GRAND PICNIC, IN BEHALF OF ST. Raymond's School, Westchester, will be held at Fort Schuyler, on THURSDAY, Sept. 27, 1860. The steamboat CROTON, which runs daily to Glen Cove, will land passengers at Fort Schuyler. The boat leaves Peck-slip at 9 o'clock A. M., stops at 34th-st., and returns from Fort Schuyler at 5½ P. M. Passengers by this boat, to and from the Picnic, pay no fare. Tickets 50 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
Under the personal supervision of P. T. BARNUM.
BEST VENTILATED LECTURE-ROOM
in the world, and delightfully cool and pleasant.
EVERY DAY AND EVENING THIS WEEK,
COMMENCING MONDAY, Sept. 17, 1860.
THE SPLENDID HISTORICAL DRAMA,
JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN,
JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN,
JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN,
Was received with SUCH IMMENSE FAVOR by the patrons of the Museum the past week, and ATTRACTED SUCH UNWONTED CROWDS, that the Management
WILL CONTINUE IT ONE WEEK LONGER,
With all its GORGEOUS ACCOMPANIMENTS, its SPLENDID SCENERY, BRILLIANT COSTUMES, MAGNIFICENT GROUPINGS and UNEQUALED MECHANICAL EFFECTS. It will be produced
THIS EVENING, AT HALF-PAST 7.
This afternoon, at 3, the new Domestic Drama, as acted in Madame Celeste's Lyceum Theatre, London, called
THE LAST HOPE,
will be presented by the best company in America.
All the novelties and curiosities of the Museum will be visible at all hours, including
THE STRANGE AND MYSTERIOUS ANIMALS,
THE "WHAT CAN THEY BE?"
TWO IN NUMBER, AND OF DISTINCT SPECIES,
One of which has TWO DISTINCT HEADS, but ONE LEG, and is WEB-FOOTED,
A TATTOOED NEW-ZEALAND CHIEF,
LIVING "WHAT IS IT?" or MAN-MONKEY,
The most interesting, amusing and wonderful creature known,
THE GREAT LIVING ROARING BLACK SEA LION,
The only animal of the kind ever seen in the Atlantic States,
THE WONDERFUL ALBINO FAMILY,
Each with Pure White Skin, Silken White Hair, Pink Eyes, &c., though born of Perfectly Black Parents,
THE LADY WITH LONG HAIR,
THE FINEST AQUARIA IN THE WORLD!
Filled with LIVING SEA and RIVER FISH, from various climes, as the beautiful ANGEL FISH, SPECKLED BROOK TROUT, FLYING FISH, LIVING ALLIGATORS, LIVING CROCODILES, &c., &c. The famous LIVING LIGHTNING CALCULATOR, LIVING MONSTER SNAKES, LIVING BABY ANACONDAS, LIVING HAPPY FAMILY, GREAT VARIETY OF NEW WAX FIGURES.
All these, beside all the Wonders and Novelties of the Museum collection, which embraces not less than
850,000 CURIOSITIES,
From every part of the World, are all, yes,
ALL TO BE SEEN FOR 25 CENTS.
Children under 10 years, 15 cents.
MUSEUM OPEN FROM 7 A. M. TILL 10 P. M.

BROWN'S GREAT PICTURE.
The splendid view of New-York from Hoboken by the celebrated landscapist, GEORGE L. BROWN, called
THE BAY AND CITY OF NEW-YORK,
AT SUNRISE,
is now on view at the CRAYON ART GALLERY,
corner Broadway and 8th-st.
Admittance 25 cents. GEO. WARD NICHOLS.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS,
Manufacturers of
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.
Warerooms No. 694 Broadway.
C. & SONS have been awarded thirty-eight prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past thirty-five years.
Also for sale,
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
For parlors, churches, vestries and lodges,
At wholesale and retail.
Pianos to rent.

FREDERICK J. HUDSON
Respectfully informs his pupils and friends of this City and Brooklyn, that he has resumed his instructions in music,
INSTRUMENTAL AND VOCAL,
and will be pleased to receive applications, as heretofore, at Hall & Sons', No. 543 Broadway, New-York.

STEINWAY & SONS' GOLD MEDAL
PATENT OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS
Are now considered the best Pianos manufactured, and are warranted for five years.
Warerooms Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway.

A GREATLY IMPROVED PIANO-FORTE.
LIGHTE & BRADBURYS,
Manufacturers of a NEW SCALE OVERSTRUNG BRASS, PATENT INSULATED, FULL IRON FRAME, GRAND and SQUARE PIANO-FORTES, 421 Broome-st.

WM. HALL & SON,
No. 543 Broadway, (between Prince and Spring sts.,) Publishers of Music, dealers in all kinds of Musical Instruments and merchandise. The celebrated Driggs Patent Pianos.

MRS. BODSTEIN
Will resume instruction in singing at her residence, No. 84 West 22d-st., on Monday, Sept. 17. Application to be made at the house.

RAVEN, BACON & CO.,
Overstrung Pianos,
No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway.

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THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

Reception of Senator Douglas at Rochester.

HIS VIEWS OF THE MISSOURI COMPROMISE.

THE CANVASS IN THE NORTHWEST.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS IN THE METROPOLIS.

MOVEMENTS OF DOUGLAS.

His Arrival and Reception at Rochester—Another Crush of People—Mr. Douglas' Speech—The Missouri Compromise.

Rochester, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Mr. Douglas left Syracuse at 7 A. M. At every station on the road the usual demonstrations were made, and at Rochester and Lyons, where large crowds gathered, Mr. Douglas was called forth and made brief addresses, and was received with much enthusiasm. At Rochester dépôt many hundreds of citizens assembled on the arrival of the train, and the pressure was great to catch a sight of Mr. Douglas, but owing to the efficient arrangements of Col. C. T. Amsden, the procession was formed without inconvenience, and Mr. Douglas was conducted at once to the Eagle Hotel. A great number of strangers arrived in the city during the morning, and Douglas-Clubs from surrounding cities attended in uniforms, accompanied by bands of music. The excitement appears on the increase as Douglas proceeds Westward, for the meeting in the afternoon fully equaled that of Syracuse yesterday, while large additions were made to the visitors from the country during the afternoon.

The meeting was held in Washington-square, which was densely packed with people. A scene similar to that at Syracuse occurred, through females and boys getting near the stand at an early hour, and being caught in the pressure when the space filled up. Several had to be rescued from the crowd over the platform. The Rochester *Union* puts down the number in the Square at 20,000 to 30,000.

Judge Douglas' speech presented no new features, except on the subject of the Missouri Compromise. He claimed he had always supported and upheld the Missouri Compromise so long as the people of the Free States were willing to abide by it, and in 1848 had introduced a bill, which was passed by the Senate, extending the line to the Pacific. The House rejected that bill, and he claimed if it had passed it would have settled Slavery agitation forever. He charged that it had been defeated by a union of Free-Soilers and Southern fire-eaters, who had then combined against the Missouri Compromise, as they now combine against Popular Sovereignty. He spoke an hour and a half, and the speech was well received, much enthusiasm being evinced. Hon. Joseph Field, Ex-Mayor, presided over the meeting.

To-night the streets are all excitement, with a procession bearing torches, bands of music, &c. Many thousand strangers remain in town, giving the place the appearance of a general holiday. At the head-quarters of the Union men, opposite the Eagle Hotel, a great bell is kept constantly tolling. Bonfires blaze on all public thoroughfares, and the demonstration is unrivaled in point of spirit and extent.

THE CANVASS IN THE NORTHWEST.

The Great Strength of Douglas—The Influences that must Neutralize it—Mr. Lincoln the only Available Nomination for the Republicans—The Gains mainly Republican, &c., &c.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

Baltimore, Macomb Co., Michigan,
Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1860.

The first thing that strikes an observing Republican, who is fully aware that he occupies no position of such eminence as to enable him to overlook the political field with a General's *coup d'œil*, and accordingly endeavors to make up for this disadvantage by keeping his eyes open and his mind as free from prejudice as he can, is the appalling strength of Douglas. For the past month I have been traveling in Illinois, Indiana and Michigan, mingling with political audiences, hearing bar-room discussions, reading papers, lounging in committee-rooms, doing committee business myself, distributing documents, speaking from the stump at large meetings and at small, and canvassing actively and minutely—in short, informing myself by every method I knew; and although I still believe that Lincoln will be elected, and will carry the Northwest, I am by no means so sure as I was when I left New-York. It is a very serious drawback to the Democrats that their candidate cannot count upon the regular assessment on official salaries to swell his financial resources. Besides, zealous Southern friends of the Little Giant, instead of being able (as Buchanan's supporters were in 1856) to rely upon an undivided South as safe to take care of itself, and therefore being free to pour money into the central and western States, are forced to fight a desperate battle at home with all the energy and all the money they can command. An important effect—itself a third active cause—is that many of the leading Democrats foresee Douglas's defeat, and refuse to spend money in useless endeavors. And for these reasons, I think, Lincoln will carry every one of the Northwestern States. But only these serious disabilities will occasion Douglas's defeat. Were they removed I believe he would certainly carry the Northwest; as it is, I think Lincoln, carrying Indiana and Illinois, will do so with the utmost difficulty.

I am satisfied that Chicago could have made no selection of a candidate so good as they did in nominating Lincoln. The weakness of the nomination at the East is one of its principal elements of strength all through the Western country. A favorite point in Indiana is the recommendation of Lincoln as a candidate whose nomination was vigorously opposed and will be feebly sustained by New-England. The model candidate for any party is always the man who is weak in the sure States and strong in the doubtful States—for a strong candidate in both is at this time an impossibility—always provided that this policy is not strained too far: if our astute managers should lose New-York, for instance, they would probably conclude that they had played rather too fine a game, "For what doth it profit a man" (particularly a Republican candidate) "if he gains the whole West and lose New-York?" If Gov. Seward had been nominated, his election must have been accomplished without Indiana and Illinois. His name would have crushed, in those States, the State ticket and the Congressional ticket, and a Democrat would have been sure of Trumbull's seat in the Senate. So I think Lincoln the wiser choice, if he carries New-York—and I think he will.

Now, seeing that Mr. Douglas is so formidable an opponent to the powerful ticket nominated at Chicago, I am satisfied that if nominated at Charleston, and backed by the full strength of the Democratic Party, he would have carried one hundred and twelve Southern votes, seven from the Pacific States, twenty-four from Illinois and Indiana, and seven from New-Jersey—in all, one hundred and fifty electoral votes—by heavy majorities. This would have left him short of an election by only two votes, and with the best chance in Maryland and Minnesota, and at least even in Pennsylvania, if not in Ohio. As it is, I dare say he will come just near enough carrying a dozen States to lose every one, unless it should be Missouri, and I think Bell's chances are better for that State.

In Illinois and Indiana the Republicans labor under two disadvantages: they are short of money, and have been fighting too fast. Their tremendous pace cannot be kept up; they must fall off, *and it will be seen* that they are falling off. Northern Illinois furnishes an exception: the State Central Committee have succeeded in keeping things back there very judiciously, and though many are displeased with their inactivity, Northern Illinois will do all that is done during the month of October, when the resources of the local committees in the crushed portion of the State are exhausted.

But the Republican gains in both States are indisputably large. I have heard boasts on both sides, but I have tried both, and all the gains I have verified are Republican. In seventeen towns, to my own personal knowledge, where Fremont received not quite 600 votes, there are nearly 700 Wide-Awakes—not merely enrolled, (I have found that no sufficient evidence of membership,) but doing duty in the ranks—and of these more than 500 are voters. The gains indicated by this statement are by no means so large as I see daily quoted; but I am sure of them, and I gravely doubt many of the glowing statements of Republican gains I see so freely made. It is not so easy as people sometimes think to make converts. I have tried it diligently myself, and have by no means slain either my thousands or my tens of thousands.

"Of the ten thousand grant but *four*,"

and I claim no larger number of captives. And although it may be said I am not a fair sample of a preacher, I am very well satisfied with my success. I know of one Republican speaker who has converted eleven men—to Democracy!

The Republicans have very able champions in their candidates for Governor. Neither Hendricks nor Allen can match his opponent. Lane, of Indiana, has hardly his equal on the stump. He is a very homely man, small and sinewy, with a ringing voice, and great skill in addressing the prejudices as well as the reason of his audience. Hendricks is really a good speaker and a man of considerable intellectual power, but does not seem to know the popular mind so well as Lane. Lane is helped also by an impression that he was ill-used in being kept out of the United States Senate, as he unquestionably was; and the people are inclined to make him some reparation. If Lane should be elected in October, the effect on both Indiana and Illinois will be prodigious and decisive; if he should be defeated, it would not prove Lincoln's defeat, for the Breckinridge men support Hendricks and will not vote for Douglas. The most favorable estimate for Lane I have heard gives him 15,000 majority, and I think he will have 7,000. In Illinois, Yates is a very effective speaker, while Allen, though possessed of a good voice and jovial manner, is a dead weight. There is no point to his speeches. I heard him attack Lincoln in Chicago, (not his personal character—any such attempt in Illinois is only dangerous to the accuser,) and never heard anything so purposeless and feeble. The proper answer to all his charges would be a general demurrer, rather than any contradiction. The Republicans on the stump have a great preponderance of ability in Illinois, and intelligent Democrats frankly confess that they have no champion to meet Trumbull or Lovejoy. The king of Illinois stump speakers is Owen Lovejoy. His famous "jury trial" is the most daring and brilliant exploit in the annals of popular oratory. Being in "Egypt" he impanneled and swore twelve men out of his audience, and proceeded to defend the Republican Party on a general Democratic indictment, in due legal form! Nine of his jury were Douglas men, but being men of character and under oath, they were forced to answer on their consciences, and the jury returned a unanimous verdict of Not Guilty. That speech *did* make a number of converts. Lovejoy is the principal card played by the Republicans in Southern Illinois. A general impression prevails (and rightly) that he is furiously ultra, and he is ordinarily introduced as "the ogre"—"the man who takes a couple of darkies for breakfast," &c., &c. Whereupon, a bland, portly gentleman appears, three parts benevolence and the rest fun and jollity, and the audience, after laughing with him for a couple of hours are ready to scout the notion of his being a fanatic. But Lovejoy's speech in the House has badly crippled him, and it is no easy matter for him to laugh away the record.

The Douglas men, however, fight with dogged determination. The secret of the Democratic schism is to be found in the consciousness of certain congressional aspirants that Douglas' nomination furnished their only chance for writing "M. C." after their names. A, B and C cared nothing for Douglas, except as a strong card for A, B and C; and to such men the utter hopelessness of Mr. Douglas' cause furnishes no reason for slackening their exertions. Here, in Michigan, the cry of "popular severeignty," and a set of baseless charges of "Republican extravagance in State affairs," will probably cut down the Republican majority in the First and Fourth Congressional Districts, (always close, and noted for Democratic learning,) and may run in Lothrop and Thomson. Nor can I see any likelihood of the Peninsular State redeeming her pledge of "twenty-five thousand majority for the Chicago nominee." I shall not quarrel with any majority, provided we carry all the Congressmen.

I hope to furnish you soon with some more notes and jottings, although I attach no great importance to any of my estimates, inasmuch as it is necessary to take into account not only present results, but existing tendencies, and tendencies are hard to estimate. However, the observations of a private soldier may have some interest, if they have little value.

F. C. H.

CITY POLITICS.

The Fusion Movement—Mr. Richmond Gone Home.

There are five or six Electors who it is said desire to vacate their places on the fusion electoral ticket in case their places can be filled to the better satisfaction of the commercial classes of New-York, by men of representative character, such as Moses Taylor, Mr. Duncan, Joshua J. Henry, La Mont and others.

Gouverneur Kemble, of Westchester, and Mr. Moore, of Long Island, have also been mentioned as unobjectionable to the Douglas Democracy; but the condition that alone renders any change on the electoral ticket desirable is Mr. Brady's withdrawal of his name from the State ticket. Mr. Richmond has gone home, and it is declared an irrevocable fact that no person connected in any way with the Breckinridge organization, or tainted with secession principles, will be put on the ticket. This information is given by a leading man connected with the fusion movement.

Young Men's Republican Union.

SPEECHES OF EDGAR PHILLIPS, GEO. WILLIAM CURTIS, AND MR. RICHARDS, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The head-quarters of the Young Men's Republican Union, at Stuyvesant Institute, was crowded, last evening, in anticipation of addresses from Geo. William Curtis, Esq., and others. The hour of eight, however, which had been announced for the commencement of the exercises, passed without the appearance of Mr. Curtis, and Mr. Edgar Phillips was introduced as the first speaker.

Mr. Phillips commenced with a humorous allusion to the Bell and Everett Party, whose platform and principles reminded him of the style of praying adopted by a certain lazy individual, who hung up a written prayer on his bed-post, and said on retiring, "Oh, Lord, these are our sentiments." [Laughter.]

While apparently in the midst of his speech, Mr. Phillips very unaccountably lost his train of thought, and incontinently subsided, after creating considerable merriment. Mr. Richards, of Pennsylvania, was called for and introduced.

Mr. Richards commenced by consoling his young friend with the reflection that one of the greatest English orators had failed equally on the occasion of his first attempt to address the House of Commons. For himself he hailed from Berks County, Pennsylvania. Perhaps they would be astonished to see a live Republican from that county which had given James Buchanan 6,000 majority. [Laughter.] That, however, was not because there were not good Republicans there, but because there were more of the other side. [Great laughter.] He came from a German district, and gave flattering accounts of the prospects of Lincoln in the State. Nothing was more certain to his mind than that Pennsylvania would go for Lincoln and Hamlin. The Democracy was divided into two portions, and each kicking the other. [Laughter.] It reminded him of the incident of two Irish funerals racing, and the mourners of the one that got ahead shook their handkerchiefs in the faces of the vanquished. [Laughter and applause.] Both Douglas and Breckinridge were racing to their political death. [Cheers.]

At this point Mr. Curtis made his appearance, and was greeted with great applause, and soon took the stand.

ADDRESS OF MR. CURTIS.

Mr. Curtis said he had almost committed the fault of many of our Democratic friends. He had relied on a broken-down conveyance to get here. [Laughter.] And so the Democratic ship was broken down, with Breckinridge at the shattered prow, and Douglas at the drifting stern, endeavoring to construct a kind of raft on which to escape; while riding close by them, with all sail set and yards braced, is the good ship of the Constitution and the Union, bearing the broad pennant of Commodore Lincoln [cheers] at her head, and commanded by the good Capt. Hamlin. [Applause.] And this ship was prepared to bear them all, the whole drifting and lost party, and all the rest of their fellow-citizens of the whole country, safely, surely onward into the still waters of national prosperity and peace. [Uproarious cheers.] He needed not to tell them that the line was now formed from Maine to Missouri. They could trace it throughout these broad Free States. They could talk with the men wherever the heart of a freeman beats. Would they ask him for the leader. They need not look for him at a barbacue, with the great Kentucky ox disputing the palm with the Little Giant—[laughter]—not in search of his mother, whom he had just found—not saying one thing in Jones' Wood and another thing elsewhere. But, if they would find the leader of this host, let them look for the man who, at a time when honesty was a fable, was known as honest Abe. [Cheers.] Let them turn, not to a little giant, but to a great giant, who with one hand had strangled Douglas indifference to the great question of the day, and choked Breckinridge disunion. [Applause.] He supposed there was no need of wasting words on Mr. Breckinridge's chances. The State was filled with men who felt that the question of free labor was the one that was to be settled in this contest. He denied the claims of the Abolitionists to having started this party. The great mass of people at the North always denounced the Abolitionists. In 1852 both parties—the Whig and Democratic—thought they settled the question of Slavery by accepting the Compromise. It was the tearing of that Compromise by Stephen A. Douglas that had aroused this spirit which had resulted in the Republican movement. Now Douglas, the occasion of this movement, charged us with being sectional. Was it sectional to declare for liberty? to reutter the words of Jefferson and even of Washington? The men who now praise Washington dead, would not stand by his side living. Even the nominee for Vice-President on the Bell ticket would not favor Washington's reëlevation to the Presidency, because his political sentiments would tend to alienate one portion of the country from another. [Applause.] Douglas would vote against Washington because he (Douglas,) "don't care whether Slavery is voted up or down." But Washington and the Republican Party do care, [applause,] and the people would say to him, "Mr. Douglas, we will vote you down." [Laughter.] Mr. Douglas had boasted that he could speak in all sections of the country, and from that argued that his sentiments were national. It was simply the argument of the highwayman: "Sir, if your pockets were not full of money you would not get knocked on the head." [Laughter.] The news from St. Louis testified that the movement was not sectional but national when it told them of the election of Frank Blair. [Applause.] And Maine answered "Amen," and the cry was echoed from the hills of Vermont. [Applause.]

Mr. Richards resumed his appeal for the publication of a German life of Lincoln, to be circulated in his district, and succeeded in obtaining a contribution from the audience, and a pledge from the Young Men's Republican Union to see that the work is printed and paid for.

Douglas Club.

A meeting of the Douglas Central Pioneer Club was appointed for last evening at Hermitage Hall, in Canal-street. An hour and after the hour designated there were only eight persons present, including outsiders, and our Reporter and Mr. Edward H. Vail, in the absence of the President, declared the meeting adjourned to Thursday, at 8 P. M. The Club has 197 members.

Minnesota Breckinridge Democratic State Committee.

Chicago, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The Breckinridge Democracy, in State Convention at St. Paul, on Thursday last, nominated a full State and Electoral ticket. Senator Rice was present, and made a speech against Mr. Douglas.

Massachusetts Politics.

Boston, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Edward Dickinson, of Amherst, declines the nomination of the Bell and Everett Convention for Lieutenant-Governor.

Congressional Nomination in Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Pa., Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Philip Johnson, of Easton, has been nominated for Congress by the Democracy of the Thirteenth District in this State.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

Exhibition of a new Steam Fire Engine.—A new steam fire engine, called the "Minnehaha," built by the Amoskeag Company, of Manchester, N. H., for the Exempt Engine Company, of Newark, N. J., was on exhibition in this City yesterday, and will probably play again in the Park to-day. It is a first-class engine, arranged to be drawn by horses. It was taken to the liberty pole in Franklin-street, at 11 o'clock, to test its power of throwing water. Three minutes and forty seconds sufficed to get ready for action, and then two streams were thrown, one through an inch nozzle, and the other through a 1⅛ inch nozzle, and both streams went over the pole, which is 186 feet high. Through a nozzle of 1 7-16 inches in diameter, a stream went above the pole about five feet. A similar trial was made in the Park in the afternoon, where Steam-engine No. 38 of this City was also present. A friendly test match between the two machines was talked of, but no arrangement for it was made. The exhibition attracted a large crowd, which included a good many firemen, several of whom were heard to speak favorably of the new "steamer." In playing on the City Hall, one of the streams hit the gilt eagle on the west flagstaff, and was so powerful as to send the wings flying—a natural though unlooked for exhibition of the real purposes which they mimically represented.

Funeral of the Minister from Chili.—The funeral services of Don Juan Bello, the Minister from Chili to this country, who died at the Clarendon Hotel, last Sunday evening, took place at the (R. C.) Church of St. Francis Xavier, in Sixteenth-street, yesterday morning. The friends of the deceased were present in large numbers, including the following gentlemen who acted as pall-bearers: Mr. Lisbon, Brazilian Minister; Mr. Hulsemann, Austrian Minister; Mr. Schleiden, Minister from Bremen; Baron Wetterstedt, Swedish Minister: Mr. Bertinatti, Sardinian Minister; Mr. Massone, Neapolitan Minister; M. de Montezuma, Brazilian Secretary of Legation; M. de Heill, French Secretary of Legation; Mr. Desnoyers, French Consul; Mr. Camaltio, Venezuelan Consul, and Mr. Fallon, Chilian Consul. Rev. Messrs. Delavaine, Driscoll and Sitean officiated. At the conclusion of the services the remains, in a lead coffin inclosed in one of mahogany, were conveyed to St. Patrick's Cathedral in Mott-street, and there placed in a vault. They will be removed to Chili for interment.

The Cattle Markets.—There was a full supply of medium and poor grades of cattle in the yards yesterday. Many buyers of this class of stock were absent yesterday, owing to the celebration of the Jewish New Year, and the trade was unusually dull. Prime cattle were in moderate supply, and these were scattered among the lean droves that filled up the yards, there being few droves running fair throughout. For the best cattle an advance of ¼c.@½c. ℔ lb., estimated dressed weight, was obtained, while the poorer grades sold lower, if anything—making the range of prices quite marked, say from 10c. down to 6½c. The prospect last evening was that the total supply at the Forty-fourth-street yards will foot up about 4,100—which is much larger than the shrewdest operators have been calculating upon, though comparatively few of them ventured to speculate upon the prospect by buying cattle on the way here. But for the general poor quality of this week's stock, there would probably be a decline to-day; as it is, the better grades will probably just about hold their own.

Police Commissioners.—The Board was in session yesterday, for a period of several hours, and nearly all of that time was occupied in the investigation of certain charges which have been preferred against Capt. Weed, of the Second Precinct. The nature of the complaint against Capt. Weed was not officially divulged, and apparently more than ordinary care is taken to prevent the matter from obtaining publicity. It is understood, however, that the charges are of a very serious character, but the friends of the accused declare that he will be able to prove his innocence. Henry Brenner, Patrick O'Brien and Chas. B. Norton, were appointed members of the force, the latter being sworn in as a Sergeant. A resolution was passed to the effect that the poll clerks for the ensuing election should be selected in equal numbers from the Democrats and Republicans. The Clerk was empowered to advertise for proposals for 590 tons of coal. Sergeant Lord reported that the horses which were burned to death on Sunday night at the fire in East Thirteenth-street, had not yet been removed from the premises.

A Man-trap in Sixth-avenue—Fatal Fall.—Coroner Schirmer yesterday held an inquest at No. 148 Seventh-avenue, upon the body of Casimer Fuetterer, a German, 40 years of age, who died in consequence of his skull having been fractured on the evening of the 7th inst., by a fall into the area-way of house corner of Sixth-avenue and Twenty-eighth-street. It appeared that the deceased had left his home to take a walk, and shortly afterwards he was found by James Bloomer, a member of the Twentieth Ward Police, lying in the area-way in question, perfectly insensible and bleeding from the mouth, nose and ears. It was also shown that the area-way in question was unprotected by a railing or guard of any description. The Jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts, and censured George Henken, the proprietor of the house, for leaving the area-way in such a condition.

Round the Island of New-York.—Yesterday a party of gentlemen, by invitation of the owners of the steamboat *Trumpeter*, made a very pleasant excursion entirely around Manhattan Island. The boat left New-York on the East River at an early hour, and passing by Harlem and the High Bridge, threaded her devious way through Spuyten Tuyvel Creek, and went into the Hudson River through a draw-bridge where the Hudson River Railroad crosses the creek. The exact spot where the trumpeter of the old Dutch Governor of New-Amsterdam blew his last blast and sunk to the bottom was pointed out. The company amused themselves with reminiscences of those early days, and by admiring the unsurpassed beauty of the scenery, both natural and artificial, through which they passed. The trip will probably be repeated.

Capt. Farnham in Custody.—Capt. J. Egbert Farnham, of Nicaraguan fame and yacht *Wanderer* notoriety, was locked up last evening in the Sixth Ward Station-house to answer for having committed an unprovoked assault upon Mr. Althoof, a merchant residing in West Eleventh-street. The gallant Captain entered a Broadway omnibus in which Mr. Althoof was passenger, and there being no vacant seats in the vehicle he demanded that Mr. A. should resign his to accommodate him. The modest request was refused and Farnham, fancying that he had been insulted, struck Mr. Althoof a severe blow in the face. A policeman, who stood within hail, was called by the other passengers, and the obnoxious captain was consigned to a cell.

Death from a Fall—A Suspicious Case.—On Monday evening a man fell, or was pushed, from the stoop of house No. 621 Second-avenue, and received a fracture of the skull, from the effects of which he died soon afterwards at Bellevue Hospital, whither the police conveyed him. The name of deceased is unknown, but the circumstances have been developed in connection with the case which give ground for the belief that he was designedly pushed off the stoop, and a man has been apprehended on suspicion of having perpetrated the violence. A *post-mortem* examination has resulted in showing that death was produced by a fracture of the skull, and Coroner Jackman will thoroughly investigate the matter to-day. Deceased appeared to be an Irish laborer, about 30 years of age.

Work Completed in the Croton Department.—Some of the largest and most expensive contracts issued from this department since its organization, have been completed within the past week to the satisfaction of the Board. The paving of Sixth-avenue with trap-block pavement has been completed by Mr. Thos. K. Downing, the contractor, from Carmine to Forty-second streets, at an expense of over $100,000. The Fifth-avenue, under contract to Charles Guidet, has been completed from Washington-place to Forty-second-street, at a cost of over $90,000, and the paving of Thirty-fourth-street from Fourth to Ninth avenues, by the same contractor, at a cost of $45,199. The paving of the Eighth-avenue is not yet finished, but will be completed in a few days.

A Dangerous Steam-Boiler.—Sergeant Lord, of the Sanitary Squad, recently reported to the Board of Police Commissioners that the steam-boiler used in the plaster mills of Belnap & Sons, No. 18 Jackson-street, was leaky and unsafe, endangering the lives of the people in the neighborhood. The subject was brought by the Commissioners to the attention of Justice Brennan, who at once issued a warrant for the apprehension of the Messrs. Belnap & Sons. Yesterday they appeared before the magistrate, and having agreed to suspend further operations with the boiler, they were discharged.

Police Reports.

CAPT. ELFWERSON ADMITTED TO BAIL.

Adolph B. Elfwerson, captain of the Swedish bark *Maria Matilda*, who surrendered himself into custody on Monday night after having shot Charles Leonard, a sailor boarding-house runner, was yesterday arraigned before Justice Welsh for examination. A partial inquiry into the facts connected with the case showed that Leonard and a number of other runners had induced several of Capt. Elfwerson's crew to desert. On Monday evening Leonard went on board probably to decoy more of the sailors away, when he was ordered to go on shore. He obeyed, but soon returned to the vessel, and immediately a dispute occurred between him and the Captain, during which the latter was grossly insulted. In his excitement Capt. E. drew his pistol and shot the runner. The Magistrate fixed bail for the accused in the sum of $10,000 to await the result of Leonard's injury. Mr. James Boorman Johnson, of No. 56 Tenth-street, entered into the necessary bonds, and the Captain was discharged. Leonard's condition is still regarded as precarious.

SETTLING AN OLD GRUDGE.

Two stevedores, named Charles McManus and William Murrough, who had long cherished vindictive feelings towards each other, a few days since chanced to meet in South-street, when a proposition was made to settle their differences by a fight. Accordingly they pitched into each other fiercely, using cotton-hooks in the encounter. Finally Murrough's instrument caught his opponent in the neck, tearing open the flesh for a considerable distance, causing a frightful injury. At this stage of the fight the brother of McManus interfered and prevented further violence. Subsequently, at the request of the injured man, a warrant was issued by Justice Kelly for the arrest of Murrough, and that individual having been apprehended yesterday by Officer S. J. Smith, of the Lower Police Court, was taken before the magistrate and committed for trial.

A TELL-TALE PIECE OF GOODS.

On Monday evening, Sergeant Weed and Officer Kassmire, of the Tenth Precinct, observed two women walking through Grand-street, one of whom had a train consisting of several yards of silk sweeping behind her. Suspecting them to be shop-lifters, and the silk in question to be part of a piece that had been stolen and concealed beneath the skirt of her who exhibited it, the policemen took both of the women into custody. The prisoners gave the names of Eliza Morris and Mary Watson, and a search of them resulted in the recovery of a piece of silk, valued at $92, which has been identified as the property of C. C. Holmes & Co., No. 307 Grand-street, besides other articles of less value, which are also believed to have been stolen. Justice Brennan committed them for trial.

AN UNRULY AND PUGNACIOUS PASSENGER.

A man named Bernard Lemon was taken before Justice Quackenbush yesterday, to answer a charge of having assaulted and threatened to kill Benjamin C. Carpenter, the conductor of car No. 39 of the Sixth-avenue Railroad Company. The accused, being partially intoxicated on Monday evening, entered the car in company with a lady. After he had been seated for some time the complainant asked him for the fare, which he refused to pay, and afterwards when he was threatened with ejectment from the vehicle he seized his umbrella and hit the conductor a blow with it. He is also alleged to have drawn a dirk, and declared he would kill the complainant. At this juncture some of the passengers overpowered the disorderly individual and gave him into custody of an officer. The magistrate committed him for trial.

A PRIZE FIGHTER HELD TO BAIL.

John Roach, a pugilist, who was to have fought next week in Vermont for $1,000, with a Boston hittite, was arrested yesterday on the complaint of his mother, Catherine Roach, who objects to the contemplated "mill," and compelled by Justice Welsh to furnish bail to keep the peace and not to leave the State to engage in a fight for the space of a year. The matter caused quite a fluttering among the fancy, some of whom, in their disappointment, say it is a dodge on the part of the Boston man's friends, who know he would be whipped, to break up the fight.

A DESPERATE NEGRO.

John Warren, a colored man, was yesterday committed for trial by Justice Kelly, on a charge of having attempted to kill a miserable creature named Mary Ann Chester, residing at No. 38 Baxter street. For some reason the accused had become angry with the woman and he sought to gratify his revenge by beating her on the head with a club and axe. The wounds inflicted are very severe, and the ruffian would probably have murdered the object of his wrath had not her screams attracted the attention of officer Wilsey of the Sixth Ward, who took him into custody.

ANOTHER ARREST FOR COUNTERFEITING.

John Kepler, proprietor of a billiard saloon at No. 570 Eighth-avenue, on Monday night caused the arrest of a man named John Roberts, who sought to palm upon him a counterfeit $2 bill on the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Middletown Point. The prisoner had previously assayed to dispose of the note at the oyster saloon of George Schwenck, where he had been told of its worthless character. Justice Quackenbush held him to answer.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

Prospect Park—Meeting of the Commissioners.

Pursuant to call, the Board of Commissioners of Prospect Park convened at the office of the Atlantic Dock Company, on Saturday, the 15th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Sprague offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to employ a suitable engineer to make a topographical survey of the lands set apart for the Prospect Park for the city of Brooklyn, and to make a delineated map of the same.

The resolution was adopted by a vote of 6 to 1, Mr. Rodman voting in the negative.

Mr. Haynes offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a Committee of Three be appointed to name proper persons as a temporary engineer, to make a topographical survey and map of Prospect Park.

Whereupon Messrs. Sprague, Haynes and Thompson were named as such Committee, and Mr. Stranahan, the President, was added thereto.

Mr. Thompson presented the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a Committee of Three be appointed to consider the propriety of selecting a counsel to this Board, and that said Committee report their conclusion at the earliest opportunity. Messrs. Tallmage, Fisk and Rodman were named as such Committee.

The following resolution, presented by Mr. Rodman, was lost by a vote of 6 to 1—Mr. Rodman voting in the affirmative:

Resolved, That it is inexpedient, in the present situation of the controversy about the constitutionality of the law creating this Commission, and in view of its inequitable provisions, to proceed at present in the execution thereof, or contract any obligations for which the city may be charged.

The following, offered by Mr. Haynes, was adopted:

Resolved, That the owners of property situated within the limits of the Park be immediately notified by the Secretary, that the said property, by law, has been designated as a public place, and set apart for public use; and that they be requested not to disturb the grade of said grounds, nor to erect new buildings or other structures thereon, and, especially, not to cut, mutilate or in any way injure the forest or shade trees within the limits of the Park, nor suffer it to be done by others.

The Board adjourned to meet at the residence of Mr. Stranahan on Friday evening, the 21st inst., at 8 oclock.

Political.—The Republican Primaries were held on Tuesday evening. In some of the Wards, the contest between the friends of different aspirants for office, was quite exciting, and a larger vote was polled than ever before at any primary meetings. The great contest is for the office of Sheriff, and this has apparently dwindled down to two persons—Anthony F. Campbell and Luke C. Ryder. Next in order comes the struggle for the City Judgeship. The principal candidates for this office, are Wm. B. Gale, C. G. Reynolds, Wm. Coit, and A. J. Spooner. For the other offices, the candidates are entirely too numerous to be mentioned. For Assembly, delegates in favor of L. C. Andrus, were elected in the Fifth District; in the Seventh District for George H. Fisher, and in the Second District, for D. Ogden Bradley, Esq.... The County Convention assembles this afternoon, when the hearts of several gentlemen will be set at rest.... The Rocky Mountain Republican Club held a meeting, last evening, in the Wigwam on Fulton-street, where addresses were made by Hon. Frederick P. Stanton, of Tennessee, Hon. Chas. A. Emerson, of Massachusetts, and J. J. Couch, Esq., of Brooklyn. Mr. Stanton reviewed the history of the Kansas struggle and the part the Democratic Party took in it. The meeting was large and enthusiastic.... The Republicans of the Fifth Assembly District held a meeting in Una Hall, corner of Myrtle-avenue and Adelphi-street, when an address was made by C. J. Jack, Esq..... A meeting of "All opposed to Republicanism" was held last evening in the bowling alley at the rear of the City Hall, to organize a Union Club. An organization was effected by electing G. F. Bradley President, and T. B. Rorke Secretary. All present were then invited to become members, and sign the roll. Up to 9 o'clock fifteen persons had joined the new organization.... The Douglas General Committee met last night in the "Capitol," and decided to call the primary meetings for Tuesday next. No other business of importance was transacted.... The Republican General Committee held a business meeting last evening, at No. 9 Court-street.

Stolen Property Recovered.—Officer McLaughlin, of the Second Precinct, yesterday arrested Catharine Hamilton for stealing a large quantity of goods from a house in Hamilton-avenue. Upon searching her premises, the whole of the stolen property was recovered, and the accused was committed for trial. Property valued at about $50 was stolen, a few days since, from Mrs. Mary Healy, residing on Myrtle-avenue. Yesterday. Officers Switzer and Hamlin, of the Fourth Precinct, arrested two boys, named Owen Simpson and John O'Neil, for the robbery, which they confessed subsequently to have committed, and returned the property. They were committed for trial.

City Court.—Calendar for this day—Nos. 35, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 61.

Base Ball.

GOTHAM, OF NEW-YORK VS. INDEPENDENT, OF SOUTH BROOKLYN.

An interesting, and in some respects, a well-played game, took place on the Gotham ground, at Hoboken, on Tuesday afternoon, when the Gothams reversed the result of a previous contest in which the Independents had proved themselves victors.

The following is the score:

Gotham.	Outs.	Runs.	Independent.	Outs.	Runs.
T. S. Van Cott, 3d b.	5	1	Harrison, c.	5	0
Burtis, c. f.	2	3	Galpen, 2d b.	1	3
Wadsworth, 1st b.	3	2	Van Pelt, p.	3	1
McCosker, s.	4	2	Brockett, l. f.	4	1
Sweet, r. f.	3	2	Freeman, c. f.	4	2
McKeever, p.	3	3	Woolley, s.	2	3
Vanderwerken, l. f.	2	3	Davis, 1st b.	3	1
T. G. Van Cott, 2d b.	2	2	Henry, r. f.	2	1
Cohen, c.	3	1	Downs, 3d b.	3	1
Total		19	Total		13

RUNS IN EACH INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	Total.
Gotham	0	2	6	7	0	0	1	0	3	19
Indep'dent	1	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	6	13

Umpire—Mr. John Beard, of the Mutual Club.
Scorers—Gotham, Mr. C. S. Riblet; Independent, Mr. James B. Brooks.

[Advertisement.]

Oracular Knox.—The hat oracle, Knox, has spoken. He has produced a hat that says eloquently to all gentlemen of taste and unquestionable judgment, "Look at me, approve of me, buy and wear me;" and the modest appeal has been responded to in a manner that delights the proprietor of the hat establishment No. 212 Broadway, and all his assistants. The Knox hat for the Fall must be the favorite.

[Advertisement.]

Dr. C. D. Hammond, author of *The Fallacy of Cauterization Exposed*, treats Nervous Debility and all affections of peculiar importance to the sexes. Varicocele radically cured by a new and painless process. (See his late Work on Special diseases.) No. 658 Broadway, corner of Bond-street, first floor, up stairs, from 9 to 3 A. M., and 6 to 9 P. M. Consultation en Français.

[Advertisement.]

OAK ORCHARD ACID SPRING WATER.

The curative properties of this Water are established beyond question. Call and see testimonials from physicians and other respectable individuals.
Hiram W. Bostwic, (late of Corning,) Sole Agent,
Metropolitan Hotel Buildings, No. 574 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Edward H. Dixon, M. D., Editor of the *Scalpel*, attends exclusively to operative surgery, and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, hæmorrhoids, fistula and concealed abscess of the rectum, are cured without the knife or ligature. Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 P. M., at No. 42 Fifth-avenue.

[Advertisement.]

Established Twenty Years.—Hiram Anderson, No. 99 Boweryr Will be found the largest assortment of English Medallions, Royal Velvet, Brussels. also real Brussels 3-ply and Ingrain Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Matting, Oil-cloth, Table and Piano Covers, Window Shades, Stair Rods, &c., at greatly reduced prices.

[Advertisement.]

Barnum continues to be the centre of attraction to all amusement-seekers, and his Museum the Mecca to which they are all journeying. This being the usual family holiday, with performances afternoon and evening, the place will be crowded. So go early and get good seats.

[Advertisement.]

"Brilliant Testimony."—Holloway's Balsamic Ointment is extensively used by the most eminent members of the medical profession of this City. For its soothing and healing properties in old ulcers, sore legs, &c., it is unequaled.

[Advertisement.]

Can I Succeed as an Artist?—By having a carefully prepared Phrenological Chart you may know exactly what you can do best. Prof. Fowler, No. 308 Broadway, may be consulted daily.

[Advertisement]

Gas Fixtures.—Dealers and others are invited to call at our great dépôt for Gas Fixtures. A large stock of new patterns now on hand. WARNER, PECK & CO., Manufactures, No. 579 Broadway.

Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

Boston, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Capital	$37,331,700
Loans and Discounts	64,739,371
Specie	5,381,700
Due from other Banks	6,756,000
Due to other Banks	9,480,000
Deposits	19,033,000
Circulation	7,078,000

Markets by Telegraph.

Buffalo, Monday, Sept. 18—6 P. M.

Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firmer and in moderate demand. Nothing doing in Spring. Sales 20,000 bushels red Winter Ohio and Indiana, at $1 10@$1 11, mostly at the inside figure; 3,000 bushels Milwaukee Club, at $1 06. Corn steady and in moderate demand; sales 12,000 bushels, at 55c. Oats lower; sales 10,000 bushels at 30c. Other grains nominal. Whisky nominal at 22c. Canal Freights—58c. on Flour, 15½c. on Wheat. *Lake Imports*—2,000 bbls. Flour, 111,000 bushels Wheat, 37,000 bushels Corn, 4,000 bushels Barley. *Canal Exports*—1,000 bbls. Flour, 160,000 bushels Wheat, 20,000 bushels Oats.

New-Orleans, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Cotton quiet. The steamer's news had no effect on the market. Sales to-day 5,250 bales, at 10½c.@10¾c. for Middling. Sales of three days, 13,250 bales; receipts of three days 21,500 bales, against 16,000 bales the corresponding time last year. Flour quiet, at $6 25@$6 30 for superfine. Corn, yellow 75c. Pork dull; Mess, $21 50 offered. Tobacco firm at unchanged quotations. Exchange on London 109½@110, and with bills of lading 108¾@109¼; Sight Exchange on New-York, ½@¾ ℔ cent. premium. Freights—Cotton to Liverpool, ⅝d.

Oswego, Friday, Sept. 18—6. P. M.

Flour quiet and steady, at previous quotations. Wheat dull, with declining tendency; sales in the morning, 6,000 bushels Winter Red Western, at $1 16. Corn dull and scarce; sales last night, 3,700 bushels, at 57c. Barley firm; sales, 5,500 bushels; Canadian on private terms. Canal Freights steady at 37c. on Flour, 13c. on Wheat, and 12½c. on Corn to New-York. *Lake Imports*—30,000 bushels Wheat; 11,000 bushels Barley. *Canal Exports*—1,540 bbls. Flour, 86,300 bushels Wheat, 10,200 bushels Corn; 11,800 bushels Barley; and 3,400 bushels Oats.

Chicago, Tuesday, Sept. 18—6 P. M.

Flour dull. Wheat firm, and 2c.@3c. lower; sales 60,000 bushels, at 82c. for No. 1 Spring; 79c. for No. 2, in store. Corn firm; sales 51,000 bushels, at 37c.@37½c., in store. Oats steady. *Receipts*—4,000 bbls. Flour; 131,000 bushels Wheat; 42,000 bushels Corn.; 16,000 bushels Oats. *Shipments*—400 bbls. Flour; 46,000 bushels Wheat; 19,500 bushels Corn. Freights quiet; 15c. on Wheat to Buffalo. Sight Exchange on New-York, ⅛ ℔ cent. premium.

Baltimore, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Flour very dull and flat; City Mills $5 62½@$5 75; Howard-street nominal at $5 75; Ohio nominal at $5 75. Wheat steady, at $1 30@$1 40 for Red, and $1 40@$1 65 for White. Corn dull; sales at 65c.@68c. for White, and 68c.@70c. for Yellow. Provisions dull and heavy; Mess Pork $15; Lard 13¼c. Coffee firm and active at 14c.@15c. Whisky dull at 23c.

Philadelphia, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Flour dull; superfine, $6@$6 12½. Wheat closed with a declining tendency; Red, $1 34@$1 36; White, $1 40. Corn steady; Yellow, at 75c. Coffee buoyant; Rio, 10½c.@14½c.; Maracaibo, 14¾c. Whisky steady, at 24c.@25c.

Cincinnati, Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Breadstuffs closed with a declining tendency, caused by the steamer's news; market unsettled. Whisky dull at 19c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Sight Exchange on New-York steady at ½ ℔ cent. premium.

CITY POST-OFFICE.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas	3¾ P. M.
North and West Way Mail	5¾ A. M.
Western Mail, *via* Erie Railroad	5¾ A. M. and 3¾ P. M.
South and Southwestern Mail	5 A. M. and 4¾ P. M.
East for Boston, by Railroad	5¾ A. M. and 2 P. M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat	4 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked, "Overland *via* St. Louis."

The Overland Mail from St. Joseph (Mo.) to Placerville, *via* Salt Lake City, leaves St. Joseph every Tuesday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked, "Overland *via* St. Joseph."

Letters for the California Pony Express will be received at the office of the Company in this City, No. 160 Fulton-street, up to 5 o'clock every day, to go by Express, leaving St. Joseph on Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 11 o'clock P. M. Telegrams can be sent on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Ocean Mails.

The mails for the Pacific, by the *North Star*, will close on Friday, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The mails for Cuba, by the *De Soto*, will close on Friday, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Movements of Ocean Steamers

Name.	Date.	Leaves	For
FOR EUROPE.			
Canada	Sept. 19	Boston	Liverpool
Illinois	Sept. 22	New-York	Havre
City of Washington	Sept. 22	New-York	Liverpool
Leinster	Sept. 25	Boston	Galway
Asia	Sept. 26	New-York	Liverpool
FROM EUROPE.			
Bremen	Sept. 5	Southampt'n	New-York
Europa	Sept. 8	Liverpool	Boston
Adriatic	Sept. 12	Southampt'n	New-York
City of Baltimore	Sept. 12	Southampt'n	New-York
Anglo Saxon	Sept. 13	Liverpool	Quebec

Passengers Arrived.

Sept. 18—*In steamship Kangaroo, from Liverpool*—Mrs. Neuman and family, J. Herman, Miss Delanie, Walter H. Vellenger and lady, H. Sartain, J. Dennison, Miss O'Hea, S. Lunge, W. S. Henderson, S. Thompson, Miss Palmer, Mr. Butler and family, T. Rosenberg, T. Crawdon and lady, Wm. Burlingame and lady, Mr. and Mrs. Chambers and servant, S. Suez, M. Powers, M. Mathews, S. Adams, Miss Adams, W. Powell, lady and two children, Miss McCutchin, W. Tate, L. Steely, P. Young, S. Cropland Warner, F. Farquharson, D. Blair, C. Orr, P. Dusant, T. Redden, T. Dack, S. Stearn, A. McLellan, W. Small, lady and daughter, S. O'Hea, Miss Bramair, C. Bates, W. Upton and lady, S. Hertz, S. Harvey, Mrs. Henley, Mrs. Forrester, G. & A. Pascot, W. Sadleir, S. Parsens, S. Keynon, A. Gibbons, W. Cook, G. Gray, lady and three children, Mrs. Baldwin, Mr. Sims, lady and three children.

In steamship Empire City, from Havana—Capt. S. G. Brooks, Miss J. Lottman, Mrs. Von Hipple, L. Perez de Acebedo, W. Duchee, Balbino Gonzales, Antonio Guerro, M. Valdes Rodriguez, Nelson Warren, M. Reimus, John De Costa, T. Higgins, Adam Stein, Catherine Ehrhardt, O. Dailey, Wm. Boswell, J. Brown, Mrs. McKay, mother and child.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 5 41 | Sun sets.. 6 04 | Moon sets.... 8 32
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.10 59 | Gov. Island.11 48 | Hell Gate.... 1 10

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, Sept. 18.

Cleared.

Steamships Florida, Crowell, Savannah, H. B. Cromwell.; Columbia, Berry, Charleston, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; Delaware, Cannon, Philadelphia, F. Perkins; Jamestown, Skinner, Norfolk, Ludlum & Heinkein; Anthracite, Jones, Philadelphia, to master.

Ships Southampton, Pratt, London, Morgan & Wiley; W. Rathbone, Pratt, Liverpool, Lawrence, Giles & Co.; Invincible, Hepborn, Liverpool, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; Beaver, Smith, Sidney, (N. F.,) C. W. Cameron; Ratchdin, Perkins, London, C. C. Dimon & Co.; Ocean Monarch, Page, Liverpool, ——; M. Rideout, Pool, Glasgow, C. C. Duncan & Co.; M. Whitman, Colbern, Glasgow, Nesmith & Sons.

Barks Houston, Shaw, Galveston, Wakeman, Dimon & Co.; Ocean Skimmer, Woolley, London, R. Marsh; Hope, Thorp, St. Mary's. ——; S. Eaton, Maxim, Galveston.

Brigs C. F. O'Brien, Ames, Mobile, E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; J. W. F. Ellsworth, (Br.,) Curry, Horton, D. R. De Wolff.

Schr. Ocean Bird, Lockhart, St. Johns, N. B., D. R. De Wolff; S. H. Sears, Monroe, Jamaica, J. Eaneas; W. S. Tisdale, Turner, St. Mary's, C. B. Dibble & Co.; Smithsonian, Farrell, Savannah, McCready, Mott & Co.; Lombard, Harding, Lisbon, Crocker, Wood & Co.; H. Chase, Doane, Antigua, T. B. Chase; Statesman, Mott, Alexander, Sanford & Dodge.; Ocean Wave, Warren, Washington, Telfaire & Horn; Enchantress, Devereux, Antigua, Smith Jones, & Co.; Lescadea, Small, R. W. Ropes & Co.; Ocean Wave, Lockhart, Halifax, D. R. De Wolff.

Propeller W. Woodward, Cundiff, Baltimore, ——.

Sloop Wm. Hull, Providence, to master.

Arrived.

Steamship Kangaroo, (Br.,) Brooks, from Liverpool, Sept. 4, Queenstown 5th, arrived off the Battery at 5¼ P. M., with mdse. and 385 passengers to S. G. Dale. Sept. 6, off Mine Head, at 9 A.M., passed steamship Edinburgh, hence for Liverpool; 8th inst., lat. 51 30, lon. 20 15, passed steamship Etna, hence for Liverpool; 9th inst., lat. 57 10, lon. 27 24, was in co. with a steamship bound W., supposed to be the Bremen; 12th inst., lat. 49 13, lon. 43 40, exchanged signals with Br. bark Lady of the Lake, bound W.

Steamship Empire City, Baxter, New-Orleans, Sept. 10, and Havana 13, with mdse. and passengers to M. O. Roberts. 14th inst., 1 P. M., passed Herm. brig Robert Fisher, bound N.; 17th, 1 P. M., exchanged signals with a brig showing a blue signal with letter B in red.

Steamship Alabama, Schenck, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to S. L. Mitchell & Son. Monday, 12:45, A. M. passed steamship Nashville, at 3½ steamship Augusta, at 7:20 steamship R. R. Cuyler.

Steamship Roanoke, Couch, Richmond, Norfolk, &c., with mdse. and passengers to Ludlam & Heineken.

Steamship Delaware, Cannon, Philadelphia and Cape May, with mdse. and passengers to F. Perkins.

Steamship Marion, Foster, Charleston, with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Steamship Parkersburgh, Powell, Wilmington, N. C., 3 ds., with naval stores to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer New-London, Smith, New-London, with mdse. to E. H. Rockwell.

Steamer Wamsutta, Arey, New-Bedford, with mdse. to master.

Steamer Novelty, Shaw, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Tacony, Ely, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Albatross, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Valley City, Chapman. Derbey, Conn., with mdse. to D. C. & R. Miller.

Ship Glad Tidings, Nelson, Havre, 35 ds., with mdse. and 230 passengers to Wm. Nelson & Son. One birth and one death. The G. T. has had light westerly winds the entire passage. Had a pilot on board five days.

Ship Bullion, (of Boston,) Hodgdon, Bristol, Aug. 9, with coal to master.

Bark Jane A. Bishop, Wolf, Mobile, 25 ds., with cotton to J. D. Fish & Co. 13th inst., John Murphy, seaman, of Manchester, Eng., fell overboard and was lost.

Bark Jasper, Bennett, Marseilles, July 25, passed the Rock, Aug. 2, with mdse. to Wakeman, Dimon & Co.

Bark George W. Houston, (of Rockland,) Saunders, Cardiff, Aug. 9, with coal to Walcot, Carver & Chase. Had light westerly winds the entire passage; been 17 ds., west of the Banks. Sept. 1, at midnight, in a sudden squall from N.S.W., lost jib and spanker and parted foretop-sail yard stay, &c.

Bark Mary Bentley, (of Thomaston,) Page, Sagua, Sept. 30, with sugar to J. W. Elwell & Co. Sept. 7, lat. 32 40, lon. 73 50, spoke bark Medora, from Trinidad (Cuba) for New-York, understood 25 ds. out, and had experienced very heavy weather.

Brig Helen Mar, (Br.,) Card, Hillsboro, N. S., 12 days, with plaster to D. R. De Wolff.

Brig Sea Bird, (Br.,) Campbell, Hillsboro, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to Walter Tompkins.

Brig Lady Emma, (Br.,) Dickson, Sagua, Sept. 1, with sugar to Moses Taylor & Co. Was up to the Highlands Sept. 16, but has been detained by calms and light winds.

Brig Imogene, Buckley, Sagua, Aug. 31, with sugar to H. Tupper & Son.

Brig Atlantic, (Br.,) Dorrittie, Nassau, N. P., 16 days, logwood, sugar, &c., to F. T. Montell & Barton.

Brig Belle of Camden, (Me.,) Wells, Sombrero, 17 days via Hampton Roads, 3 ds., with guano to Yates & Potterfield.

Brig A. B. Cook, (of Cherryfield,) Means, Pensacola, 25 ds., with timber to Peck & Church.

Brig J. B. King, Caffill, Windsor, N. S., 15 ds., with plaster to D. R. De Wolff.

Schr. Julia Ann, Rogers, Roundout, coal for Boston.

Schr. Marine, Merrihew, Wilmington, N. D., 5 ds., with naval stores to E. S. Powell.

Schr. Empire, Lovell, from Boston for Albany.

Schr. Joseph M. Lane, Lawrey, Rockport, 3 ds., with fish to master.

Schr. Cherub, Bailey, New-Haven, 2 ds.

Schr. Jonathan Cone, Hafford, Haddom, 2 ds., stone.

Schr. Superior, Robinson, Rockland, 4 ds., with lime to master.

Schr. Julia and Martha, Toothtaker, Calais, 7 ds., with lumber to Simpson & Mayhew.

Schr. G. F. Williams, McAlmon, Hillsboro, N. S., 10 ds., stone to P. I. Nevins & Son.

Schr. Amelia, Sanborn, Machias, 7 ds., lumber to master.

Schr. John E. Patten, Haskell, Portland, (Me.,) 6 days, heading to master.

Schr. J. W. McKee, Merrill, Wareham, 48 hours, with nails to Thomas Andrews.

Schr. Charles McClees, ——, Newbern, N. C., 4 days, with naval stores to S. D. C. Van Bokkelin.

Schr. A. M. Leach, Snow, Newbern, N. S., 5 ds., with naval stores to J. Davis.

Schr. T. E. French, Webb, Virginia, 3 ds., wood.

Schr. Eleanor, Hazleton, Brunswick, (La.,) 15 ds., with lumber to M. J. Runyon.

Schr. Jonas Smith, Dayton, Wilmington, N. C., 6 ds., wilh naval stores to J. Smith & Co.

Schr. Argyle, Roberts, North Carolina, 3 ds., grain.

Schr. E Sheddon, Osborn, Bucksville, S. C., 8 ds., with naval stores to B. Blossom & Son.

Schr. S. H. Seguine, Ellis, St. Mary's, (Ga.,) 20 days, with timber to order.

Schr. W. Phillips, Neff, Georgetown, N. C., 6 ds., with naval stores to master.

Schr. A. B. Brinkley, Collins, Virginia, 2 ds., potatoes.

Schr. Gen. Croppen, Randolph, Virginia 2 ds., potatoes.

Schr. F. Burritt, Salyear, Newbern, N. C., 5 ds., with naval stores to C. B. Dibble.

Schr. Plandome, Brown, Savannah, 13 ds., with lumber to S. L. Mitchell & Son.

BELOW—One bark and 1 brig.

WIND—During the day, from N. to S. and light.

Sailed.

Steamships Florida and Mount Vernon, for Savannah; Columbia for Charleston and Jamestown for Norfolk, &c.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Sept. 18—Arr. bark E. Leavitt, Hallet, Reja; brig Hecla, ——, Malaga.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18—Arr. brig Mary E. Milliken, from Havana.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 18—The U. S. Mail steamship Nashville, Capt. Murray, from New-York, arr. here at 12 o'clock last night.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 18—Arr. bark Cephas, Skerritt Rockland.

Miscellaneous.

Savannah, Sept. 14.—The steamship Chesapeake has keeled over considerably, and it requires much pumping to keep her free, and it is slow work to get the cargo out; a steam pump has been sent down; the wind is blowing fresh, and no prospect of abating.

St. Thomas, Aug. 30.—The bark Margaret, of Philadelphia, Capt. Twig, from Philadelphia, bound to Pernambuco, with a cargo of flour, &c., arrived in this port yesterday, in distress, having encountered a severe hurricane on the 15th inst., in lat 28½ N., long. 51; lost spars, sails, &c., bulwarks stove and bottom injured by dragging of spars before they could be cut away. A survey has been held. [Both by letter to Elwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board Underwriters.]

Foreign Ports.

Left at Sombrero, Sept. 1—Brigs Mathews, (Herm.,) for Hampton Roads, ldg; Black Swan, for Charleston.

[PER EUROPA.]

Arrived from New-York—3d, Coriolan, off Beacon Head; 6th, Young Dorchester, at Plymouth.
Arrived from New-Orleans—3d, Harvest, at Genoa.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by a Protestant man, aged 28, a situation as coachman and groom; has lived in the same family since he came to this country, six years; the advertiser is gentle with children; both willing and able to make himself useful: City reference. Address J. W., stable No. 39 East 35th-st.

THE CHEEVER ASSOCIATION OF THE CHURCH OF THE PURITANS will hold its regular monthly meeting in the lecture room of the Church, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. A paper will be read by Mr. William Herries. Subject—*A Sketch of the Life of Rev. Dr. Cheever.* All are cordially invited to attend.

MILLINERY OPENING.—BROADWAY MILLINERY opening on Thursday, 20th and 21st. Ladies and Children's Bonnets and Hats of every description. The public and milliners please call. L. BINNS, Millinery, largest in the world, No. 581 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

GRAMERCY PARK, NO. 80 EAST 21ST-ST.—To let, a suite of rooms, (the entire second floor,) suitable for a family, with private table if desired. Also, rooms for single gentlemen, on third and fourth floor. House first-class; park privilege.

FOUND—ON THE 15TH INST., A WATCH; THE owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses. Apply to JOHN FLIN, No. 231 West 15th-st., between the hours of 7 and 9 P. M.

A FURNISHED FRONT ROOM AND BED-ROOM—With gas, bath, &c., &c., to let to a single gentleman, in 13th-st., near 5th-av., in a private family. References required. Apply at No. 30 East 13th-st.

A COOK.—WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK TO do down-stairs work, washing and ironing. Apply at No. 204 West 28th-st.